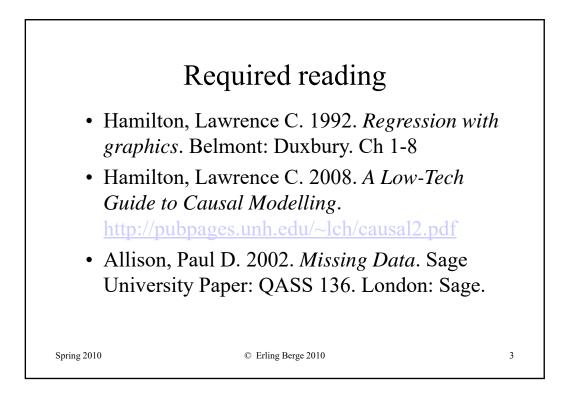
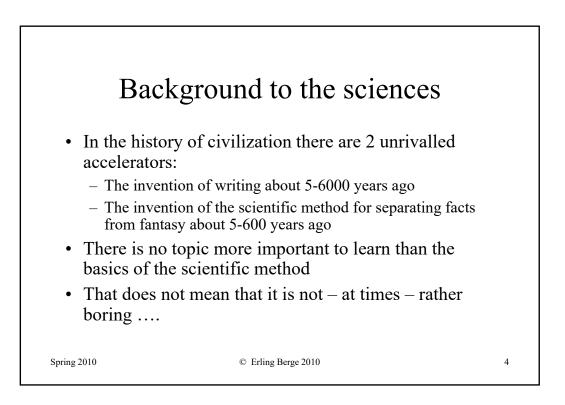
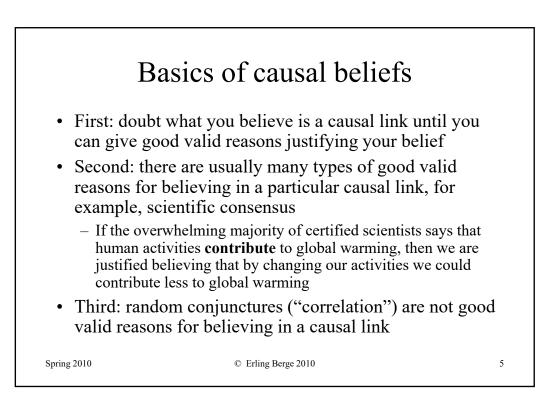
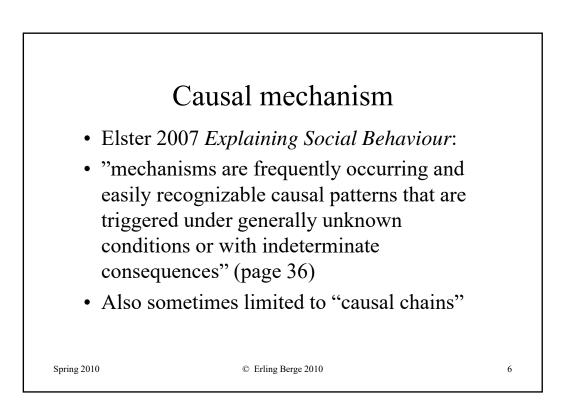


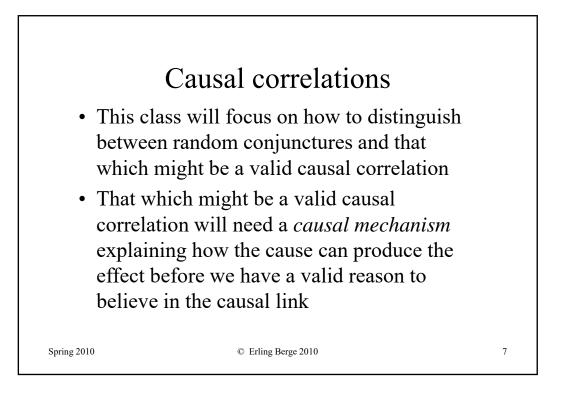
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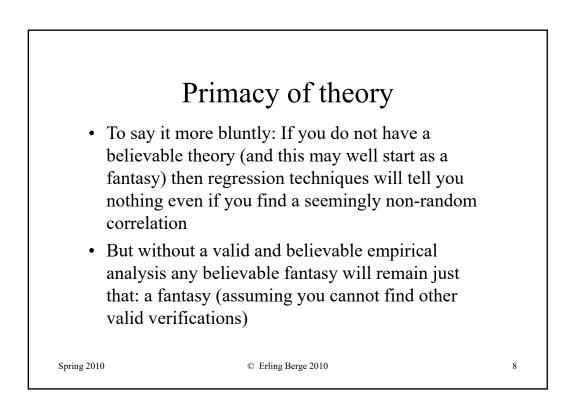


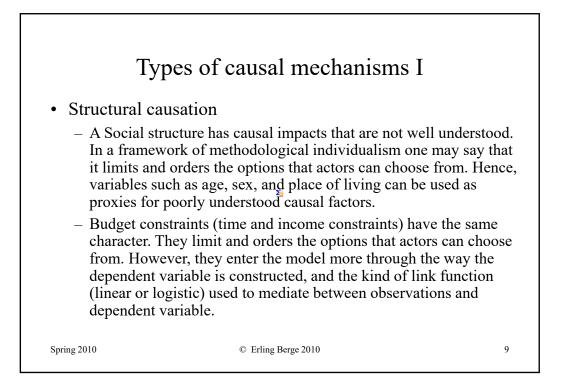


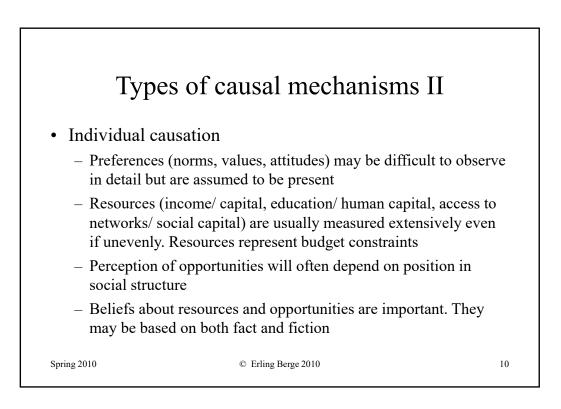


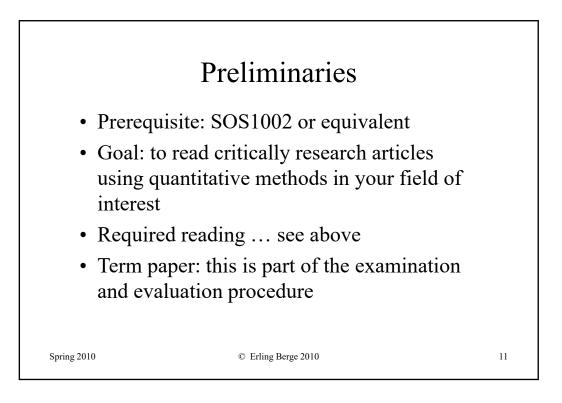


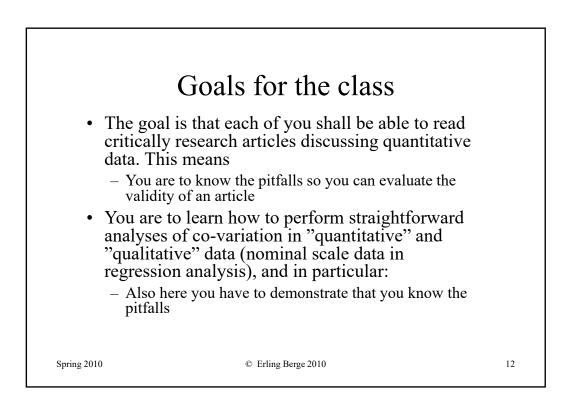


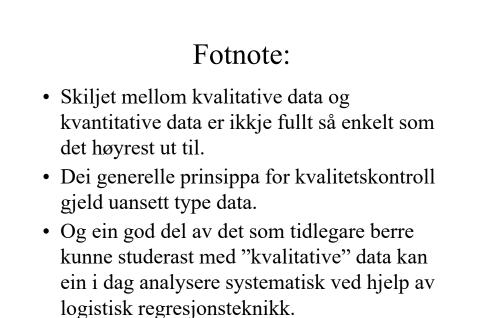








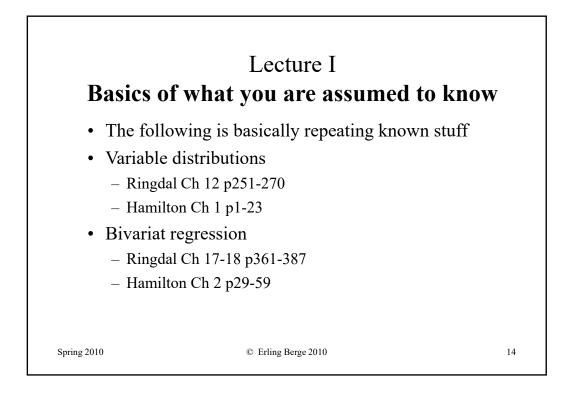


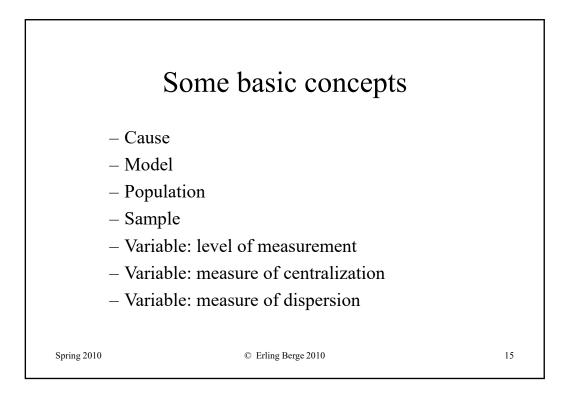


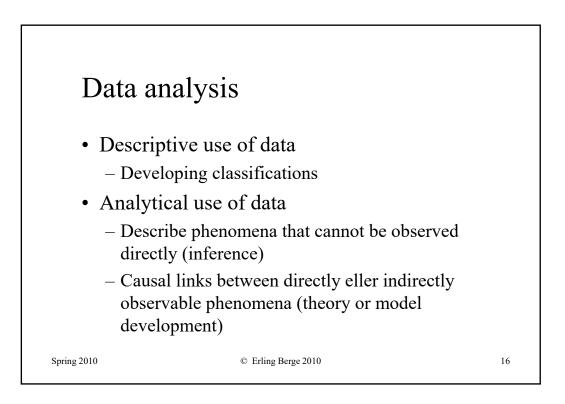
Spring 2010

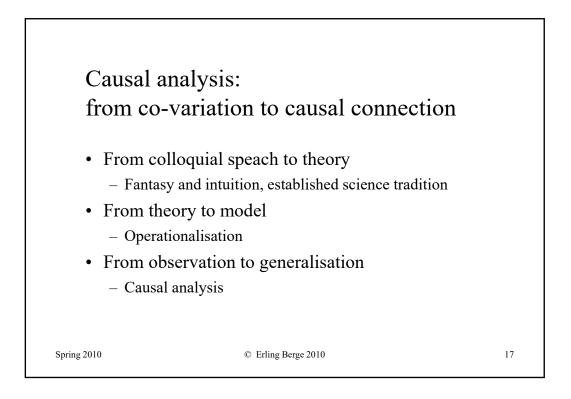
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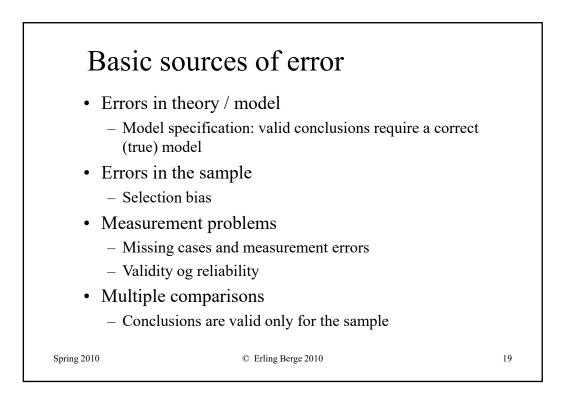


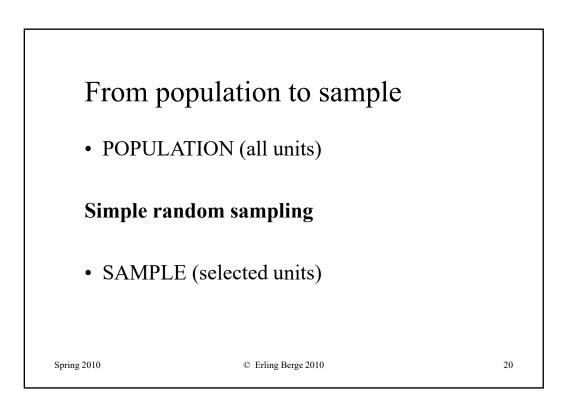


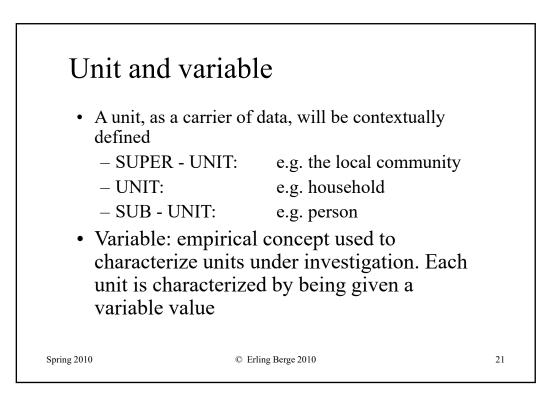


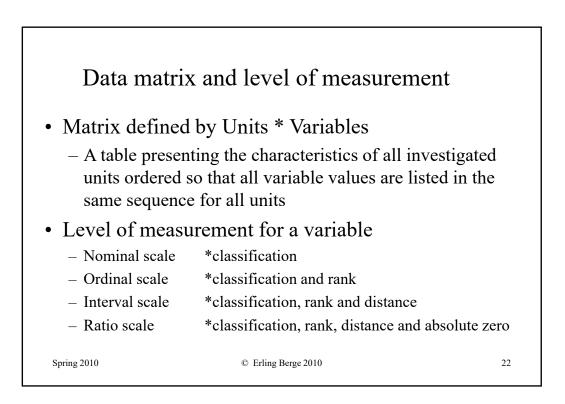


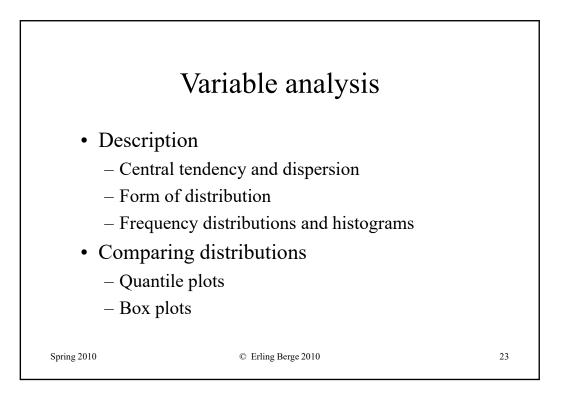
THREE BASIC	DIV	ISIONS	
Observed		Real interest	
THEORY/ MODEL	-	REALITY	
SAMPLE	-	POPULATION	
CO-VARIATION	-	CAUSE	
	1		
On the one hand we observe and record, o			
what we would like			
about			
Spring 2010 © I	Erling Berge 2	010	18

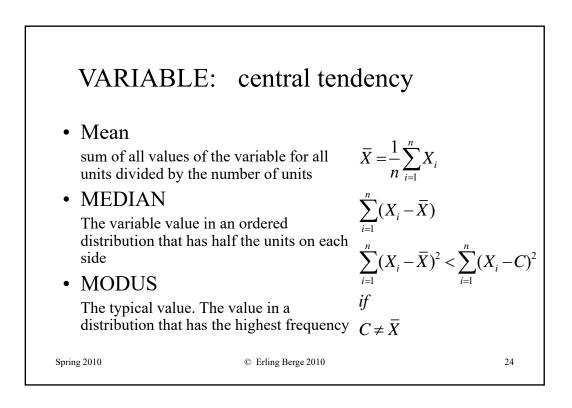


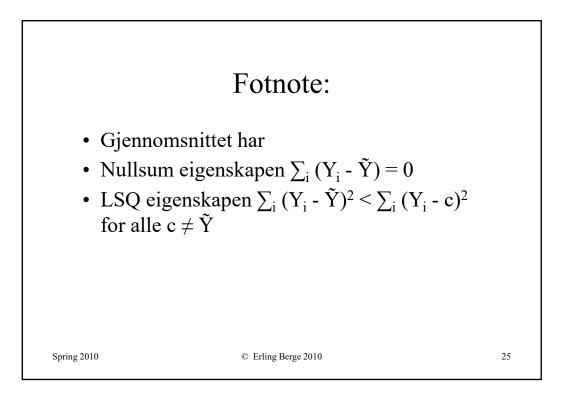


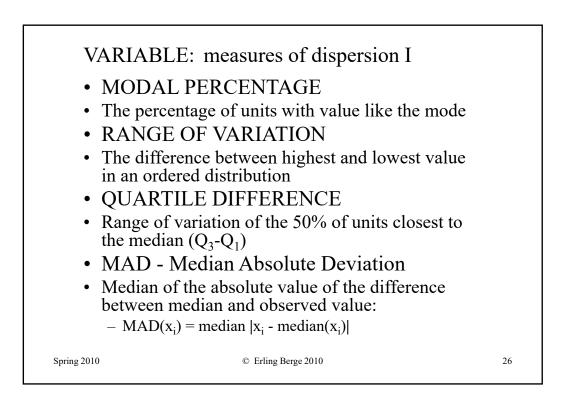


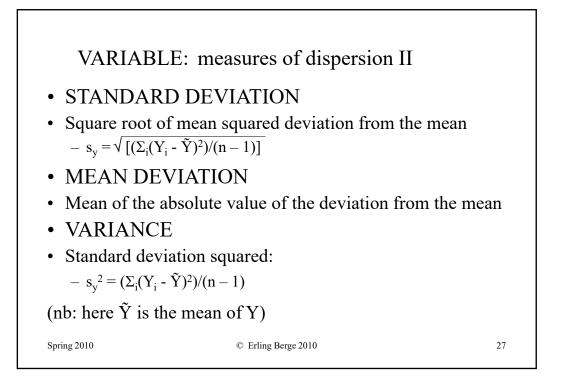


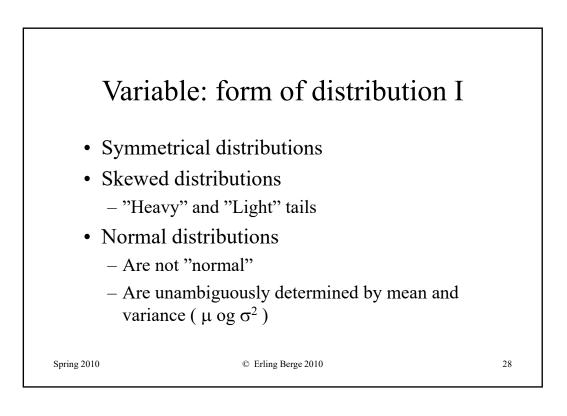


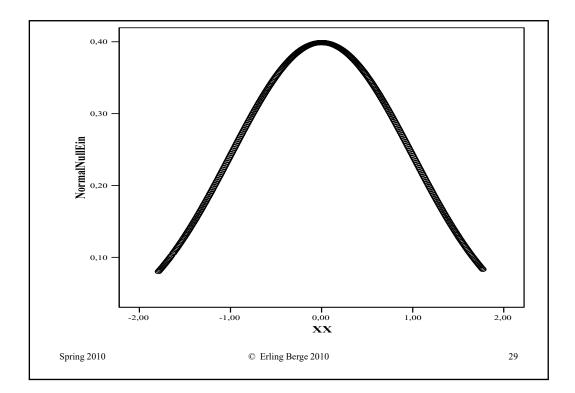


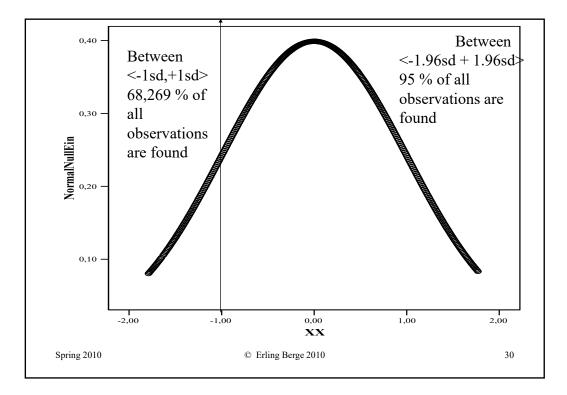


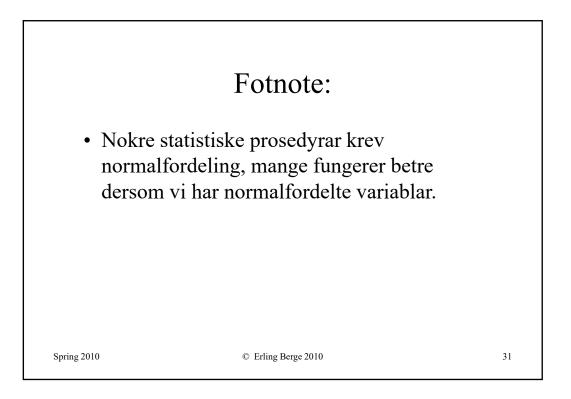


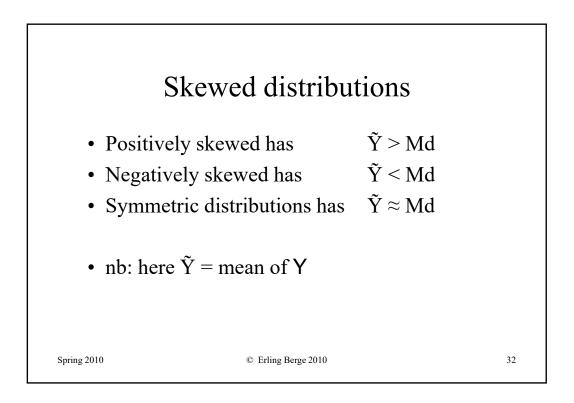


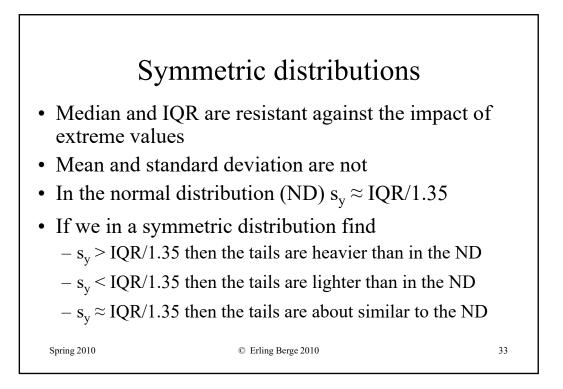


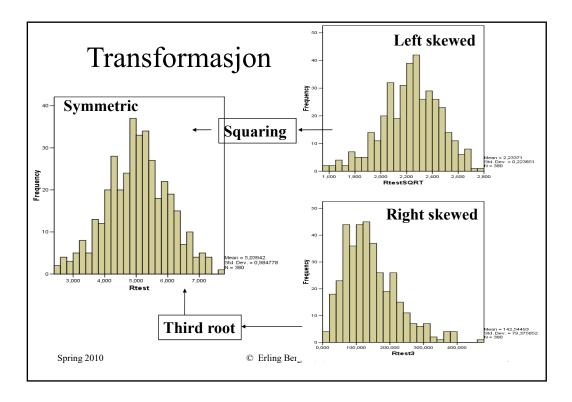


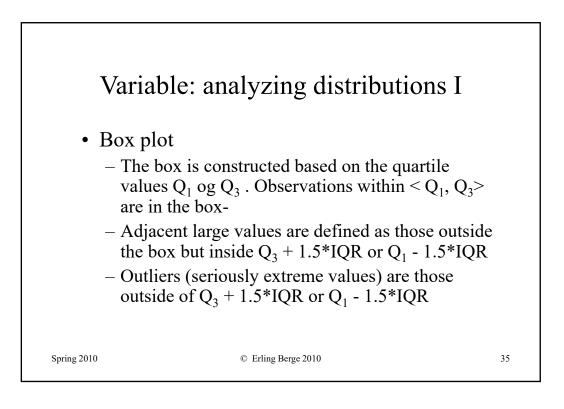


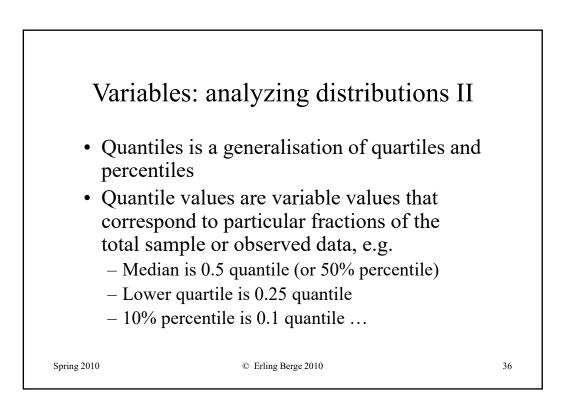


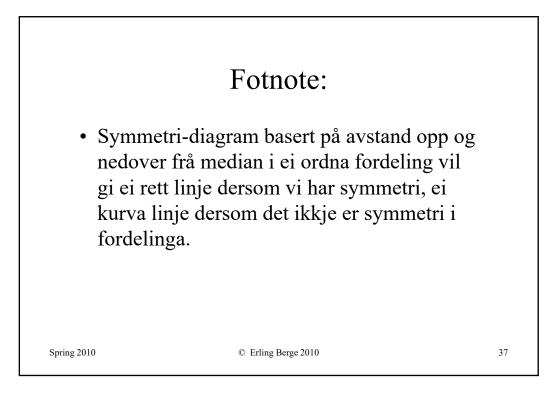


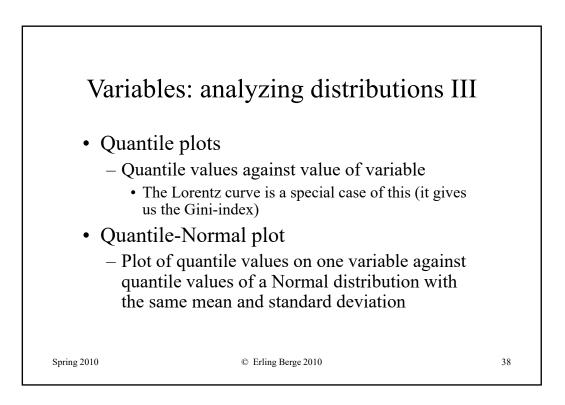


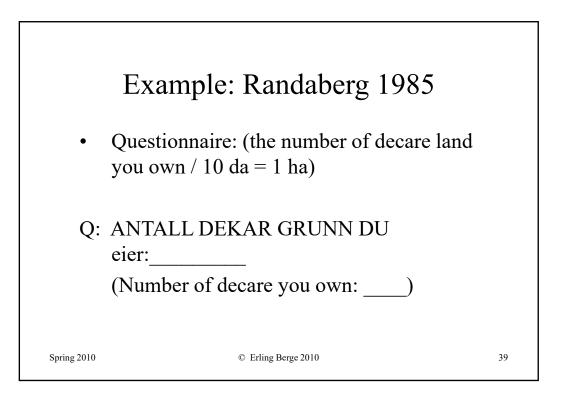




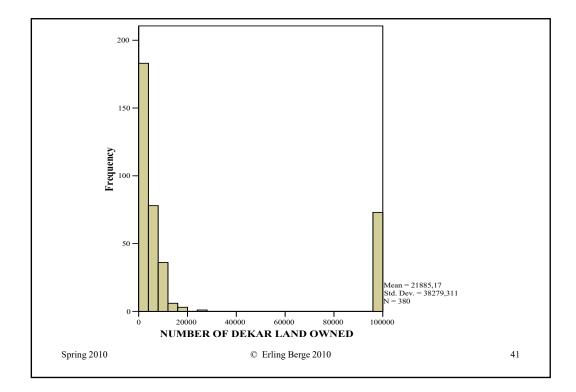






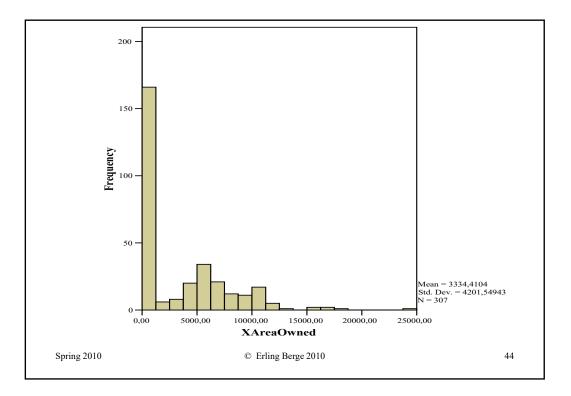


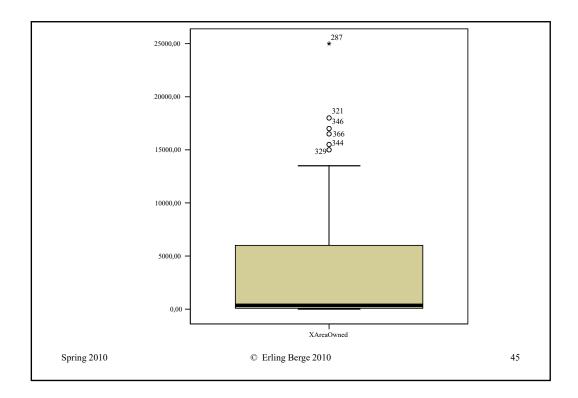
	NUMBER OF DEKARE	
	LAND OWNED	Valid N (listwise)
Ν	380	380
Minimum	0	
Maximum	99900	
Mean	21885.17	
Std. Deviation	38279.311	

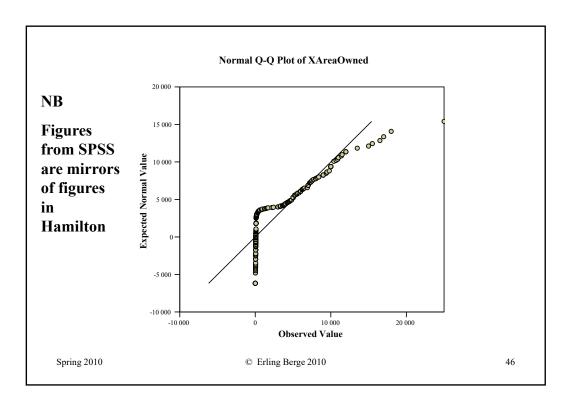


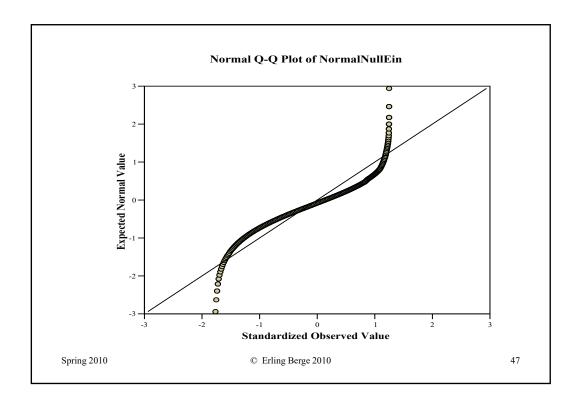
(NUMBER	XAreaOwne OF DEKARE LA	
	XAreaOwned	Valid N (listwise)
N	307	307
Minimum	.00	
Maximum	25000.00	
Mean	3334.4104	
Std. Deviation	4201.54943	

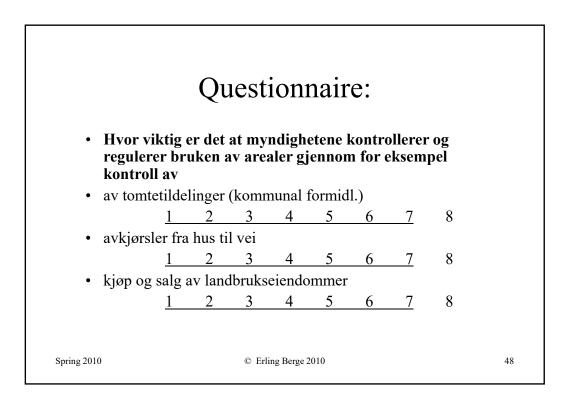
		XAreaOwned	Valid N (listwise)
N	Statistic	307	307
Range	Statistic	25000.00	
Minimum	Statistic	.00	
Maximum	Statistic	25000.00	
Sum	Statistic	1023664.00	
Mean	Statistic	3334.4104	
	Std. Error	239.79509	
Std. Deviation	Statistic	4201.54943	
Variance	Statistic	17653017.596	
Skewness	Statistic	1.352	
	Std. Error	.139	
Kurtosis	Statistic	2.194	
	Std. Error	.277	
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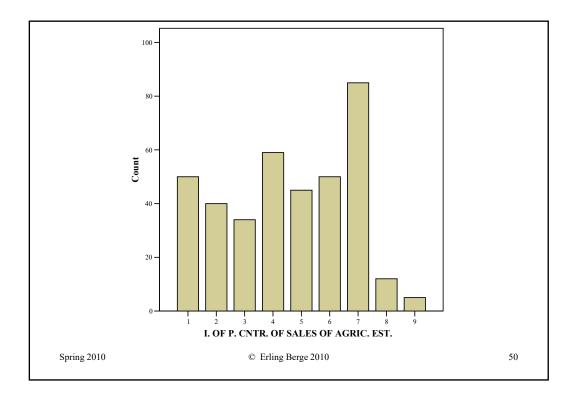






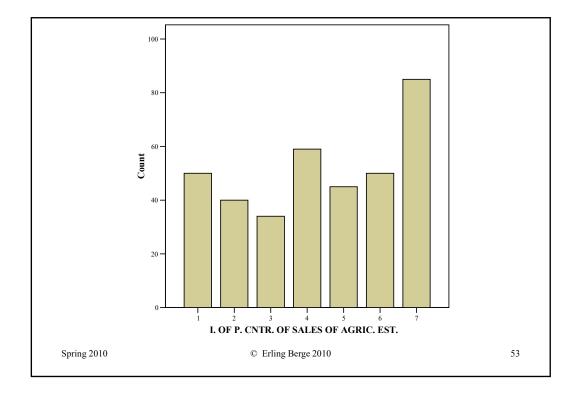


		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	50	13.2	13.2	13.2
	2	40	10.5	10.5	23.7
	3	34	8.9	8.9	32.6
	4	59	15.5	15.5	48.2
	5	45	11.8	11.8	60.0
	6	50	13.2	13.2	73.2
	7	85	22.4	22.4	95.5
	8	12	3.2	3.2	98.7
	9	5	1.3	1.3	100.0
	Total	380	100.0	100.0	

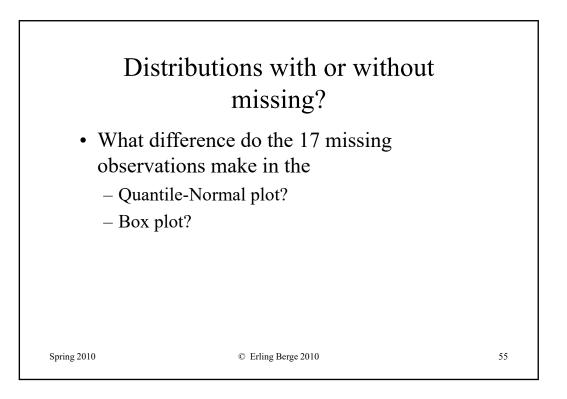


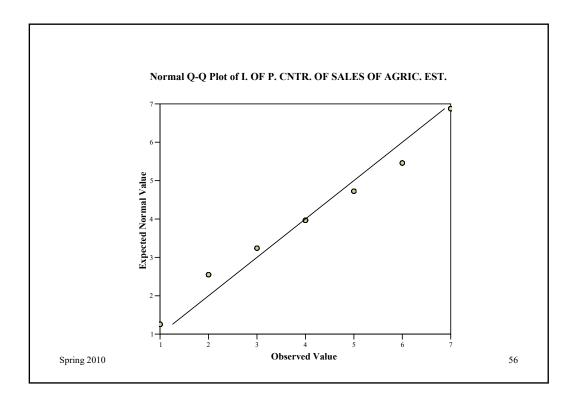
7. 1		4 - 4	4 - 1				<u>o</u> _•	12
	: sett ring rund viktigheten når					•	01	0
U U	tig, eller sett et		•				00	
	ret du velger	J	~~ -			P	()	
å noen spør	smål kan du kry	sse	av f	ler	e s	var		
På noen spør	smål kan du kry lykkes dårlig/ lite viktig	sse	av f	flere	e s	var	lykkes godt/ svært viktig	vet ikke

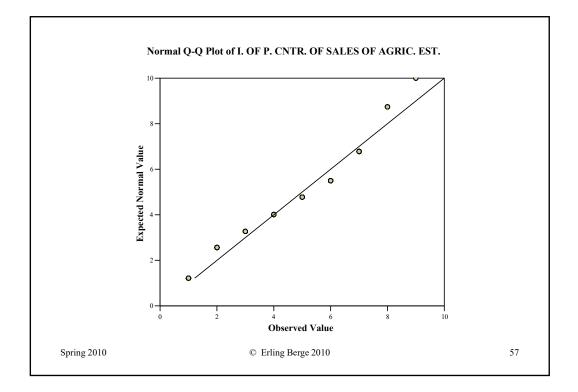
I.	OF P.	CNTR. C	OF SAL	ES OF AGI	RIC. EST.
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	50	13.2	13.8	13.
	2	40	10.5	11.0	24.
	3	34	8.9	9.4	34.2
	4	59	15.5	16.3	50.4
	5	45	11.8	12.4	62.
	6	50	13.2	13.8	76.0
	7	85	22.4	23.4	100.0
	Total	363	95.5	100.0	
Missing	8	12	3.2		
	9	5	1.3		
	Total	17	4.5		
Total		380	100.0		

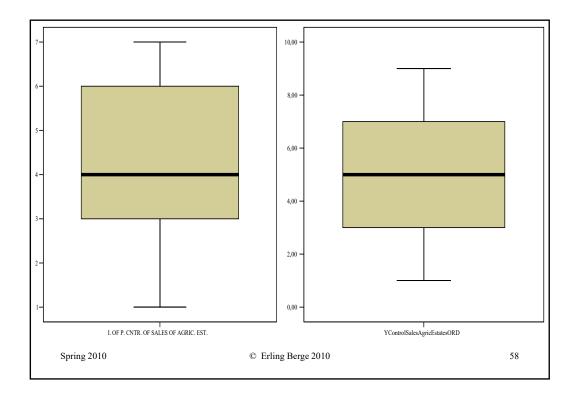


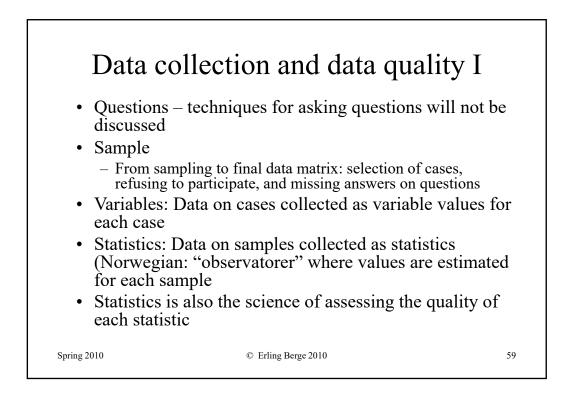
		I. OF P. CNTR. OF SALES OF AGRIC. EST.	Y regressed on ControlSalesAgricEstate Valid N (listwise)
N	Statistic	380	363
Range	Statistic	8	6.00
Minimum	Statistic	1	1.00
Maximum	Statistic	9	7.00
Sum	Statistic	1729	1588.00
Mean	Statistic	4.55	4.3747
	Std. Error	.114	.11045
Std. Deviation	Statistic	2.213	2.10435
Variance	Statistic	4.897	4.428
Skewness	Statistic	171	234
	Std. Error	.125	.128
Kurtosis	Statistic	-1.148	-1.267
	Std. Error	.250	.255

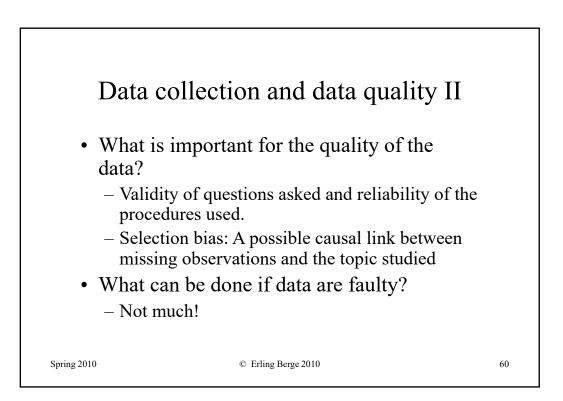


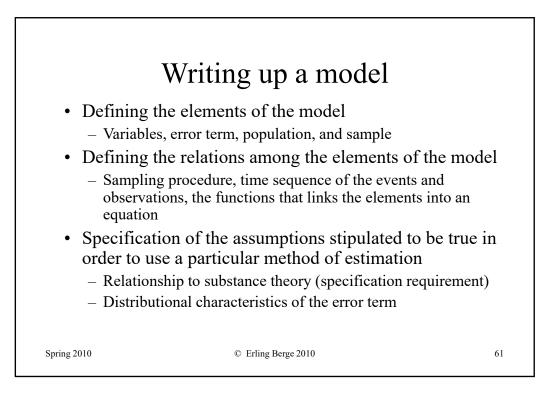


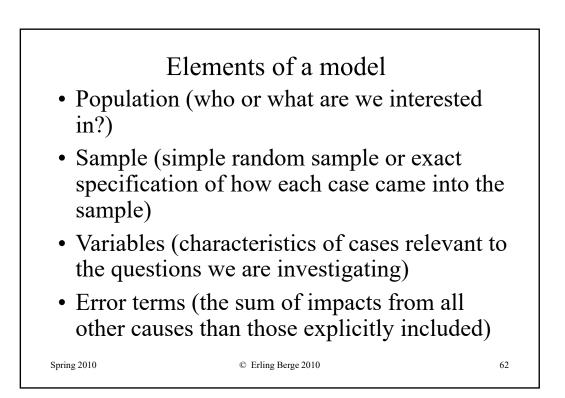


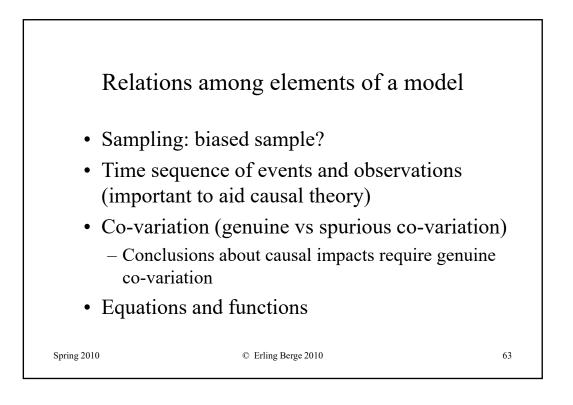


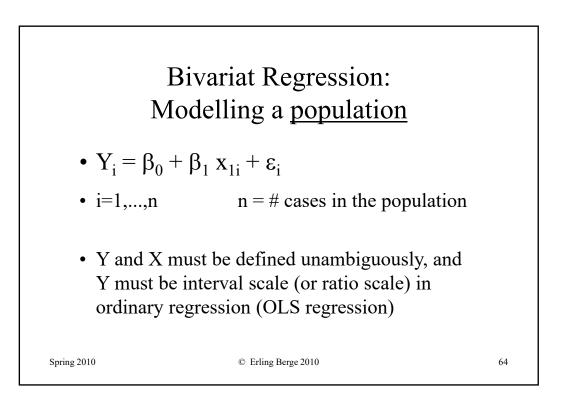


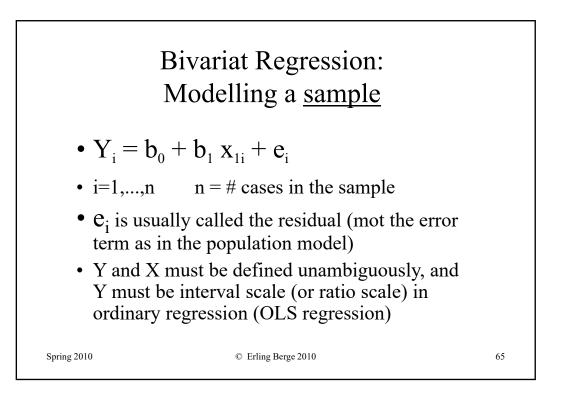


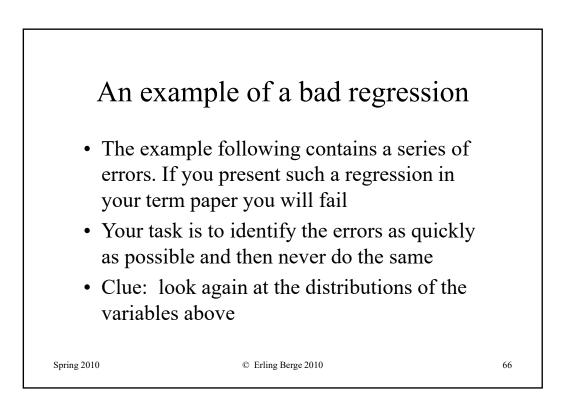










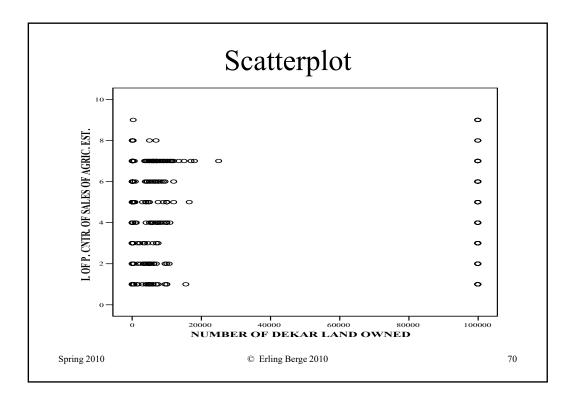


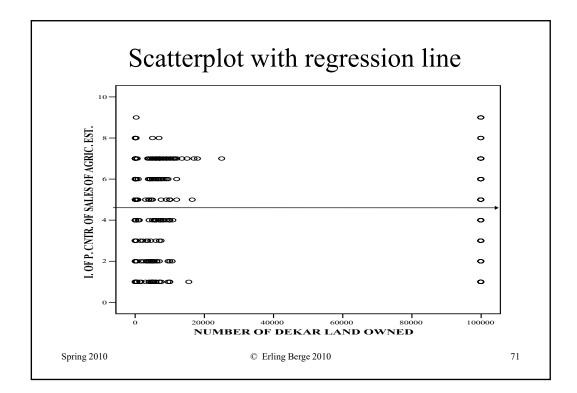
]	Mode	l Summ	ary
	[Adjusted R	
Model	R	R Square	Square	Std. Error of the Estimate
1	.047(a)	.002	.000	2.21
1 a Predic				2.2 LAND OWNED

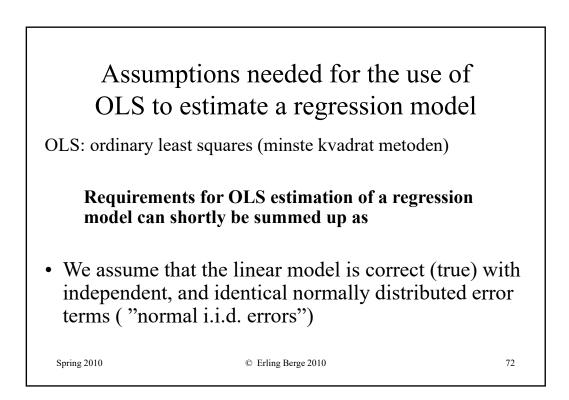
		ANO				
Model		Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
1	Regression	4.145	1	4.145	.846	.358(a)
	Residual	1851.905	378	4.899		
	Total	1856.050	379			

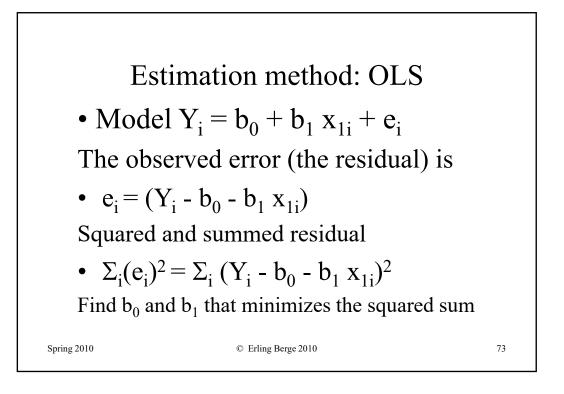
I

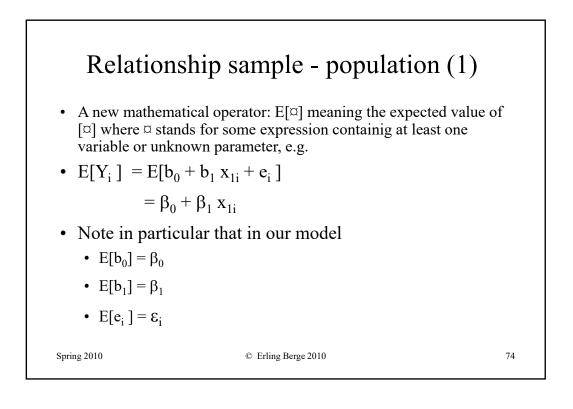
Model		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients	t	Sig.
		В	Std. Error	Beta		
1	(Constant) NUMBER OF DEKAR LAND OWNED	4.610 .000	.131 .000	047	35.233 920	.000 .358

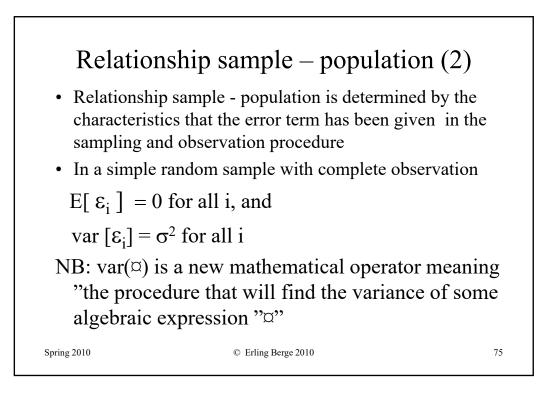


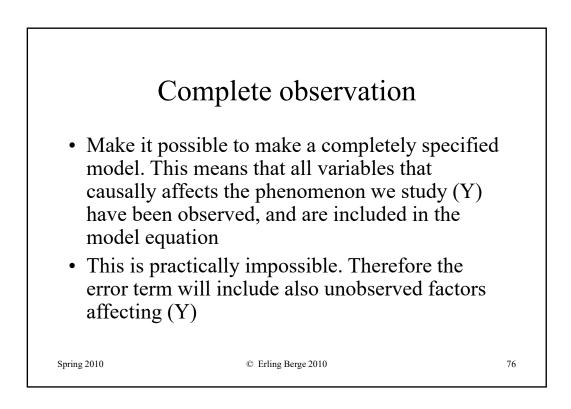




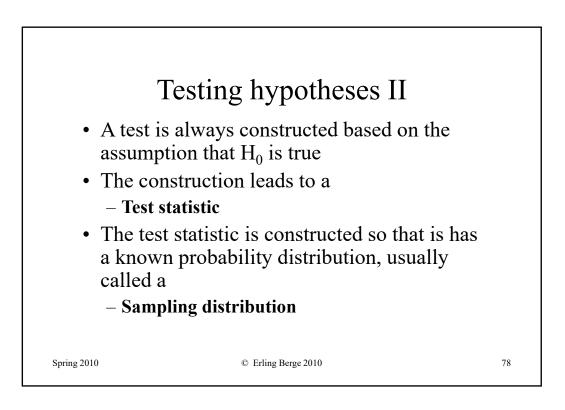


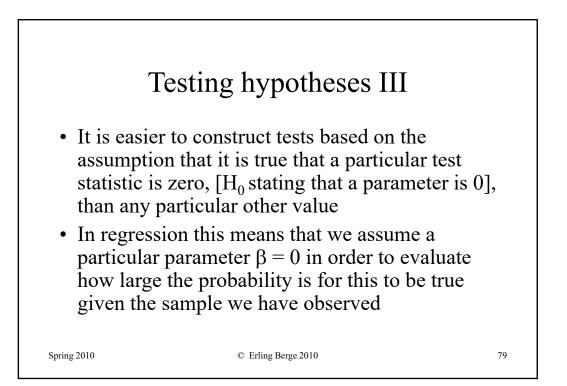


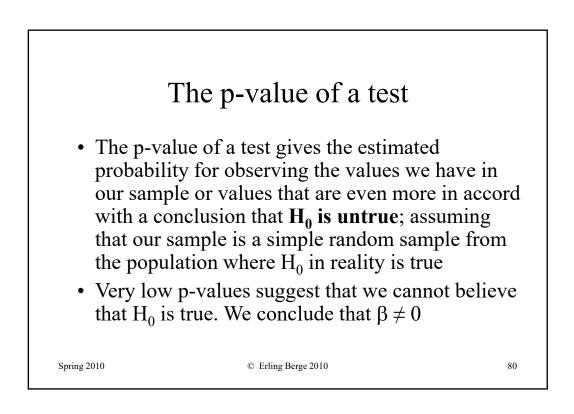


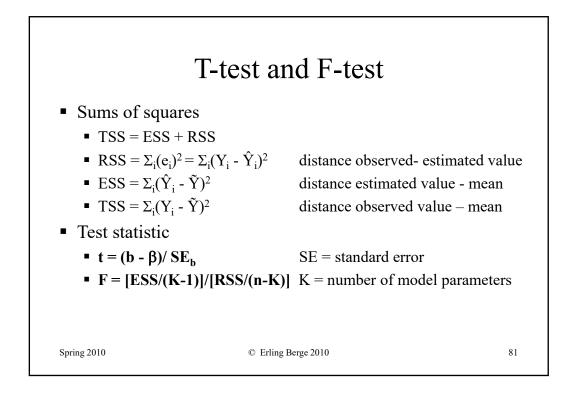


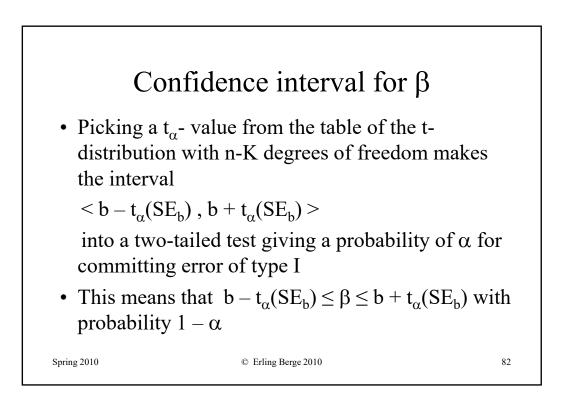
Testing hypotheses I				
	In reality H_0 is true	In reality H ₀ is untrue		
We conclude that H_0 is true	Our method gives the correct answer with probability $1 - \alpha$	$\frac{\text{Error of type II}}{(\text{probability } 1 - \beta)}$		
We conclude that H_0 is untrue	$\frac{\text{Error of type I}}{\text{The test level \alpha \text{ is the }}probability of errors of type I$	Our method gives the correct answer with probability β (= power of the test)		

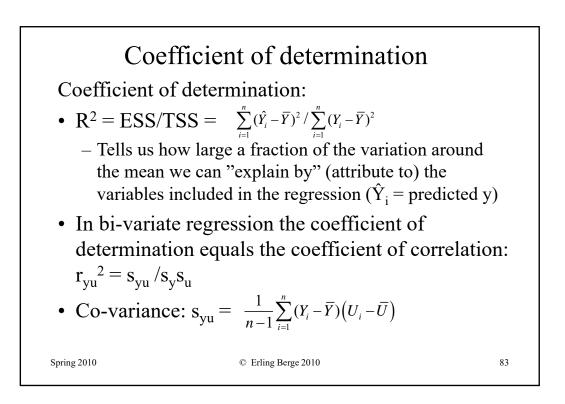


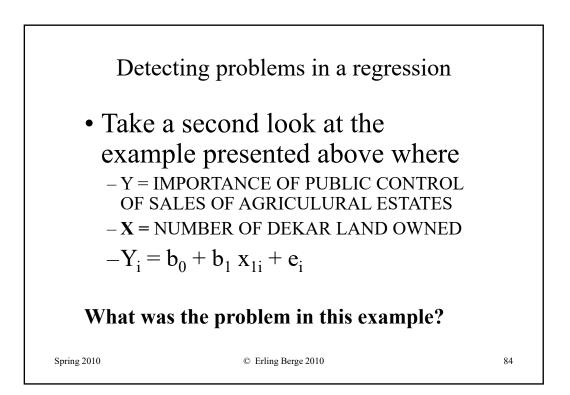


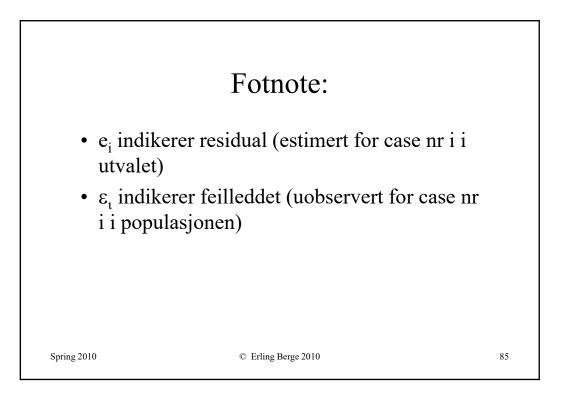


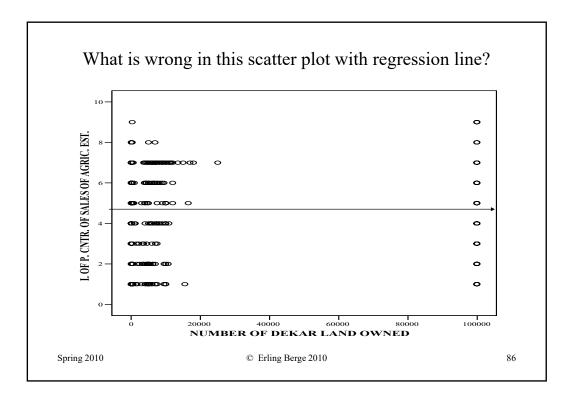


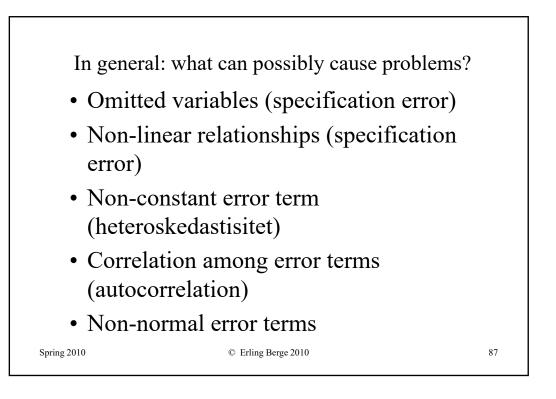


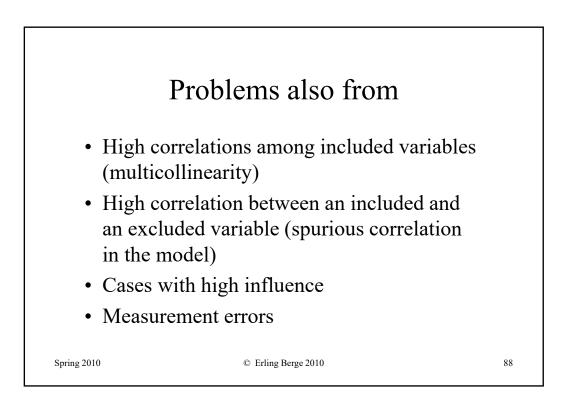


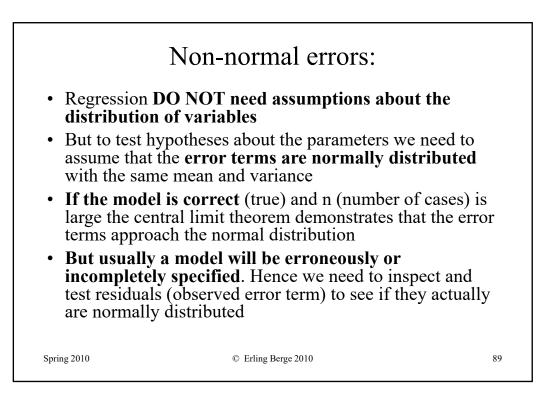


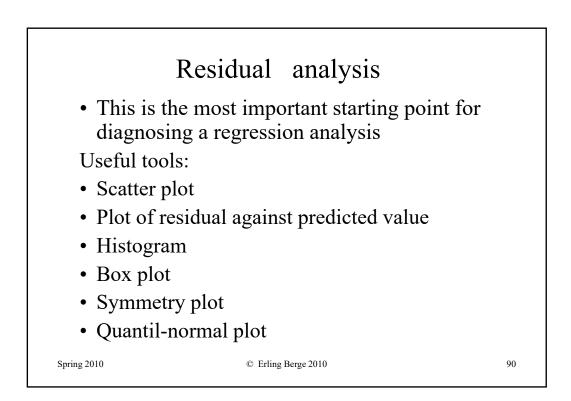


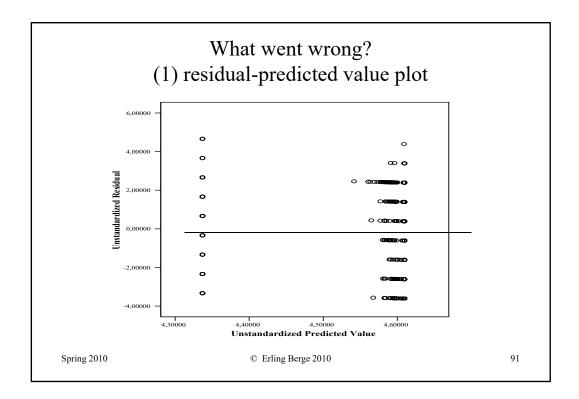


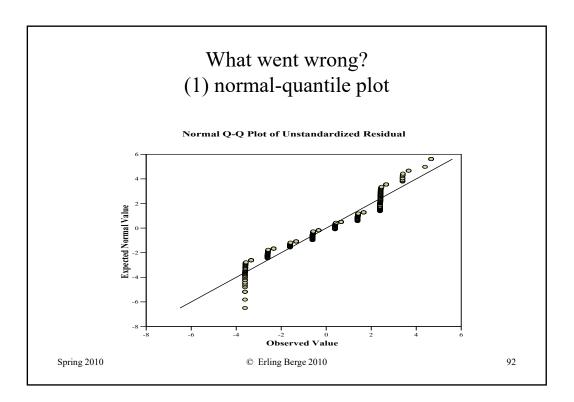


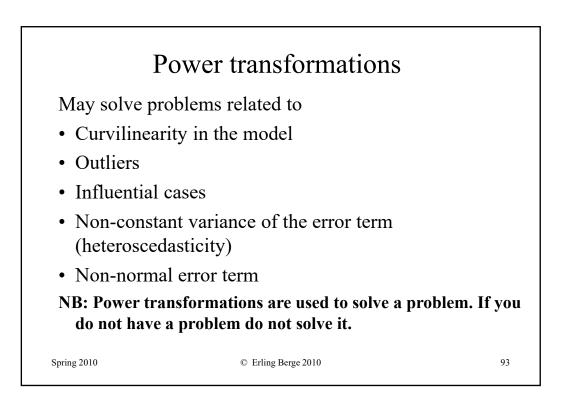


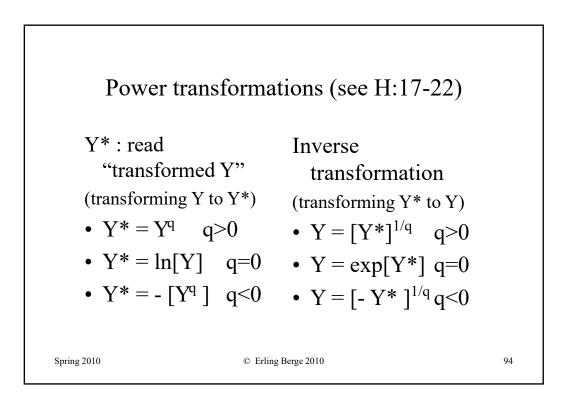


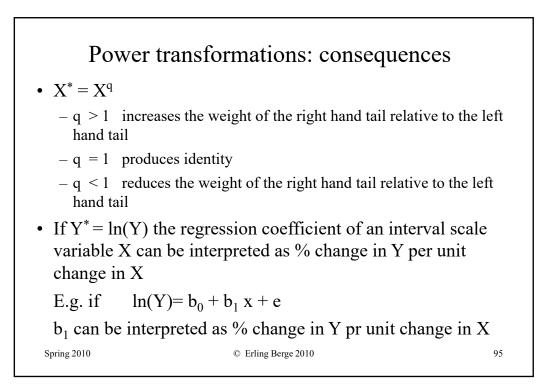


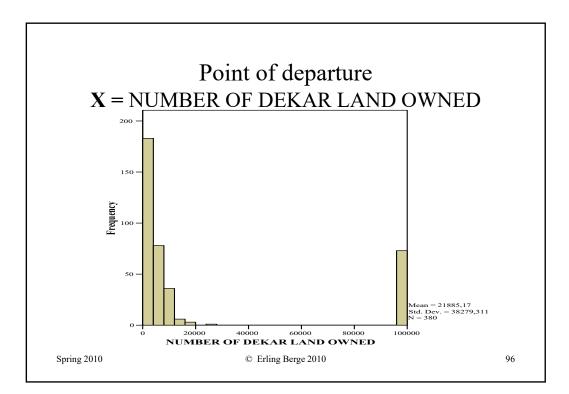


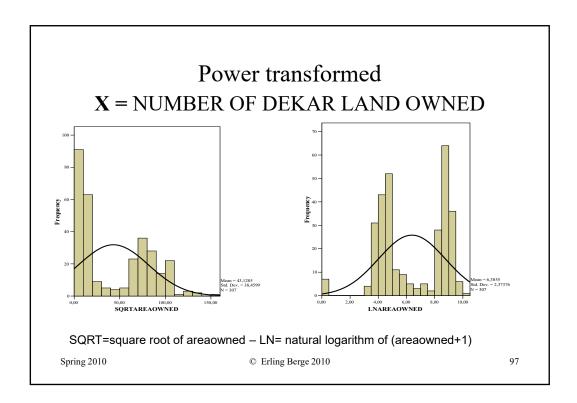


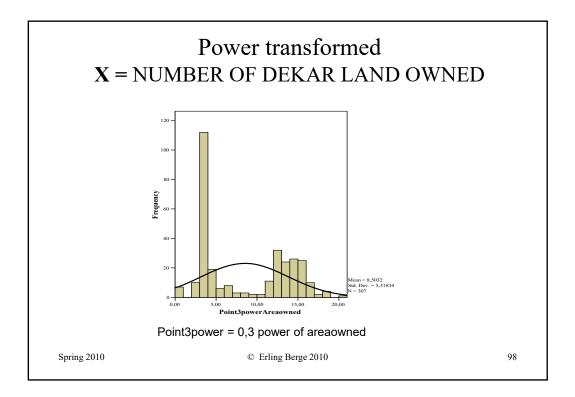


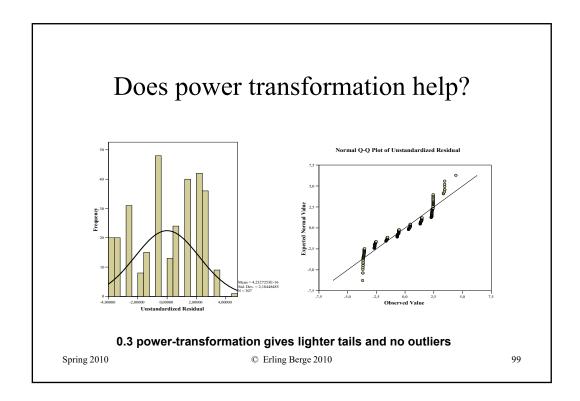


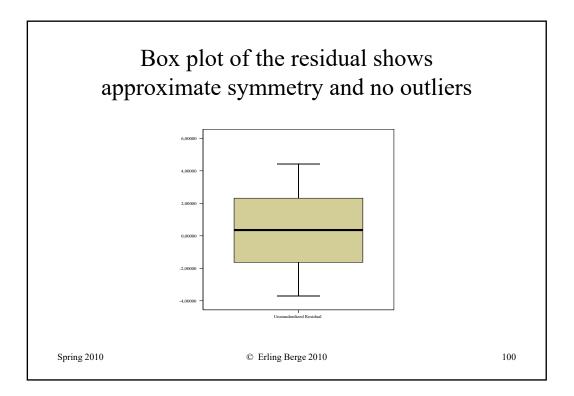


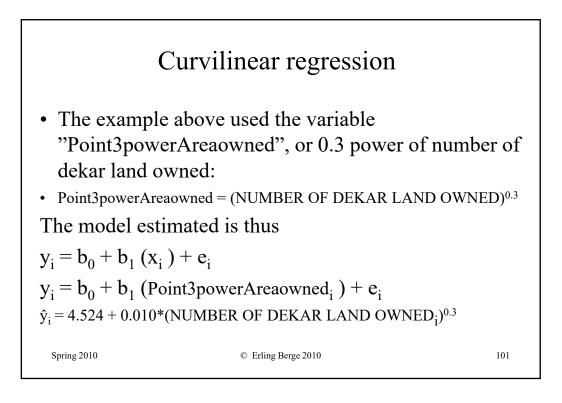


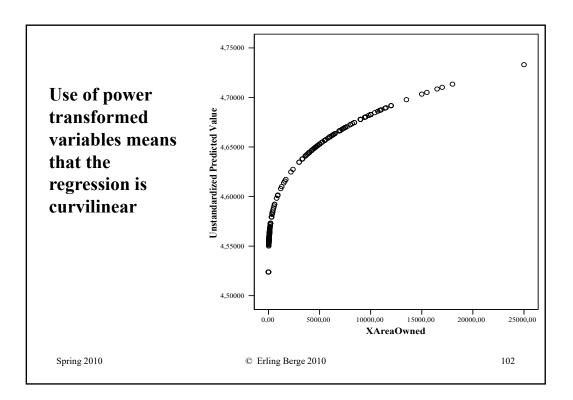


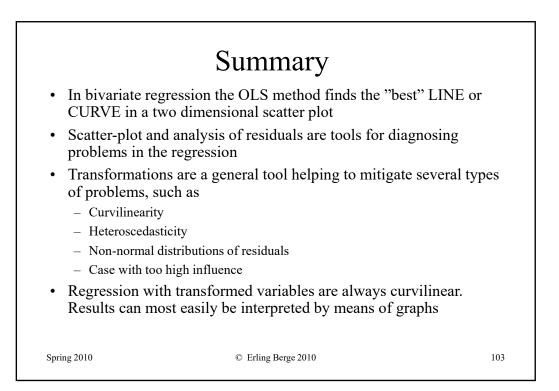


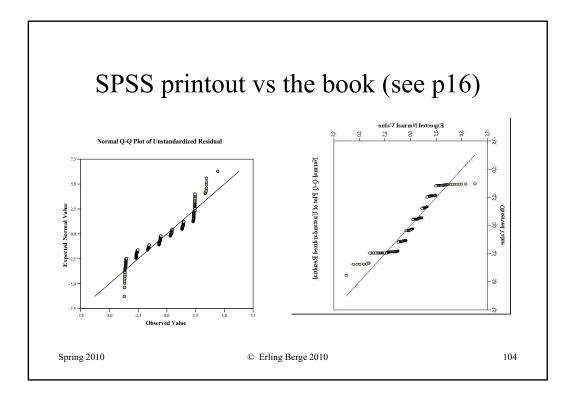




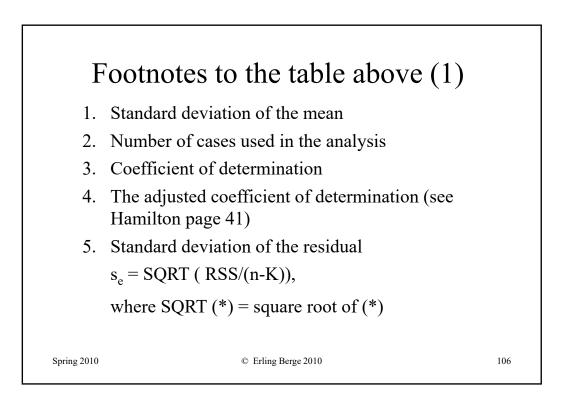




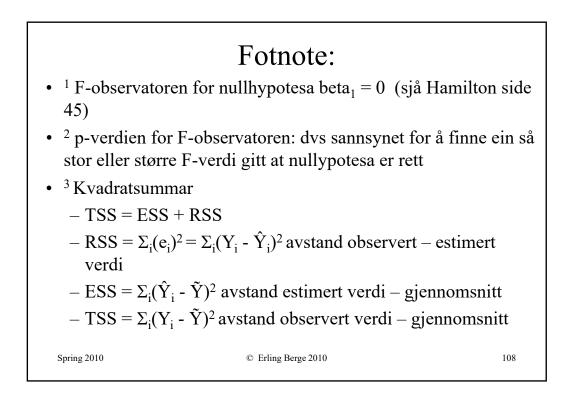


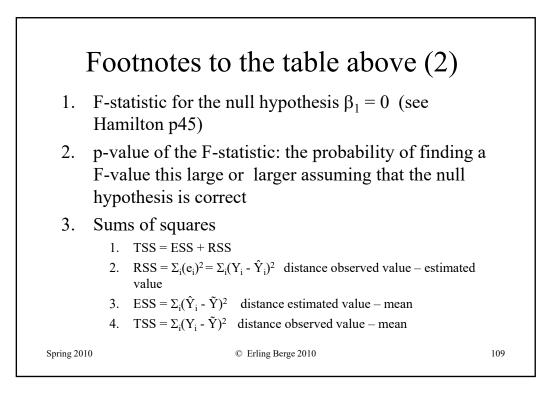


De	scriptive	Statist	tics	Mean Std. Devia		ation	I	N^2		
	OF P. CNT RIC. EST		SALES OF	I		4.61		2.	185	307
Poi	nt3power	Areaov	vned			8.5032		5.31	834	307
М						Change S	statistics			
o d el	R	R Squa re ³	Adjusted R Square ⁴	Std. l of Estin	the	R Square Change	F Change	df1	df2	Sig. F Change
1	.024(a)	.001	003		2.188	.001	.182	1	305	.67(

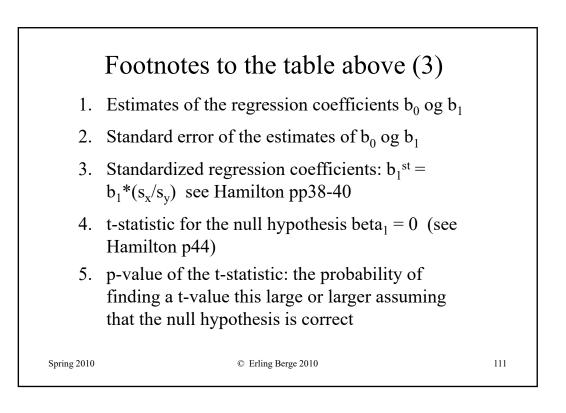


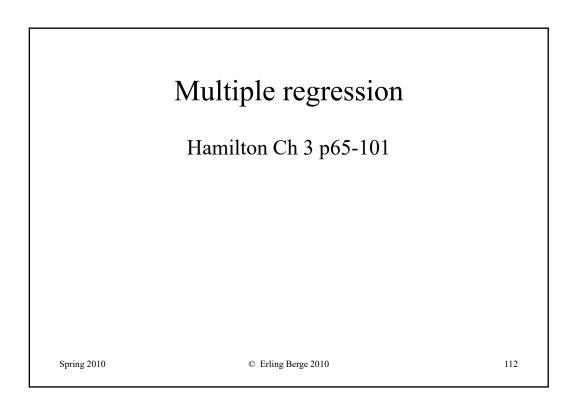
	Reading	g printou	t fron	n SPS	S (2)	
Model		Sum of Squares ³	df	Mean Square	F ¹	Sig. ²
1	Regression	.870	1	.870	.182	.670(a)
	Residual	1460.224	305	4.788		
	Total	1461.094	306			
•RSS = Σ •Mean Sq K equa	quare = RSS / df F als number of para	ESS + RSS : sum of squared for RSS it is known meters estimated in I K=2, hence Df =	n that df=n- n the model	K	mated value	ue)
Spring 20		© Erling B				107

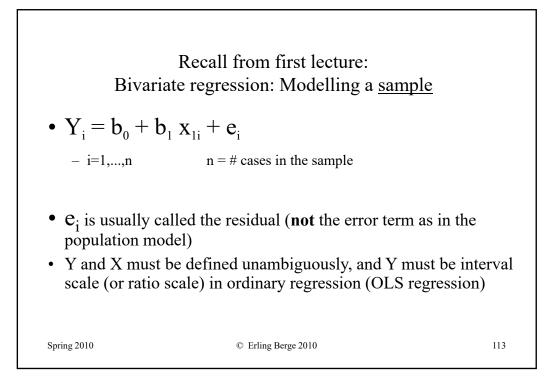


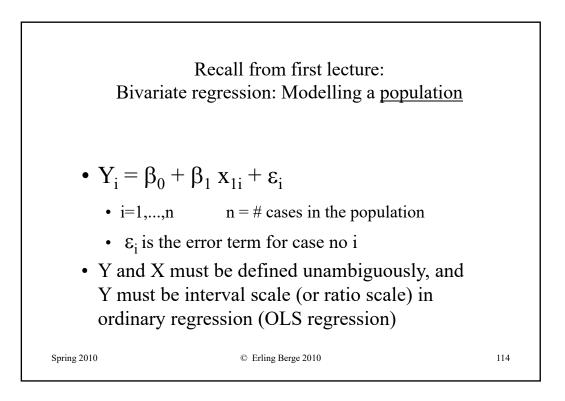


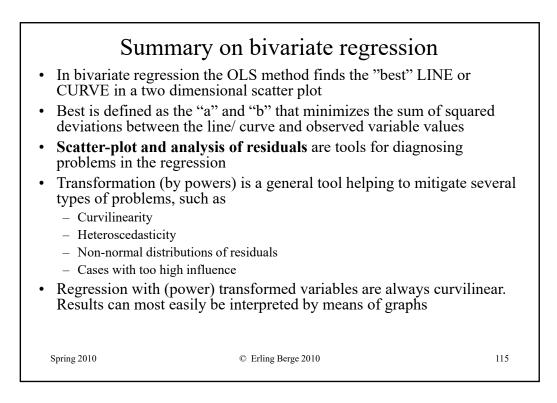
	R	leadi	ng prin	tout fr	om S	PSS	(3)	
M o d			standardized Coefficients	Standa- rdized Coeffic ients				Confidence erval for B
e 1		B^1	Std. Error ²	Beta ³	t ⁴	Sig. ⁵	Lower Boun d	Upper Boun d
1	(Constant)	4.524	.236		19.187	.000	4.060	4.988
	Point3- powerA rea- owned	.010	.024	.024	.426	.670	036	.056
	Spring 2010		Ć	Erling Berge 201	10			110

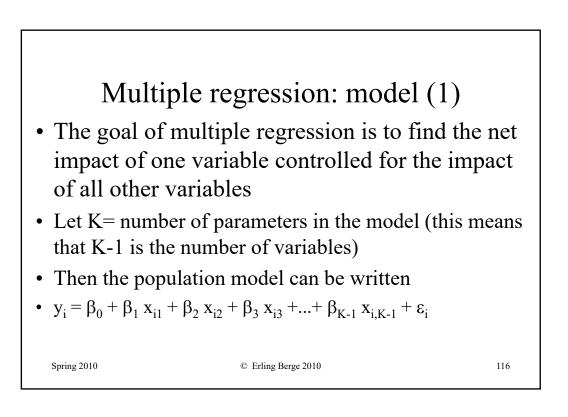


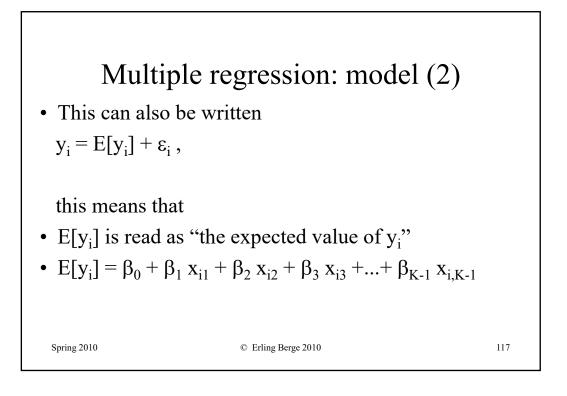


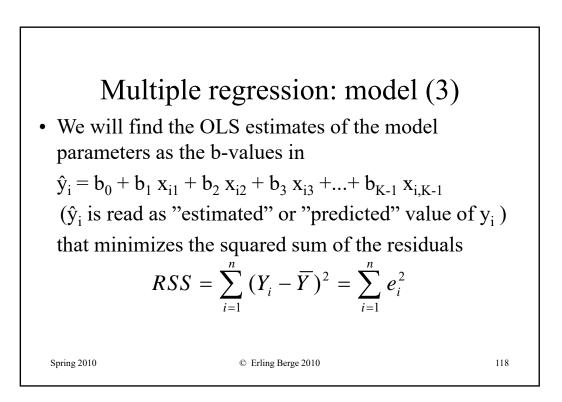


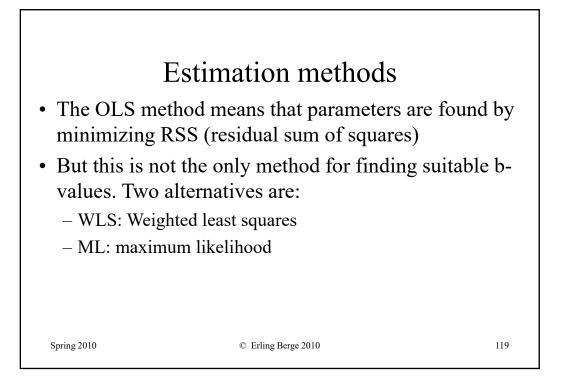


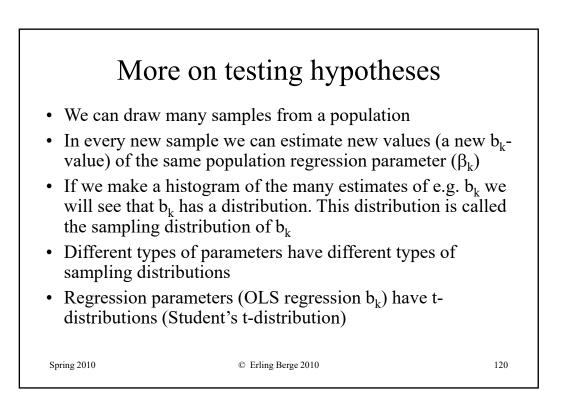


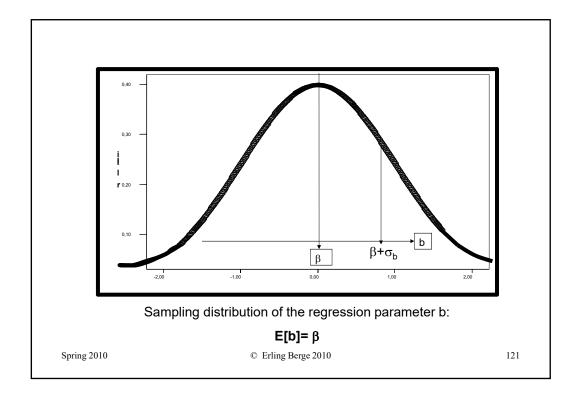


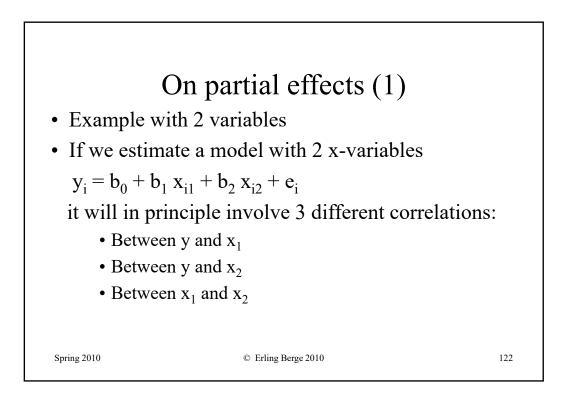


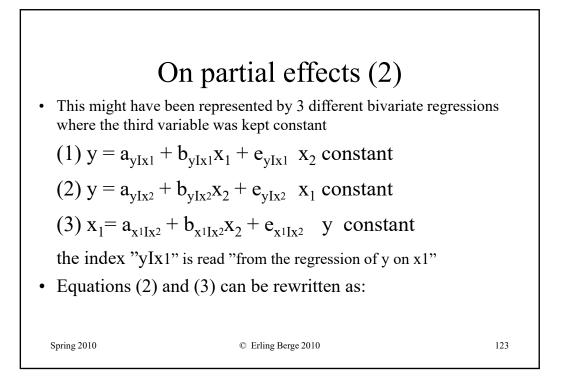


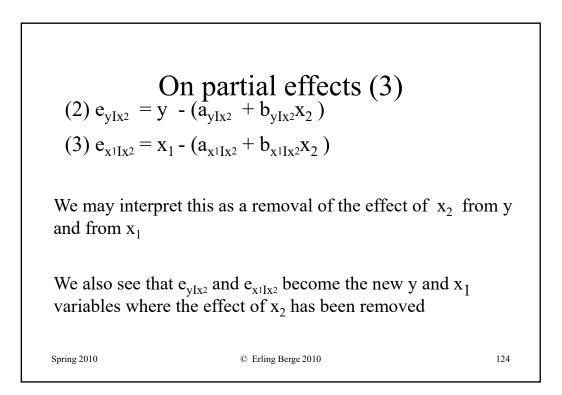


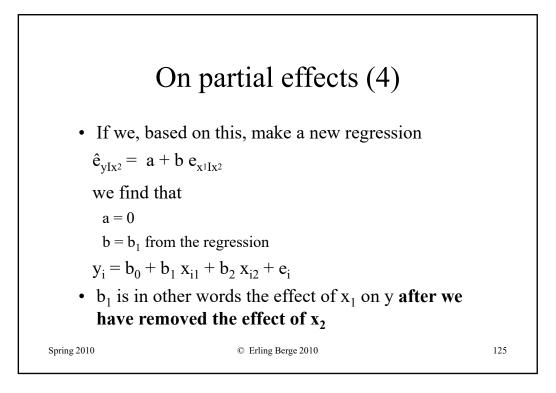


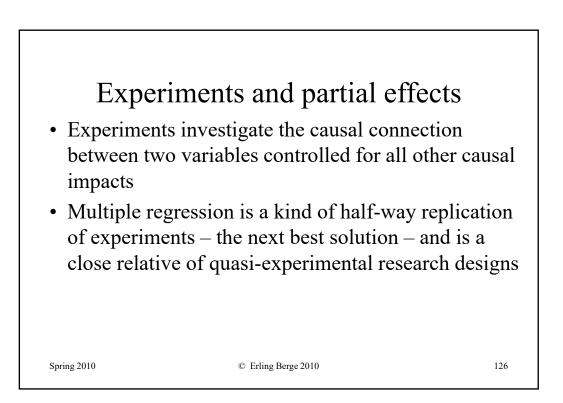












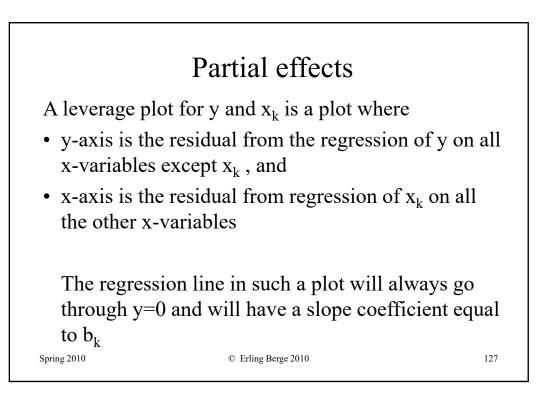
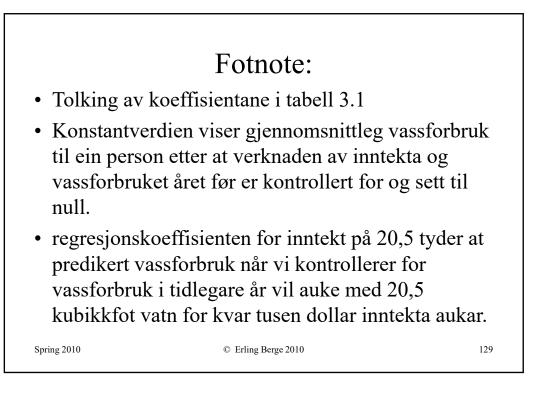
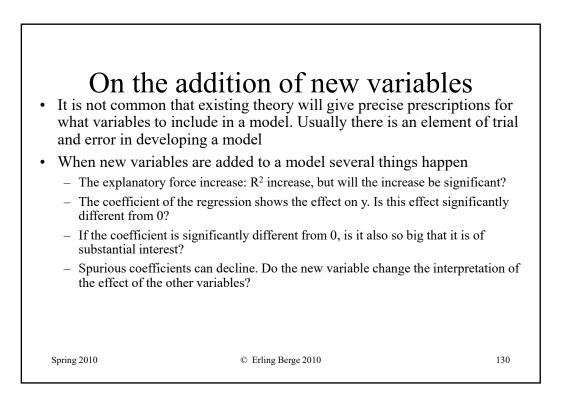
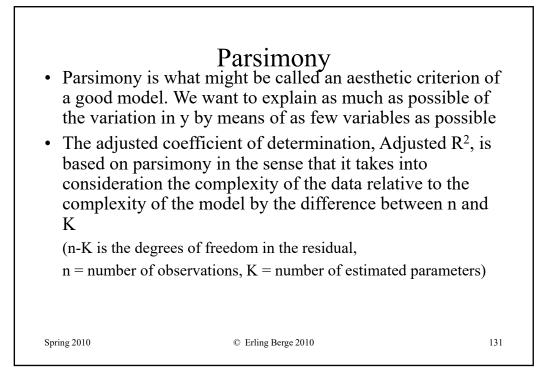
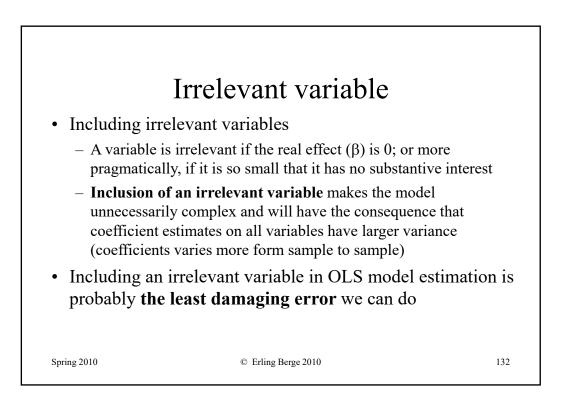


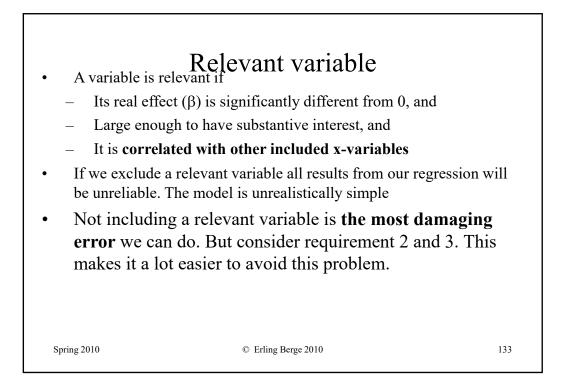
Table 2.2 Dependent: Summer 1981 Water Use	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)	1201.124	123.325	9.740	.000
Income in Thousands	47.549	4.652	10.221	.000
Table 3.1 Dependent: Summer 1981 Water Use	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)	203.822	94.361	2.160	.031
Income in Thousands	20.545	3.383	6.072	.000
Summer 1980 Water Use	.593	.025	23.679	.000

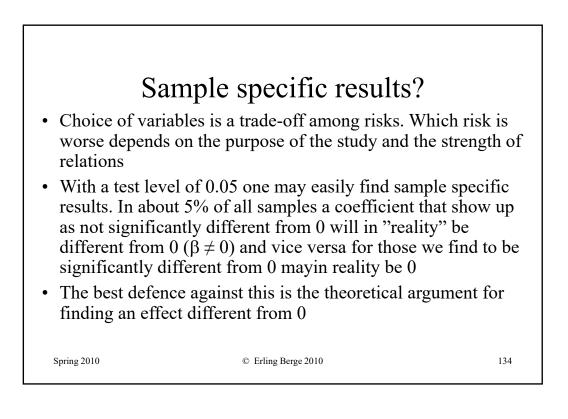






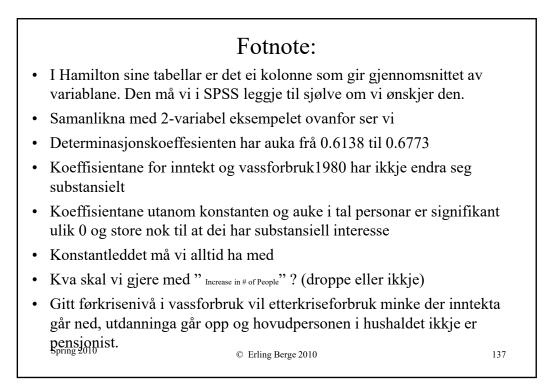


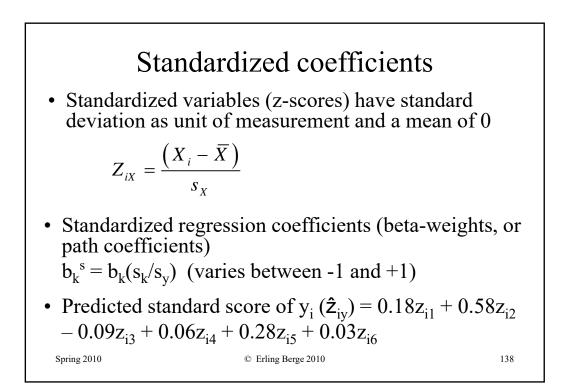


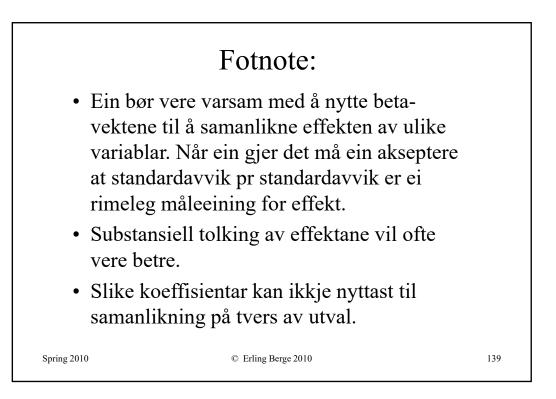


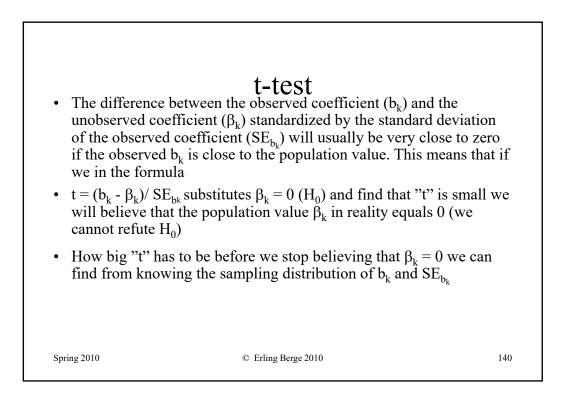
	Hamilton (s74) example
y _i	Post shortage water use (1981)
x _{i1}	Household income, in thousands of dollars
x _{i2}	Pre-shortage water use, in cubic feet (1980)
x _{i3}	Education of household head, in years
x _{i4}	Retirement (coded 1 if household head is retired and 0 otherwise)
x _{i5}	Number of people living in household at time of water shortage (summer 1981)
x _{i6}	Change in number of people, summer 1981 minus summer 1980

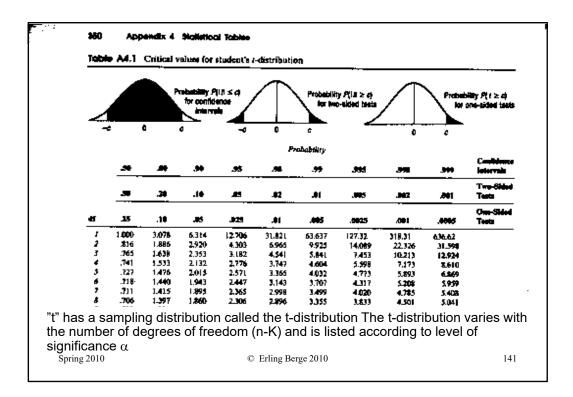
Table 3. Dependent Variable:			-		
Summer 1981 Water Use	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.	Beta
(Constant)	242.220	206.864	1.171	.242	
Income in Thousands	20.967	3.464	6.053	.000	.184
Summer 1980 Water Use	.492	.026	18.671	.000	.584
Education in Years	-41.866	13.220	-3.167	.002	087
Head of house retired?	189.184	95.021	1.991	.047	.058
# of People Resident, 1981	248.197	28.725	8.641	.000	.277
Increase in # of People	96.454	80.519	1.198	.232	.031

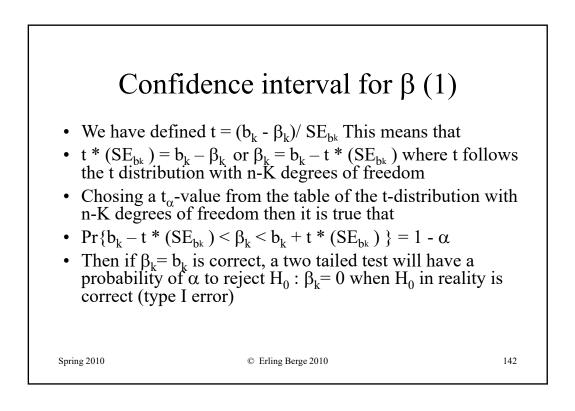


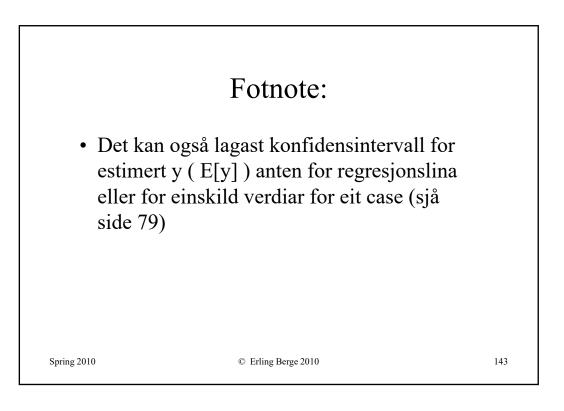


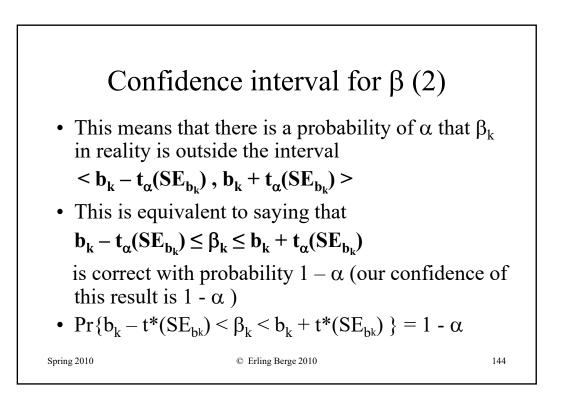


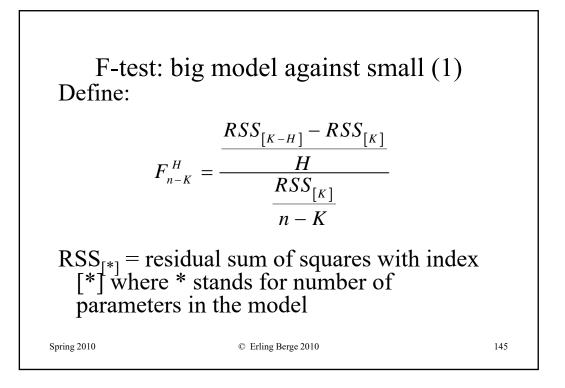


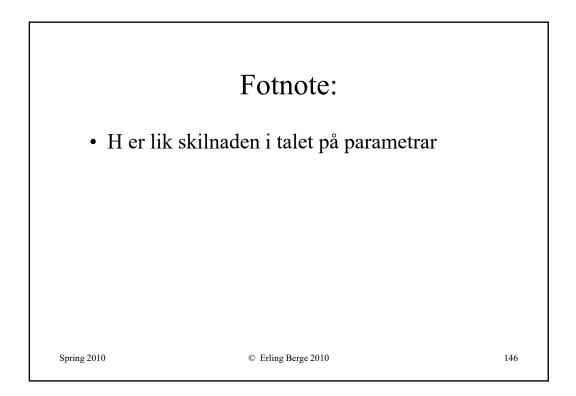


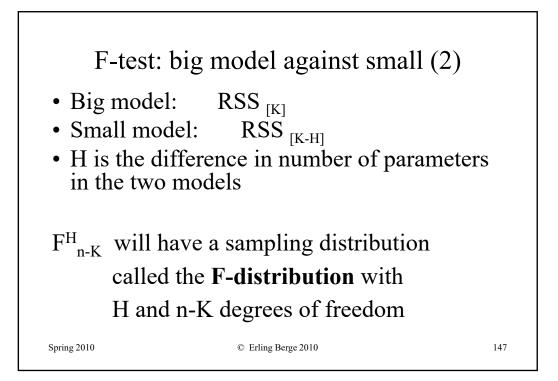




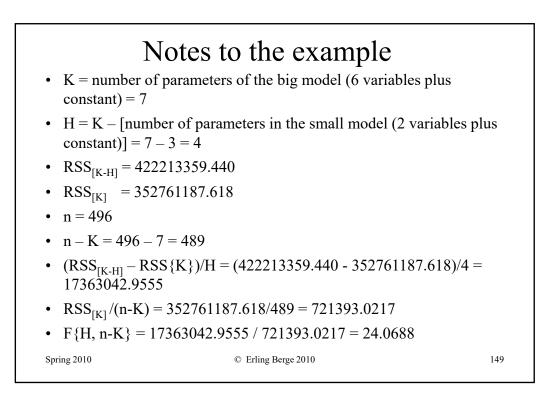


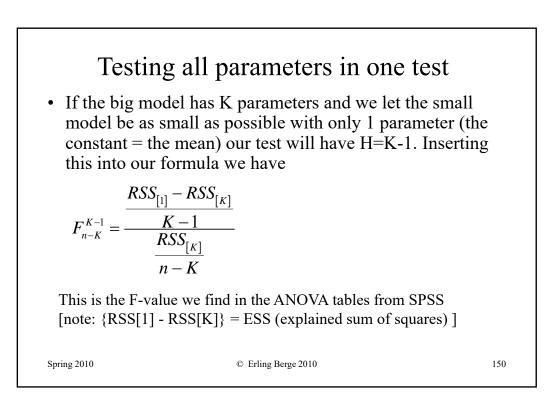


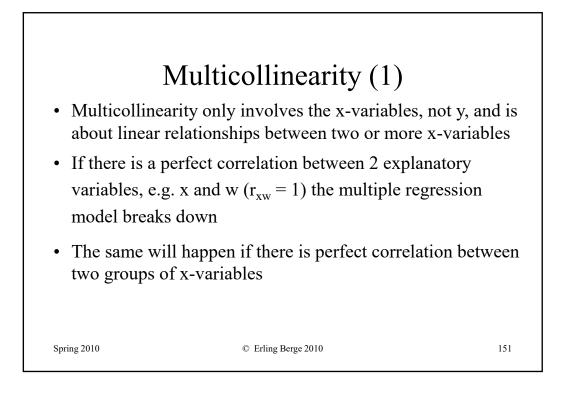


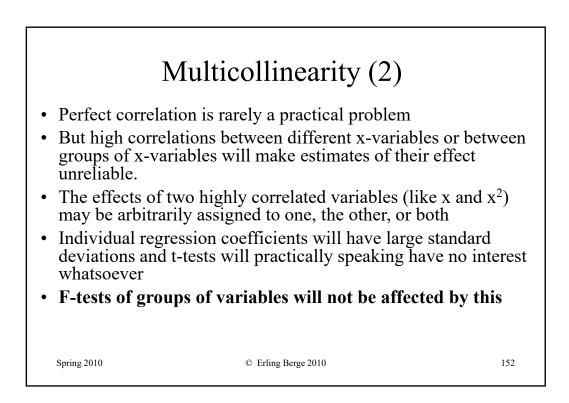


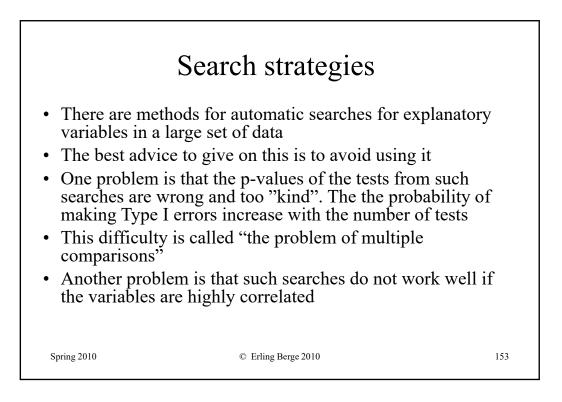
Exa	ample (Han	nilton ta	ble 3.1 an	d 3.2)	1
Small model Table 3.1	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Regression (Model) (Explained)	671025350.237	2	335512675.119	391.763	.000(a)
Residual	422213359.440	493	856416.551		
Total	1093238709.677	495			
Large model Table 3.2	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Regression	740477522.059	K-1= 6	123412920.343	171.076	.000(a)
Residual	352761187.618	n - K = 489	721393.022		
Total	1093238709.677	n - 1 = 495			

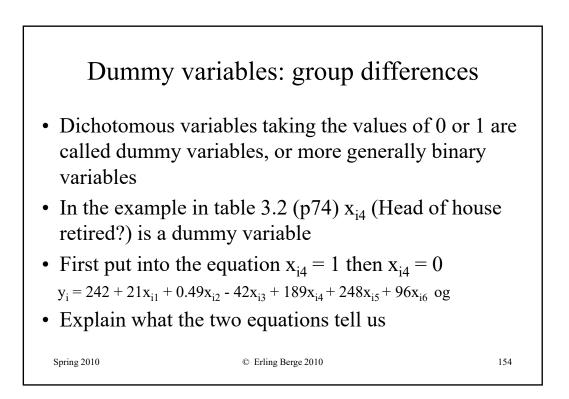


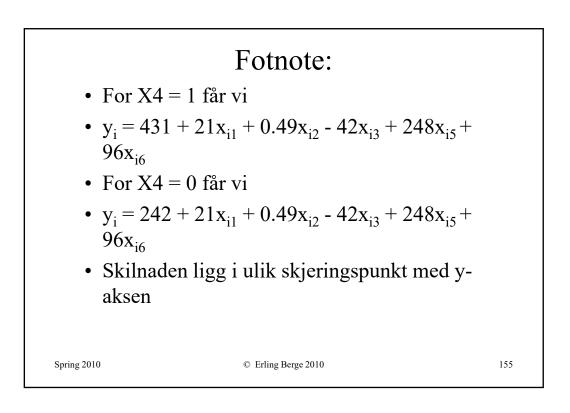


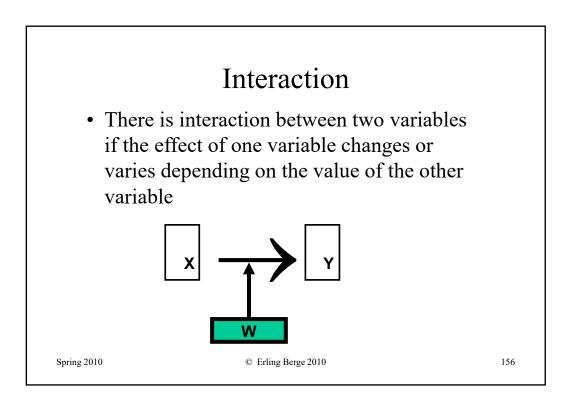


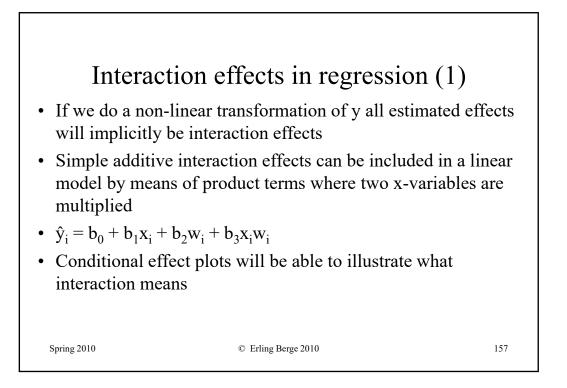


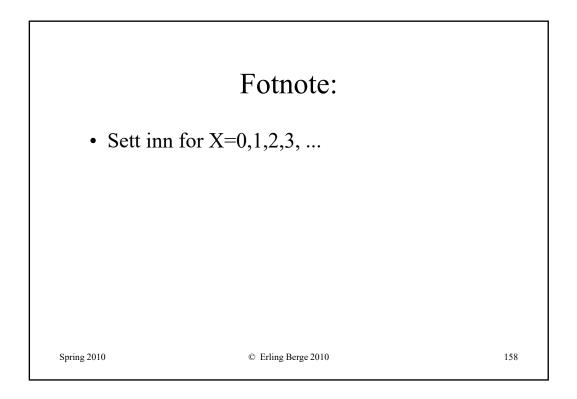


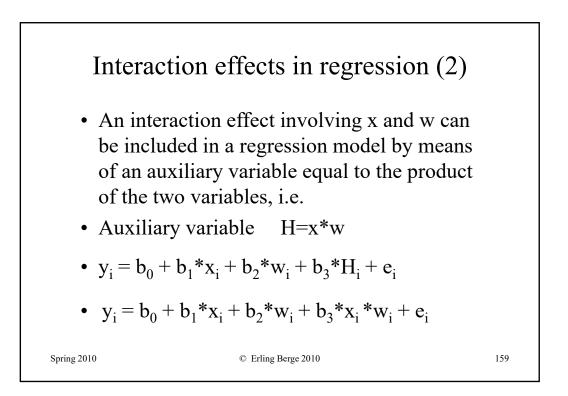














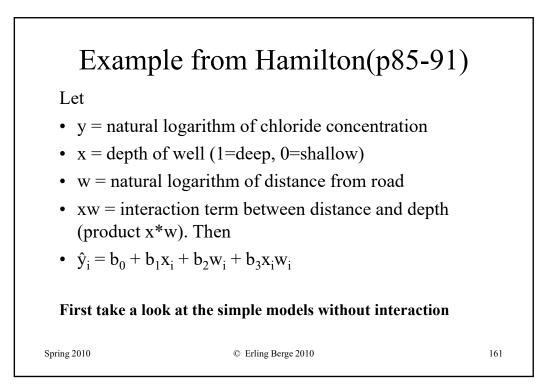
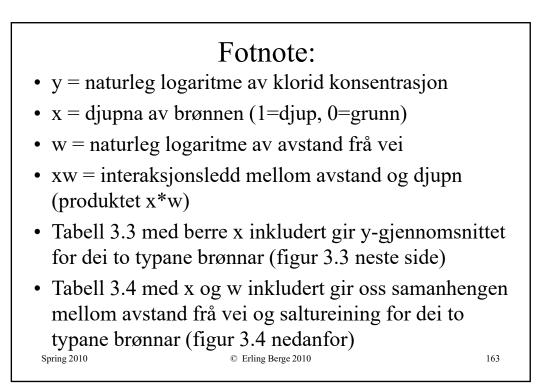
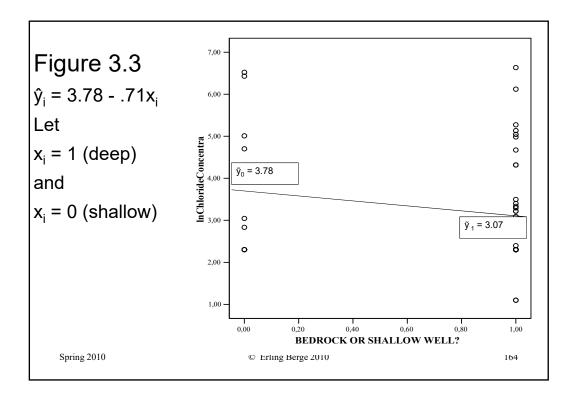
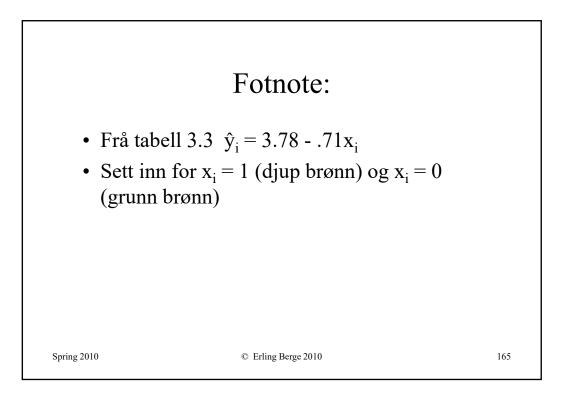
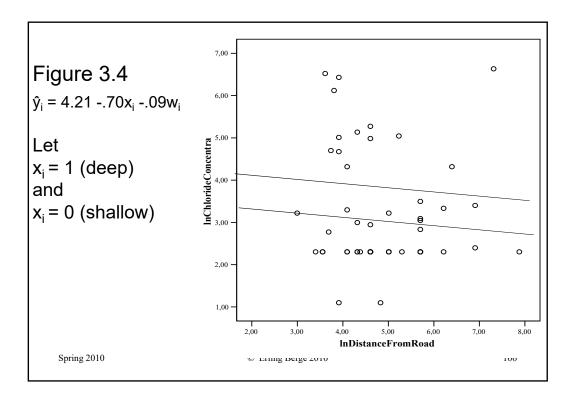


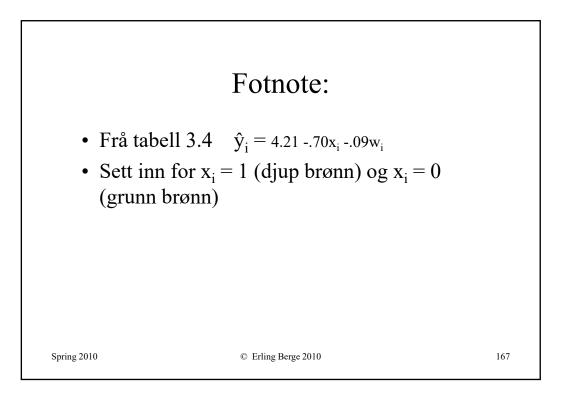
Figure 3.3 is based on					
Dependent Variable: InChlorideConcentra	В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Sig.
(Constant)	3.775	.429		8.801	.000
x= BEDROCK OR SHALLOW WELL?	706	.477	205	-1.479	.145
Figure 3.4 is based on Dependent Variable:					
InChlorideConcentra	В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Sig.
	4.210	.961		4.381	.000
(Constant)					
(Constant) w= lnDistanceFromRoad	091	.180	071	506	.615



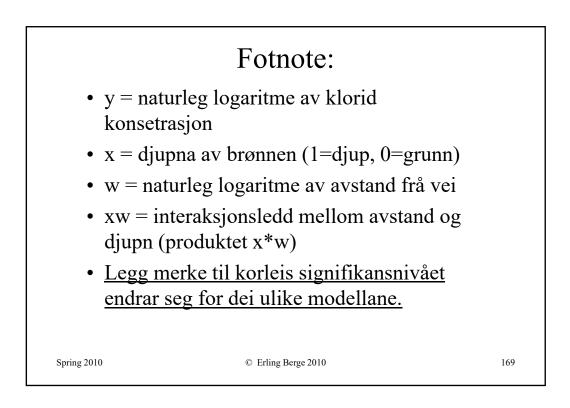


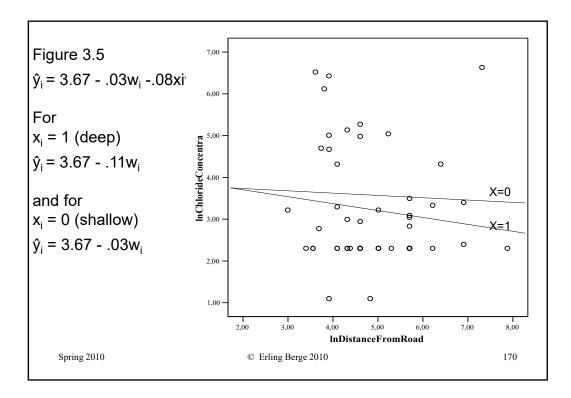


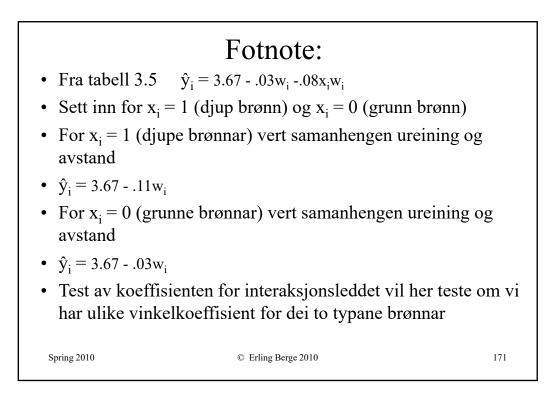


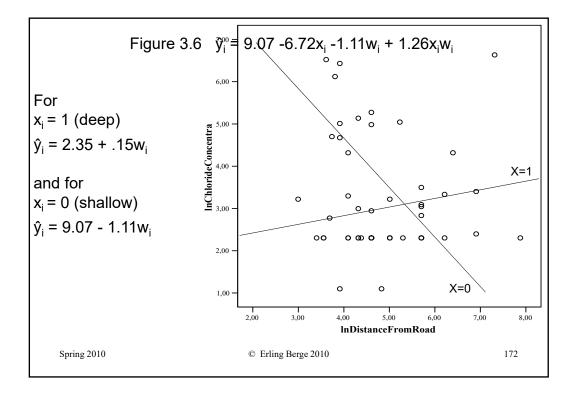


Figures 3.5 and 3 Take note of sig		1		1)	
Figure 3.5 is based on					
Dependent Variable: InChlorideConcentra	В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Si
(Constant)	3.666	.905		4.050	
w= lnDistanceFromRoad	029	.202	022	144	
x*w= lnDroadDeep	081	.099	128	819	
Figure 3.6 is based on Also see Table 3.4 in Hamilton p90 Dependent Variable: InChlorideConcentra	В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Si
(Constant)	9.073	1.879		4.828	
w= lnDistanceFromRoad	-1.109	.384	862	-2.886	
x= BEDROCK OR SHALLOW WELL?	-6.717	2.095	-1.948	-3.207	
x*w= lnDroadDeep	1.256	.427	1.979	2.942	







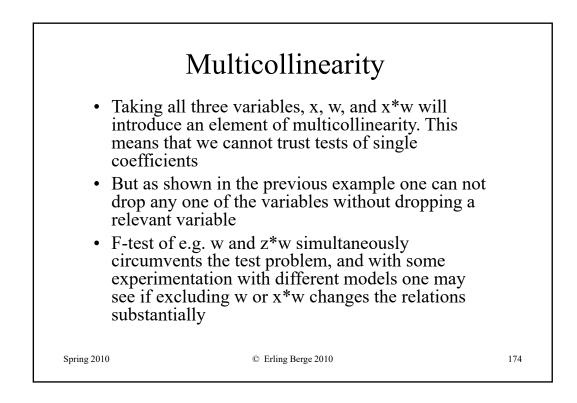


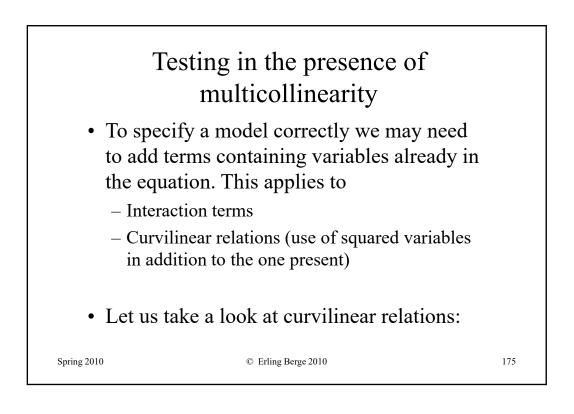
Fotnote:• Fra tabell 3.6 $\hat{y}_i = 9.07 - 6.72x_i - 1.11w_i + 1.26x_iw_i$ • Sett inn for $x_i = 1$ (djup brønn) og $x_i = 0$ (grunn brønn) • For $x_i = 1$ (djupe brønnar) vert samanhengen ureining og avstand • $\hat{y}_i = 2.35 + .15w_i$ • For $x_i = 0$ (grunne brønnar) vert samanhengen ureining og avstand • $\hat{y}_i = 9.07 - 1.11w_i$ • NB: Legg merke til korleis interaksjonsleddet totalt endrar samanhengane mellom variablane

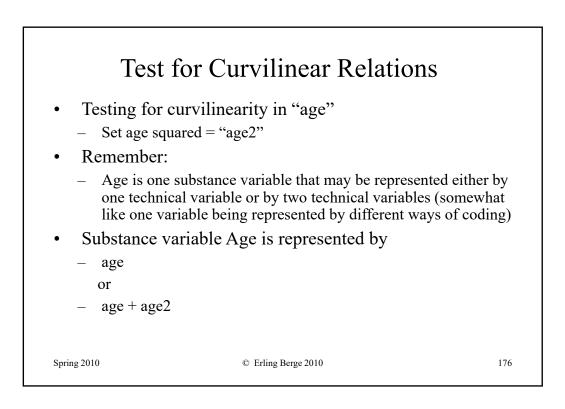
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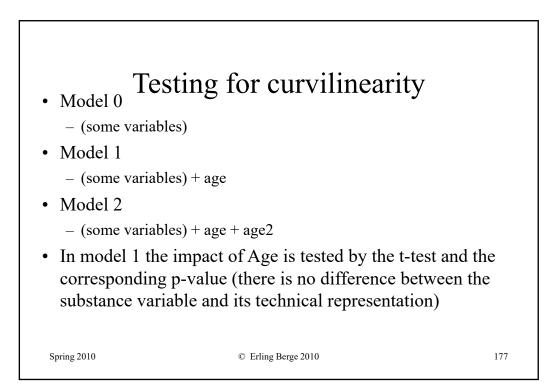
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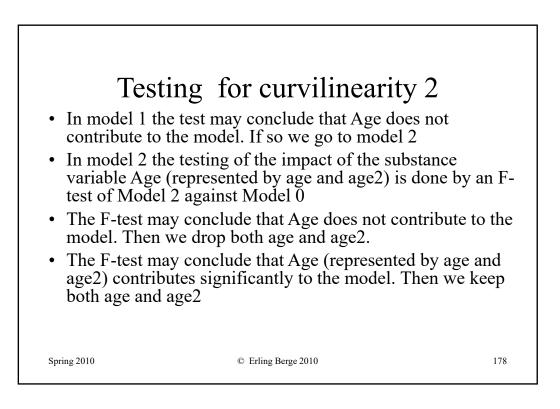
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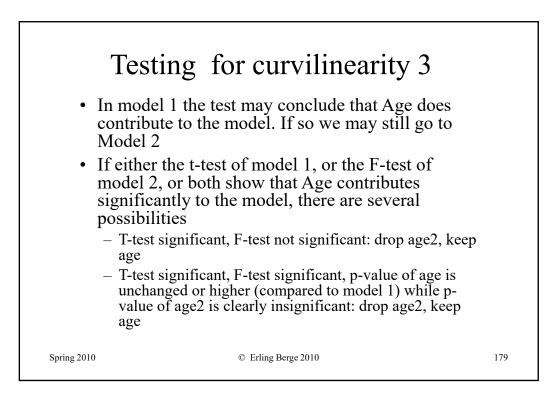


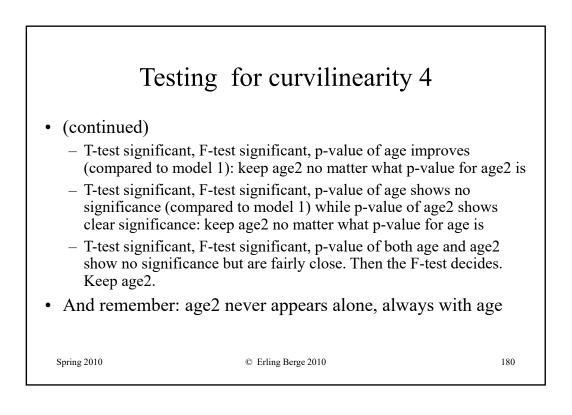


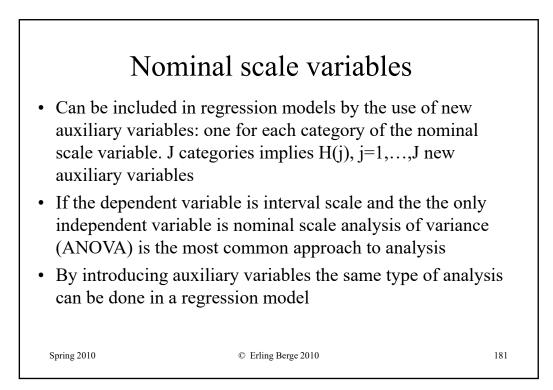


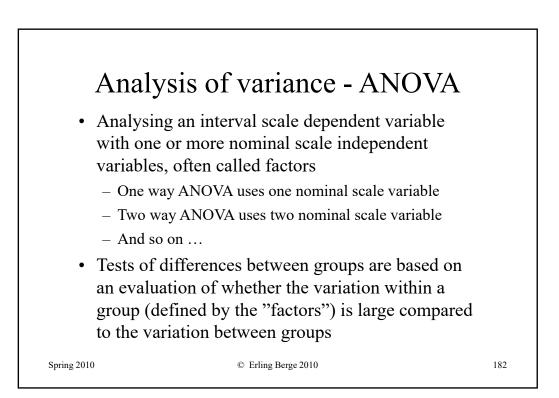


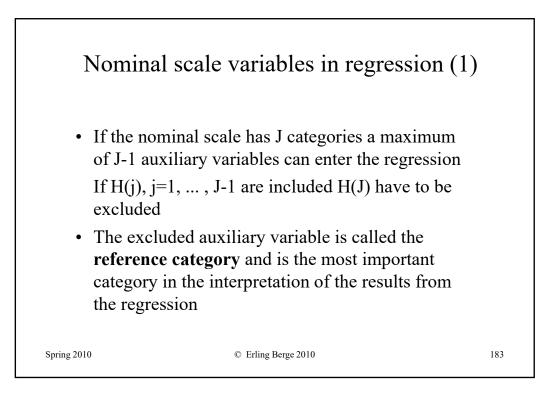


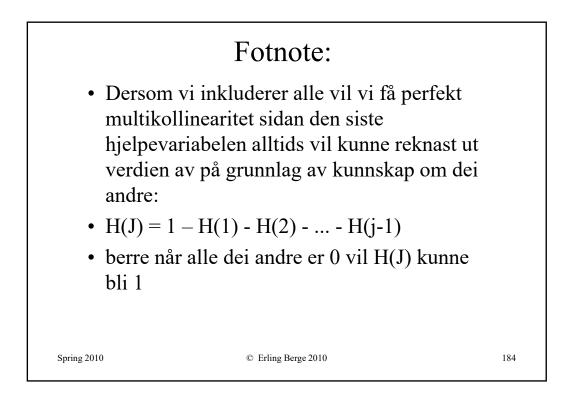


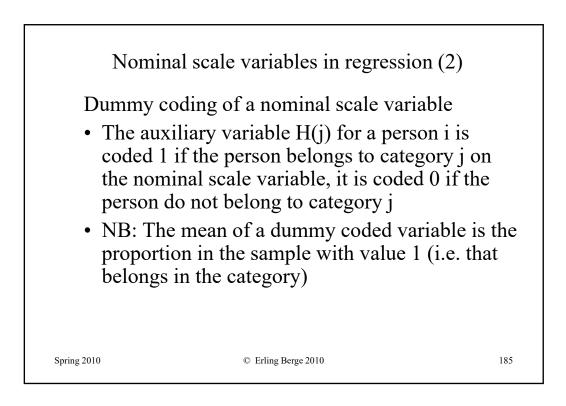


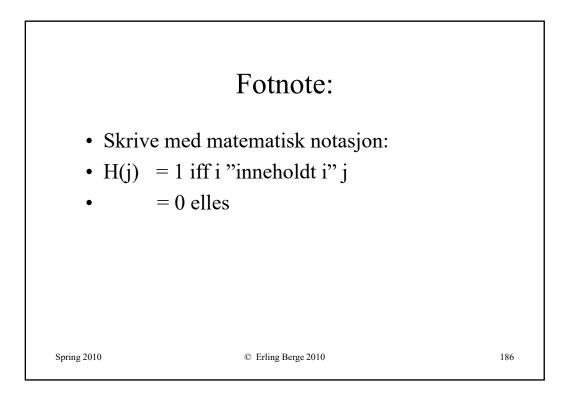


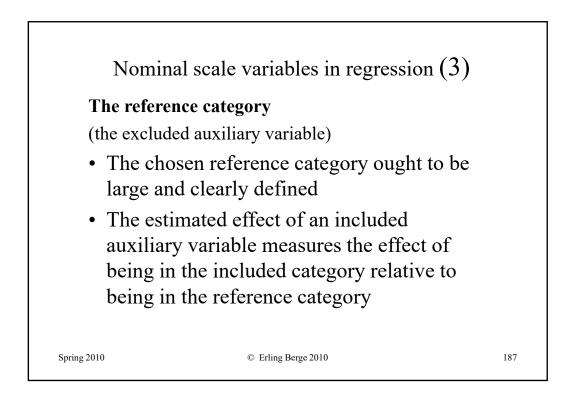


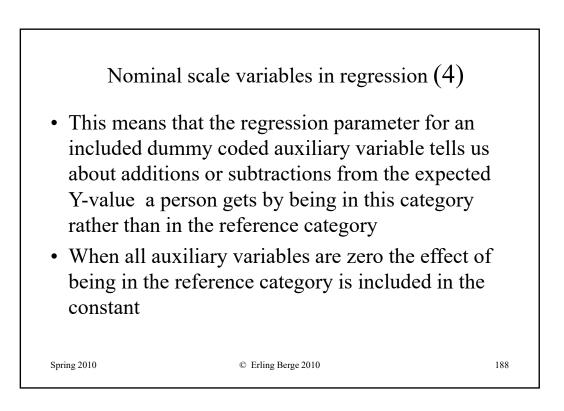


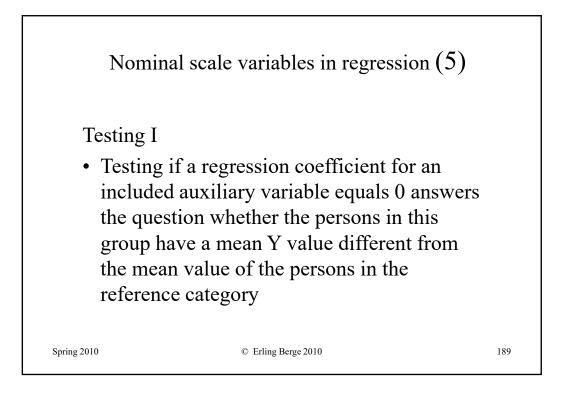


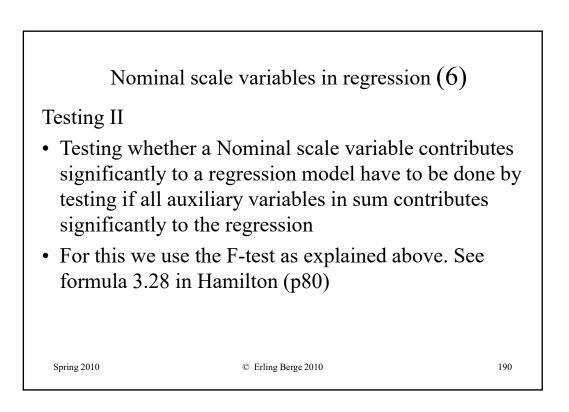


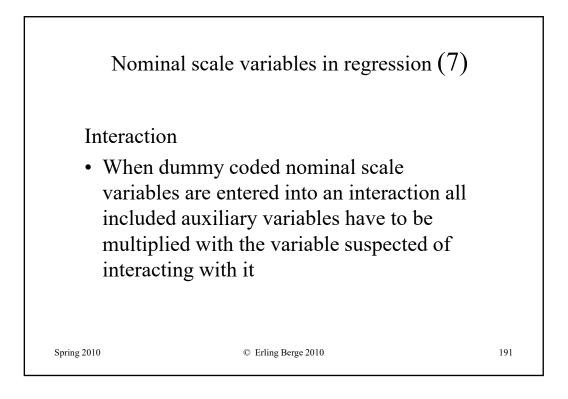


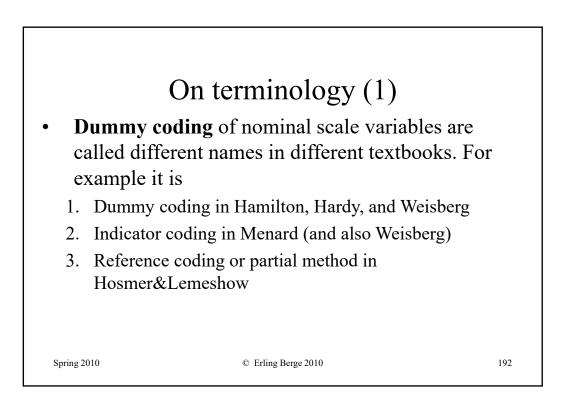


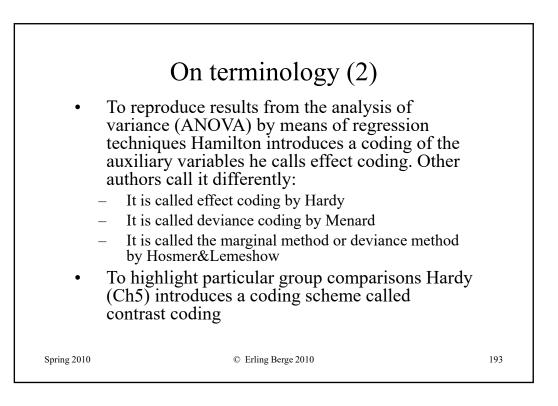


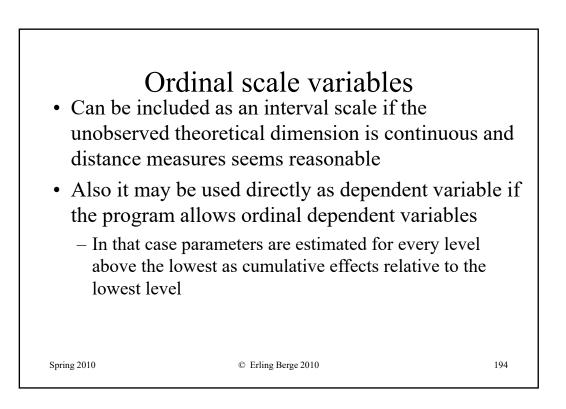








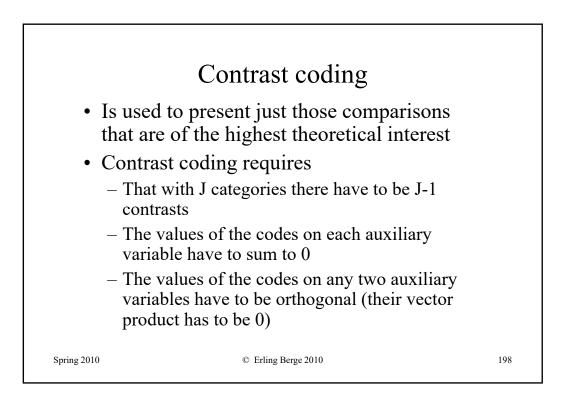


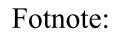


N	ominal s	cale va	riables	
TYPE OF GROUP	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
POLITICIAN	48	12.6	12.6	12.6
FARMER	132	34.7	34.7	47.4
PEOPLE not Farmers or Pol	200	52.6	52.6	100.0
Total	380	100.0	100.0	
Spring 2010	© Er	ling Berge 2010		195

	P			nmy	COU	ing
Nominal scale			Auxiliar y	variables	H (*)	
Type of group	Code	N	H(1)= Pol	H(2)= Farmer	H(3)= People	
Politicians	1	48	1	0	0	
Farmers	2	132	0	1	0	
Other People	3	200	0	0	1	Referenc

Nominal scala			Auxiliary variable		
Type of group	Code	N	H(1)= Pol	H(2)= Farmer	
Politicians	1	48	1	0	
Farmers	2	132	0	1	
Other People	3	200	-1	-1	Reference category
In effect codi	ng the re	feren	ce catego	bry is code	d -1. Effect codir





 Kontrastkoding er nært beslekta med effektkoding. Ein inkluderer fleire kategoriar i ei samanlikning ved å la vektene for kvar gruppe kategoriar som skal samanliknast summere seg til 1, -1 for den eine og +1 for den andre gruppa (jfr side 65 i Hardy)

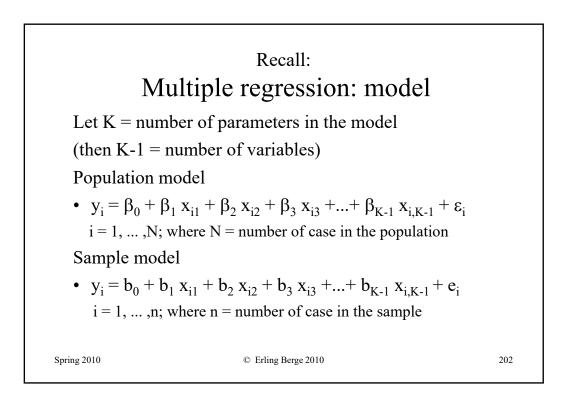
Spring 2010

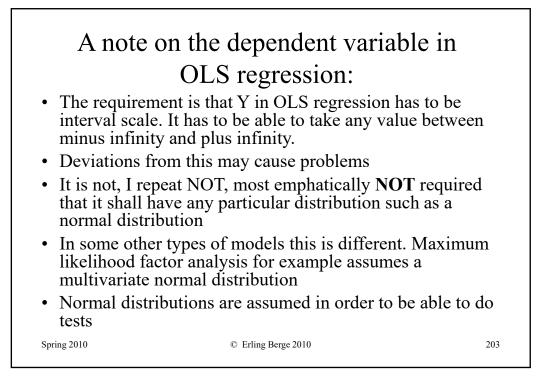
© Erling Berge 2010

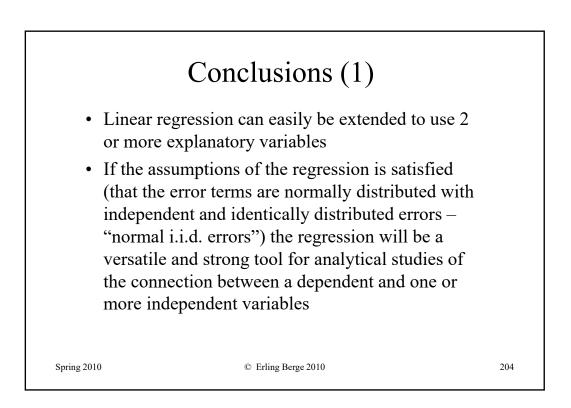
199

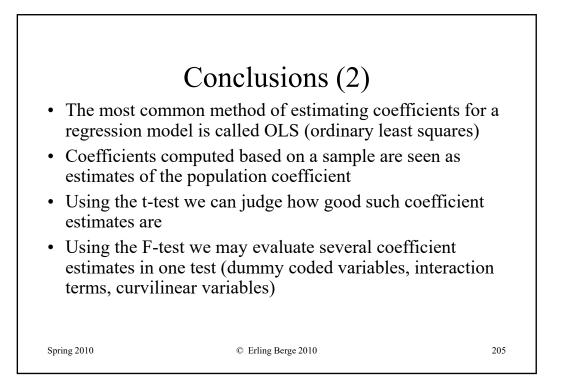
	Use of dummy co	ded	var	iabl	les(1)	
	Dependent Variable: I. of political contr. of sales of agric. est.	В	Std. Error	Beta	t	Sig.	
	(Constant)	4.106	.152		26.991	.000	
	Pol	.914	.337	.147	2.711	.007	
	Farmer	.421	.240	.096	1.758	.080	
be Tl	he constant shows the mean of the elong to the reference category he mean of the dependent variable core points above the mean of the	e for po	oliticia	ns are	e 0.91 o		
	he mean on the dependent variable bints above the mean of the refere				.42 opi	nion s	score
ring	g 2010 © Erling Be	erge 2010					200

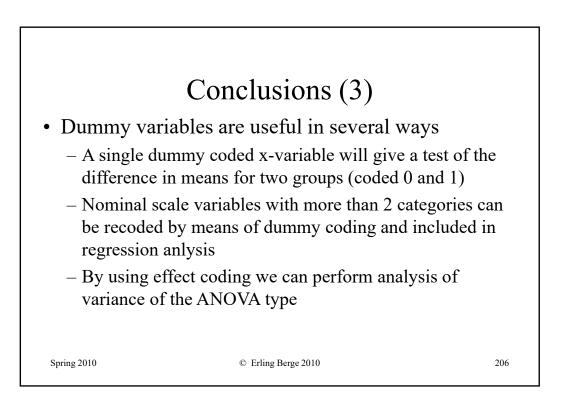
Dependent Variable: I. of political control of sales of agricultural estates	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)	4.264	.186	22.954	.000
Number of decare land Owned	.000	.000	2.176	.030
Pol	.566	.382	1.482	.139
Farmer	309	.338	913	.362
Compare this table with the pr How do we interpret the coeffi			U	

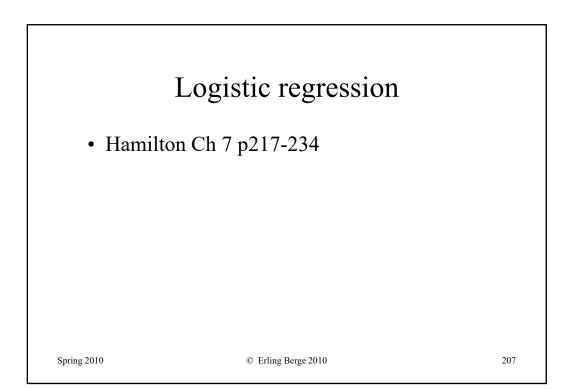


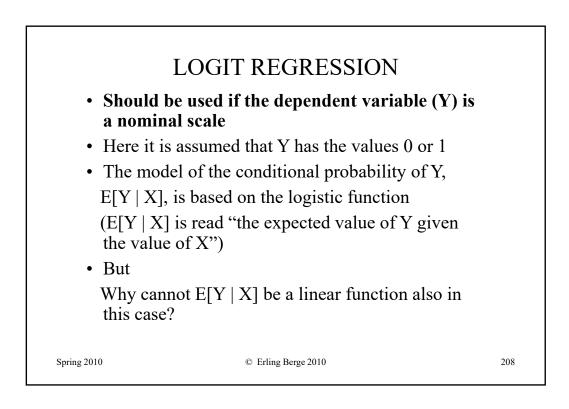


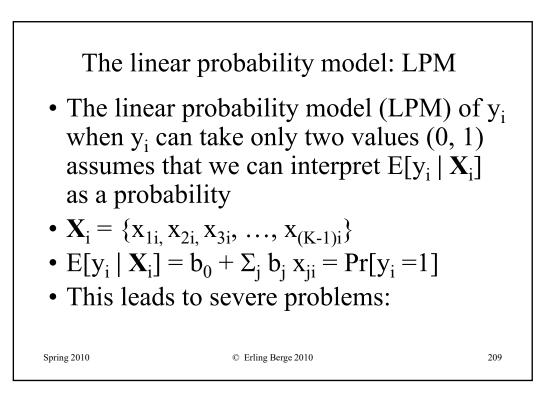


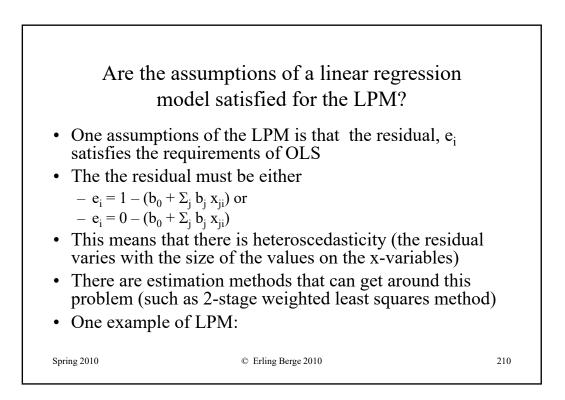




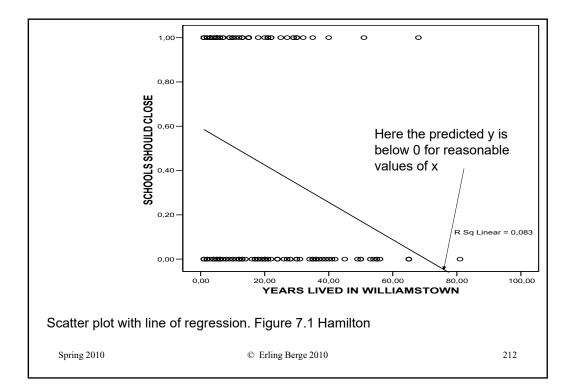


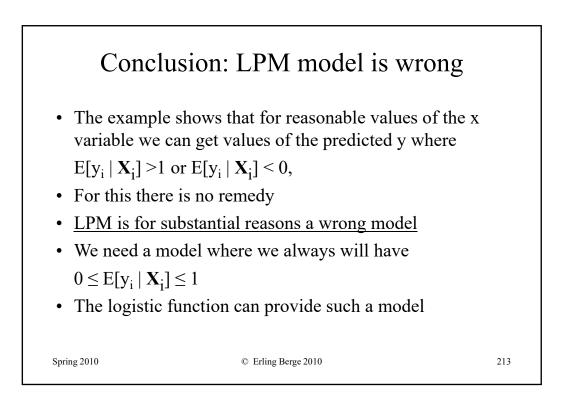


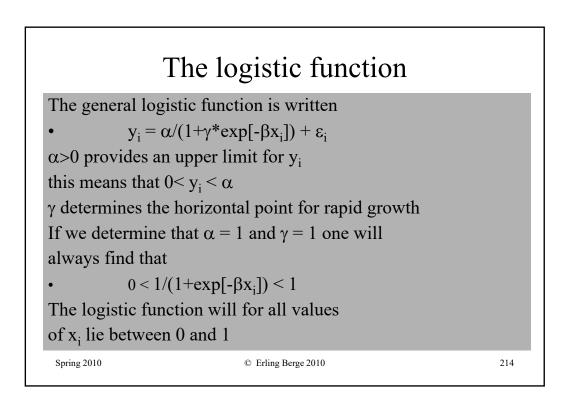


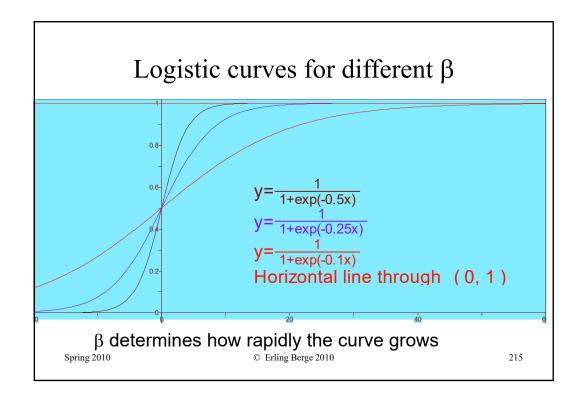


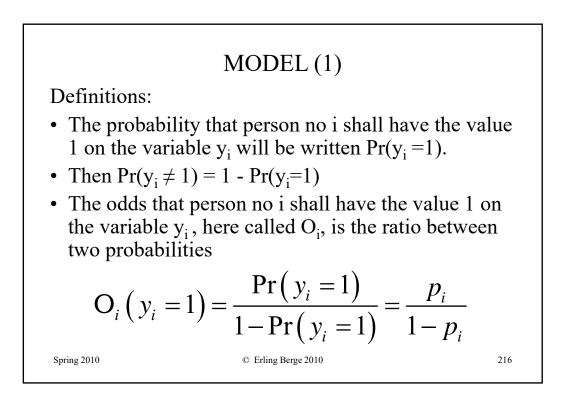
the independent	t variable	''year	rs lived	in towi	n''
ANOVA tabell	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Regression	3,111	1	3,111	13,648	,000(a
Residual	34,418	151	,228		
Total	37,529	152			
Dependent Variable: SCHOOLS SHOULD CLO	Dependent Variable: SCHOOLS SHOULD CLOSE		Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)		,594	,059	10,147	,000
YEARS LIVED IN TOWN	N	-,008	,002	-3,694	,000

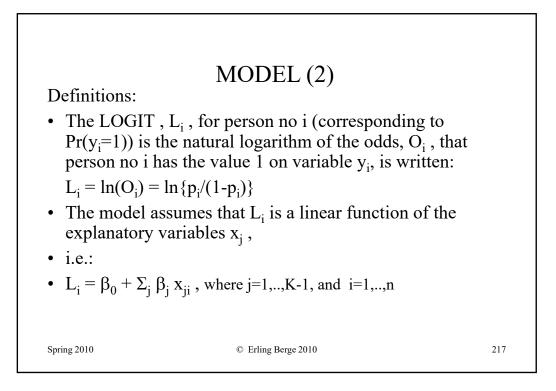


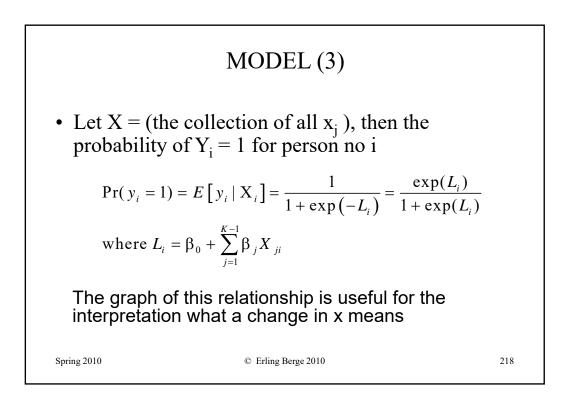


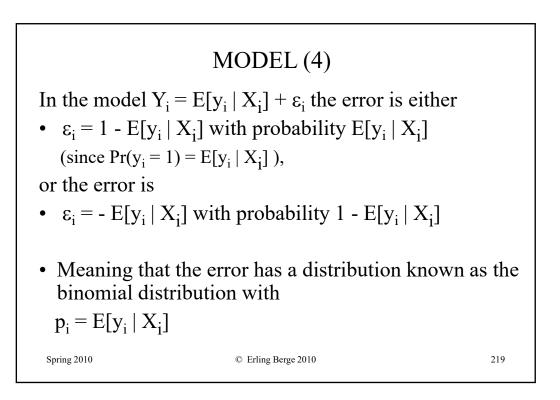


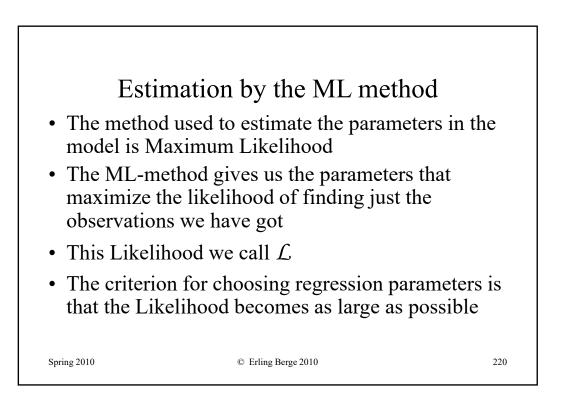


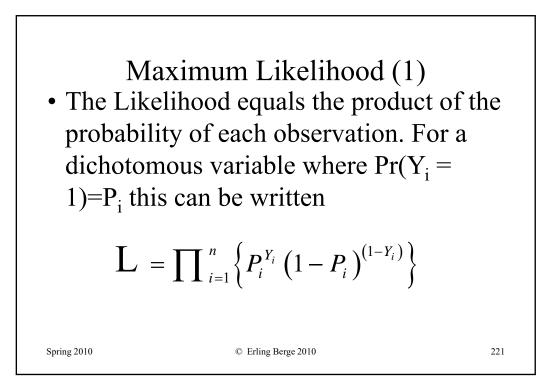


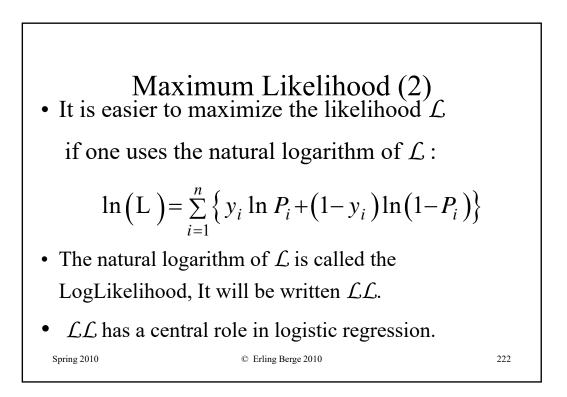


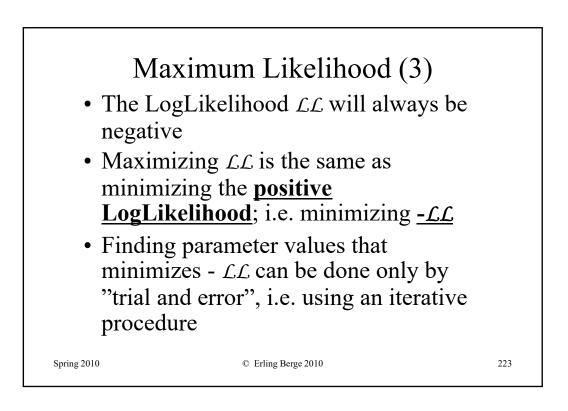




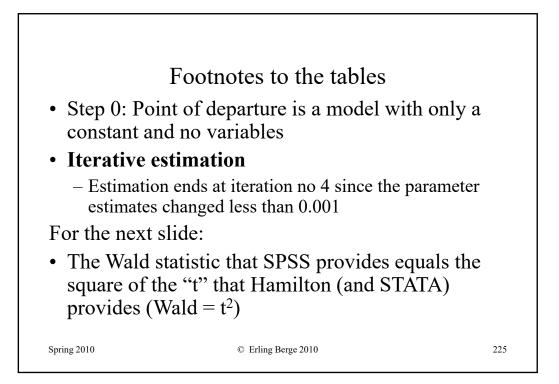




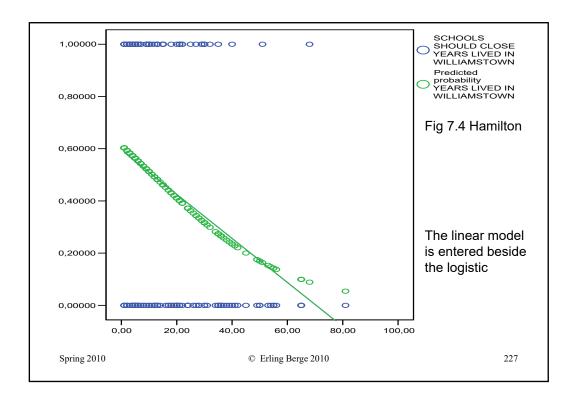


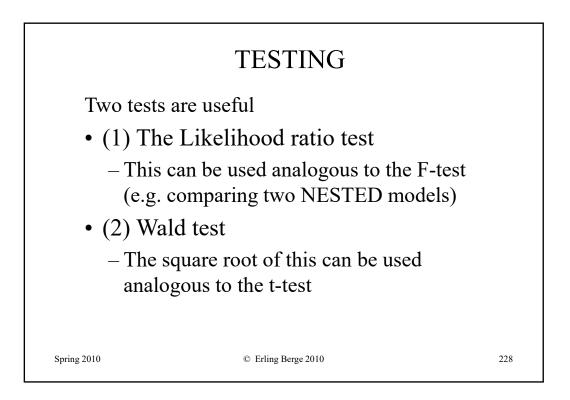


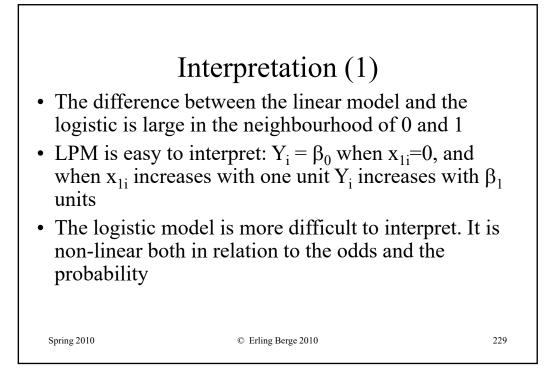
	Iter	ative estim:	ation	
			Coeffic	ients
From Hamilton Tabell 7.1	Iteration	-2 Log Likelihood	Constant	lived
Initial	0	209,212	-,276	
Step	1	195,684	,376	-,034
	2	195,269	,455	-,041
	3	195,267	,460	-,041
	4	195,267	,460	-,041
Note the col	umn titled -	2 LogLikeliho	od	

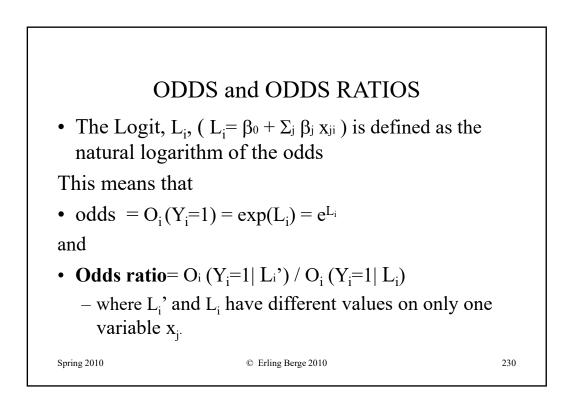


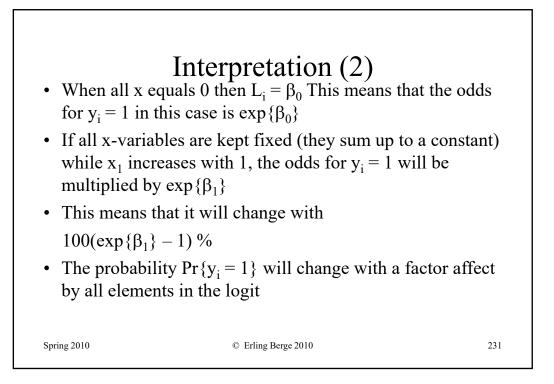
Logistic mo OLS regression (slide			ead	of	LF	ΡM	
Dependent Variable: SCHOOLS SHOULD CLOSE		В	Std. 1	Erroi		t	Sig.
(Constant)		,5	94	,059		10,147	
YEARS LIVED IN TOWN		-,0	08	,002	2 -:	-3,694	
Logistic regression		-					
Dependent: Schools should close	В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(H	3)
Lived in town	-,041	,012	11,399	1	,001	,96	50
Constant				1	,080	1,58	34
Spring 2010	© Erling Be			1		1	226

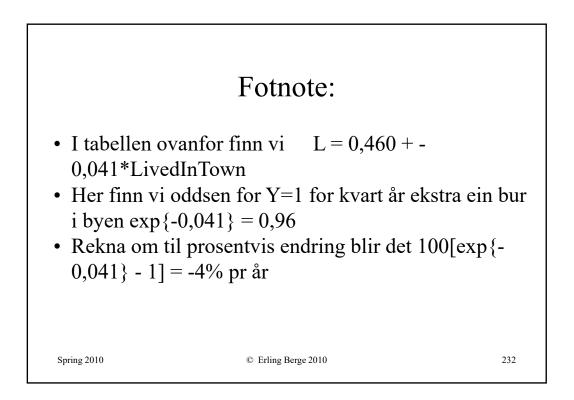


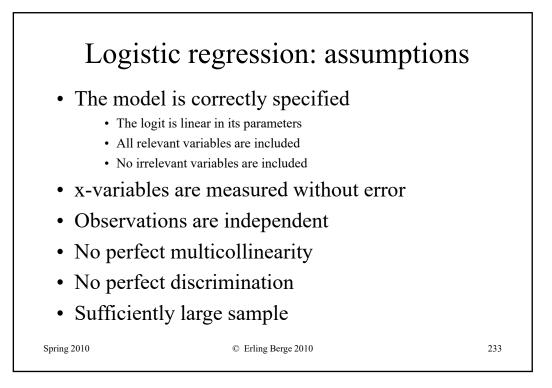


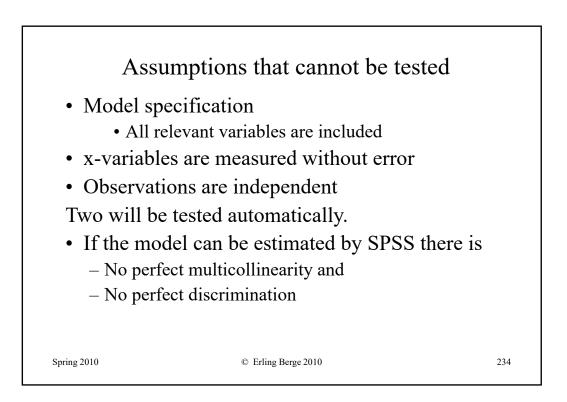


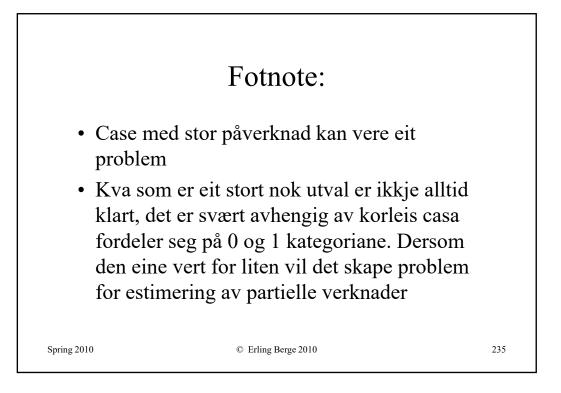


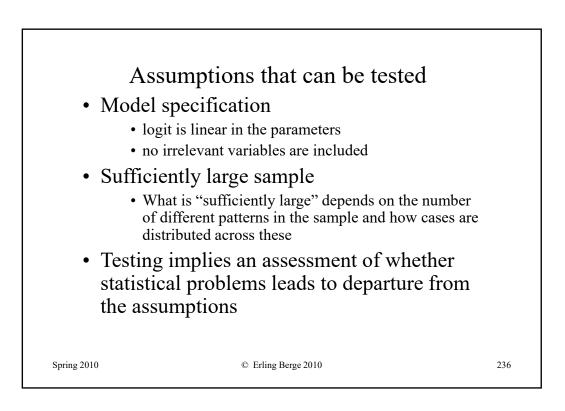


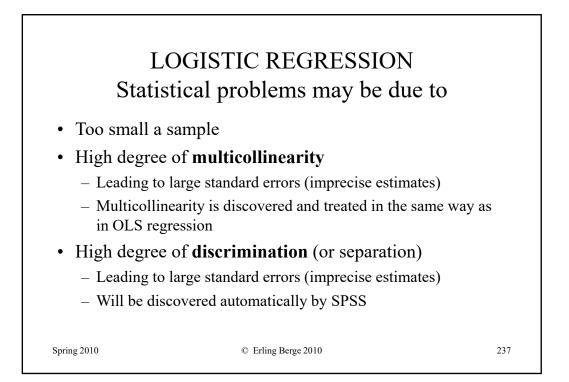


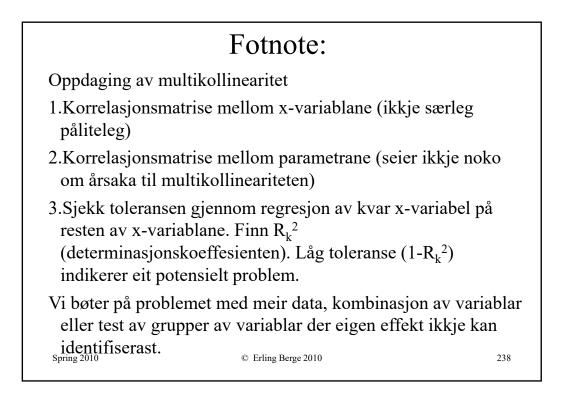


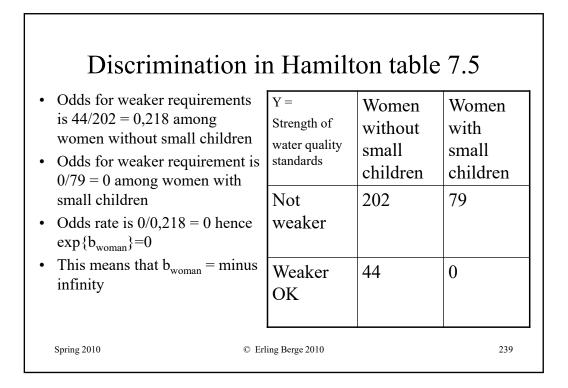


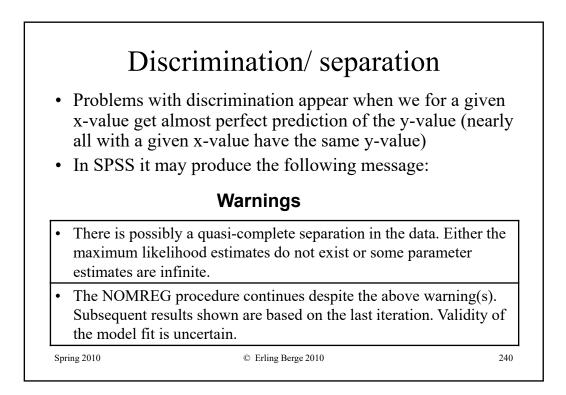


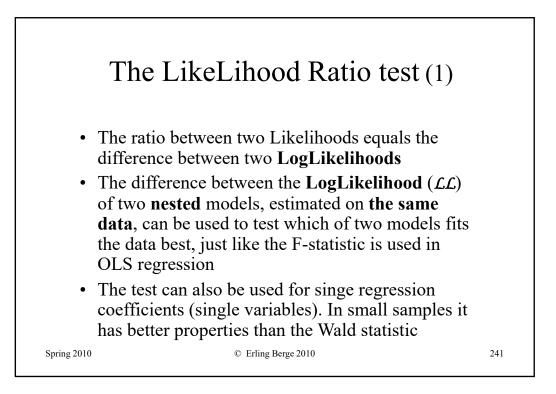


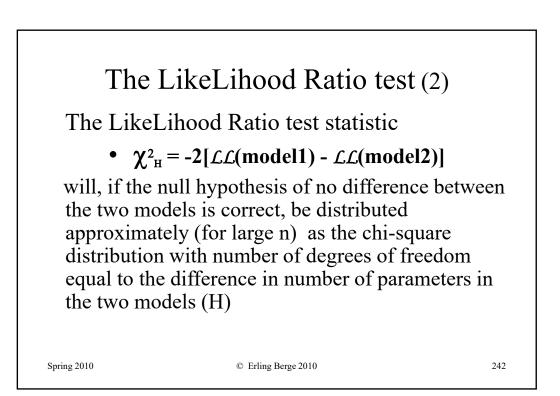


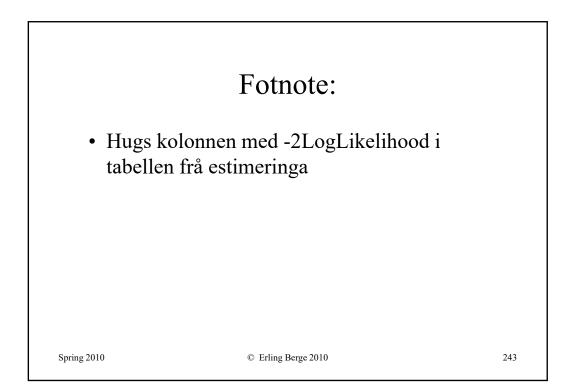


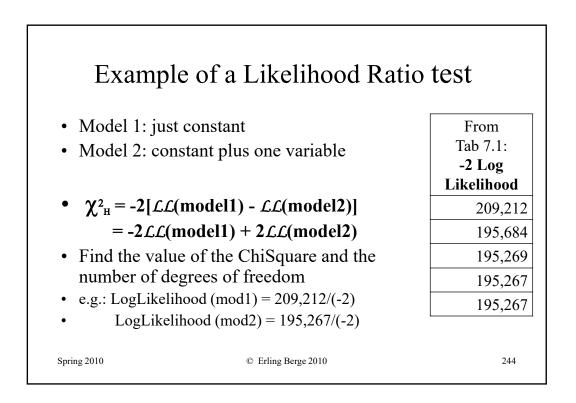


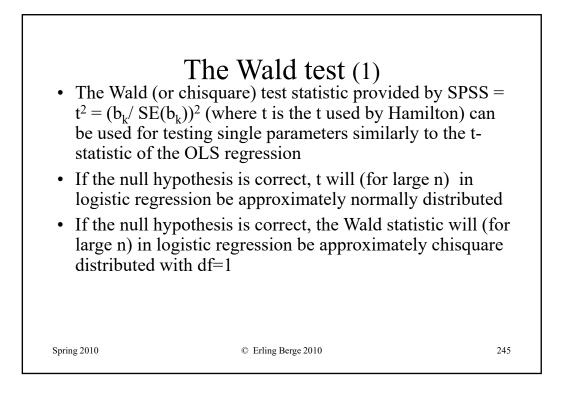


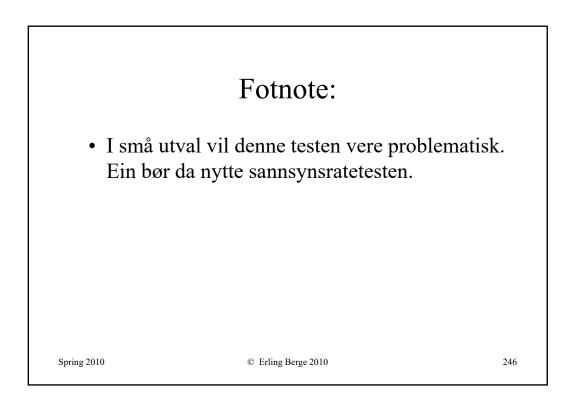




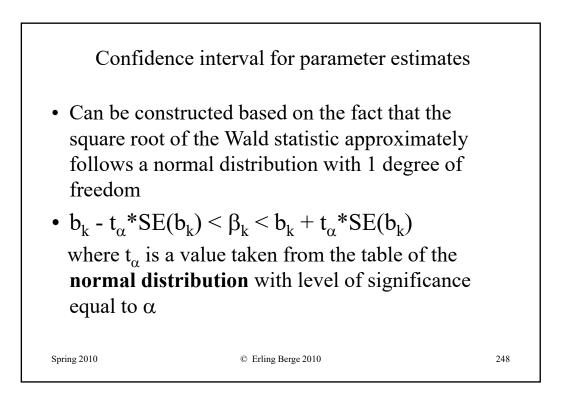


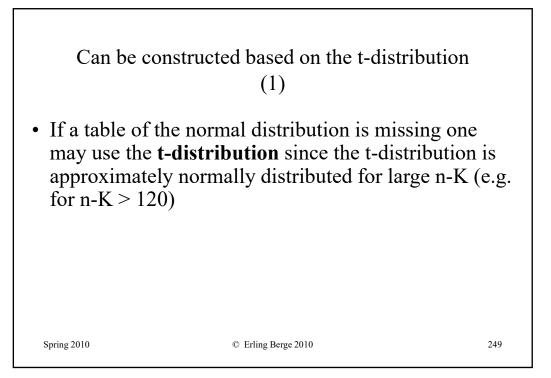






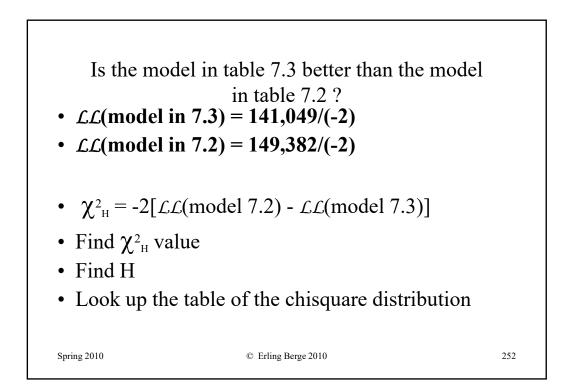
Iterasjon	-2 Log likelihood					
0	209,212					
1	152,534					
2	149,466					
3	149,382					
4	149,382					
5	149,382					
Variables	В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)
Lived	-,046	,015	9,698	1	,002	,955
Educ	-,166	,090	3,404	1	,065	,847
Contam	1,208	,465	6,739	1	,009	3,347
Hsc	2,173	,464	21,919	1	,000	8,784
Constant	1,731	1,302	1,768	1	,184	5,649

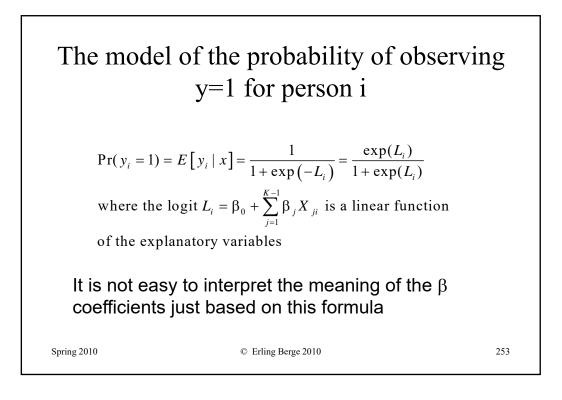


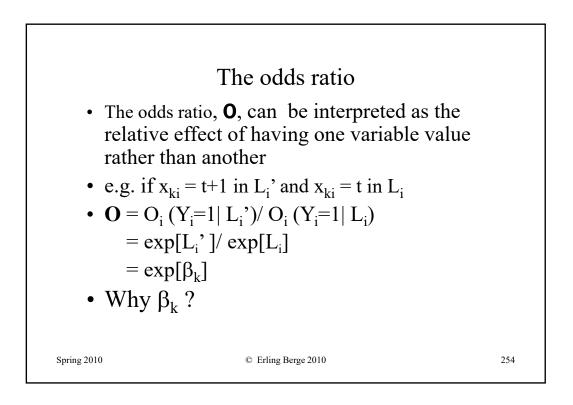


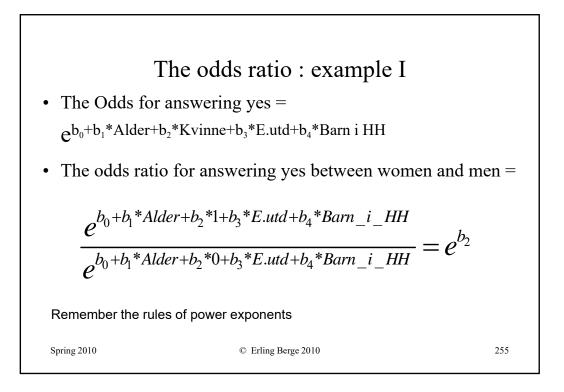
STATA				t ²		Prob>t	
SPSS		В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)
Step 1	lived	-,047	,017	7,550	1	,006	,954
	educ	-,206	,093	4,887	1	,027	,814
	contam	1,282	,481	7,094	1	,008	3,604
	hsc	2,418	,510	22,508	1	,000	11,223
	female	-,052	,557	,009	1	,926	,950
	kids	-,671	,566	1,406	1	,236	,511
	nodad	-2,226	,999	4,964	1	,026	,108
	Constant	2,894	1,603	3,259	1	,071	18,060

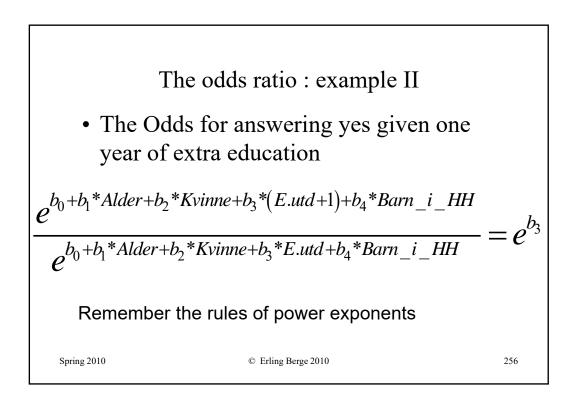
		Mo	re fro	om H	lami	lton 7	Table	7.3		
Iteratio	on	-2 Log likelihood				Coeff	icients		i	
			Const	lived	educ	contam	hsc	female	kids	nodad
Step0		209,212	-0,276							
Step1	1	147,028	1,565	-,027	-,130	,782	1,764	-,015	-,365	-1,074
	2	141,482	2,538	-,041	-,187	1,147	2,239	-,037	-,580	-1,844
	3	141,054	2,859	-,046	-,204	1,269	2,401	-,050	-,662	-2,184
	4	141,049	2,893	-,047	-,206	1,282	2,418	-,052	-,671	-2,225
	5	141,049	2,894	-,047	-,206	1,282	2,418	-,052	-,671	-2,226

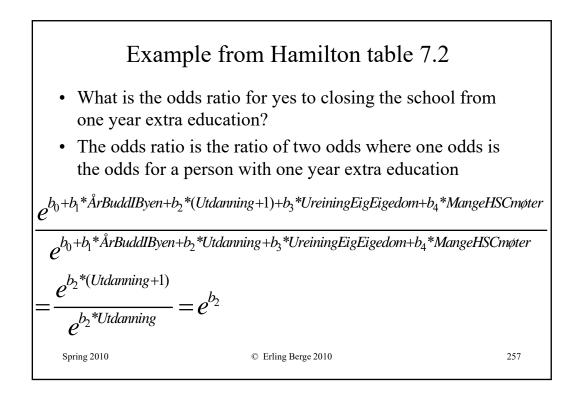


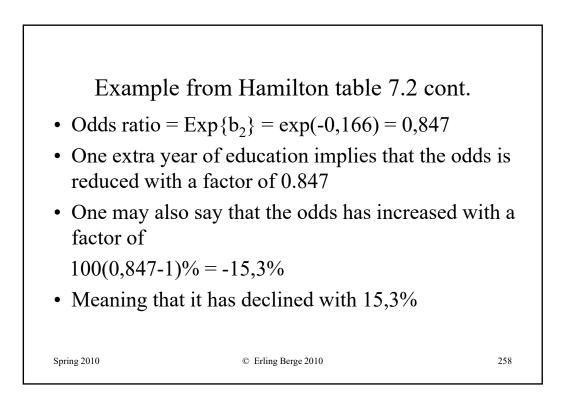


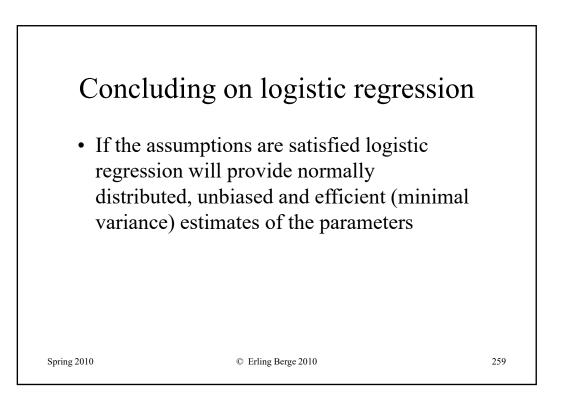


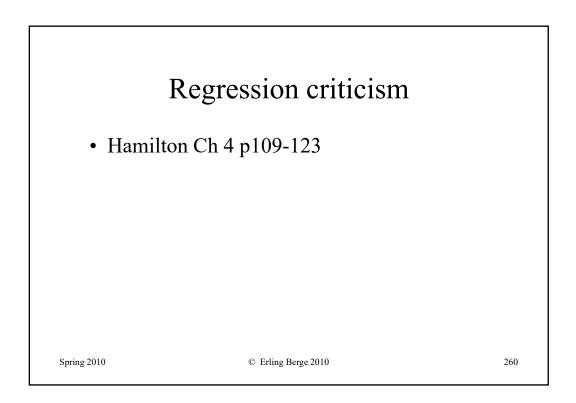


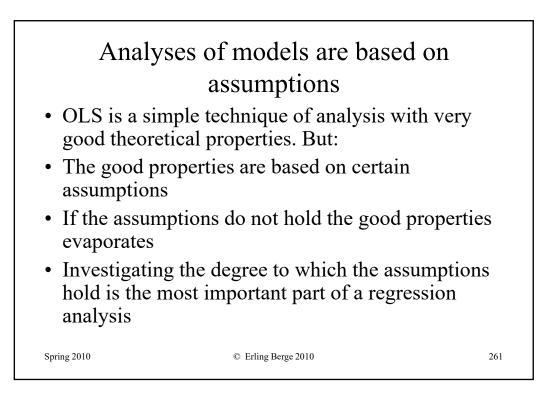


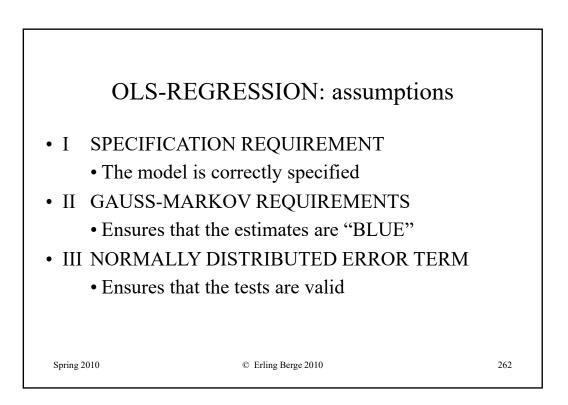


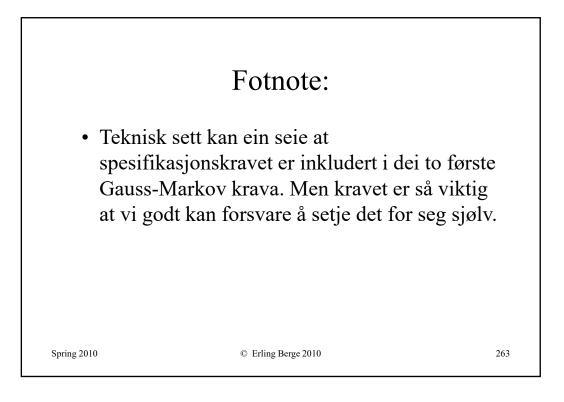


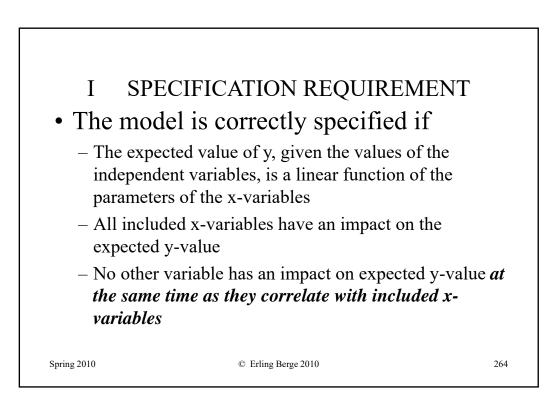




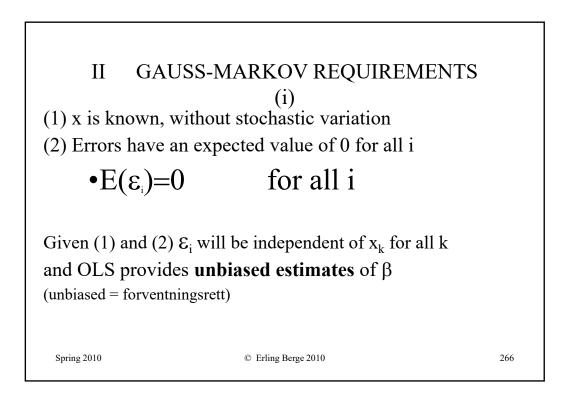




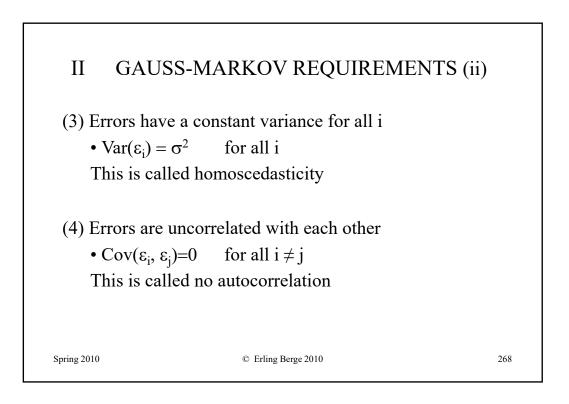


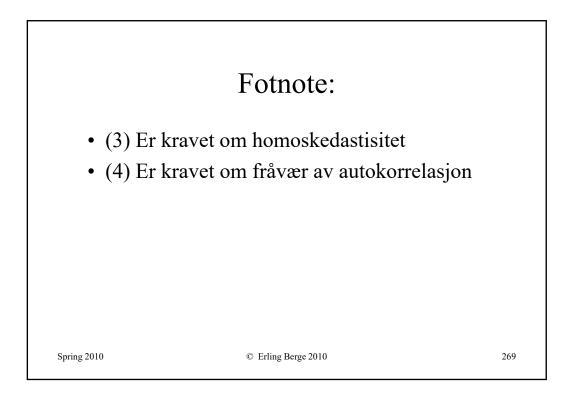


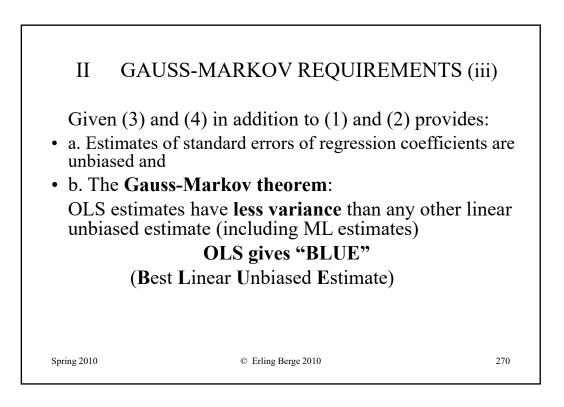




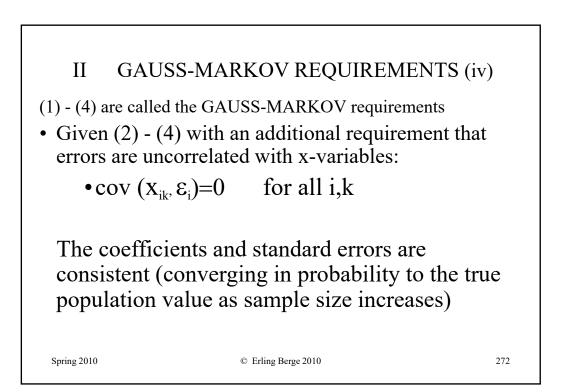


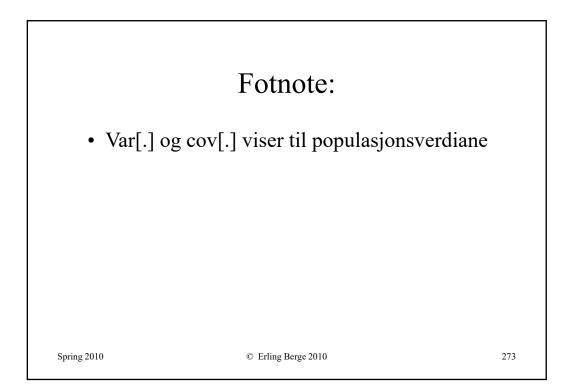


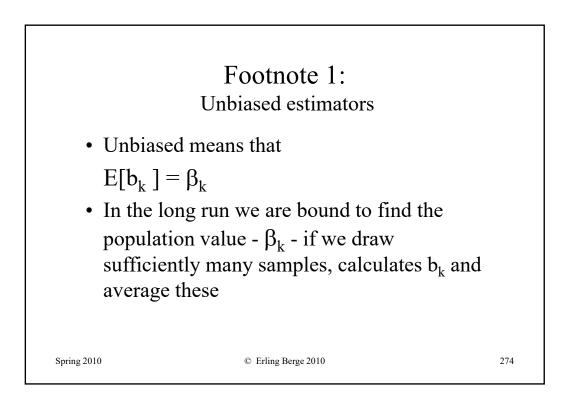


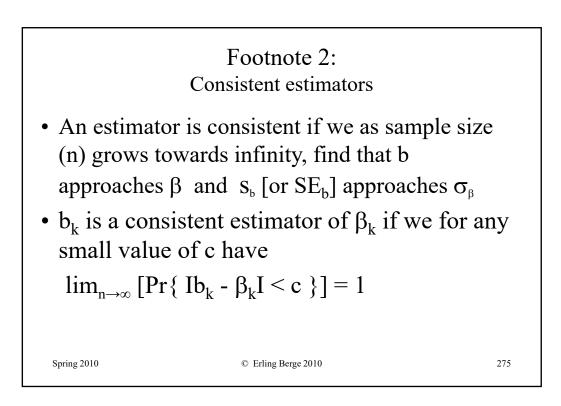


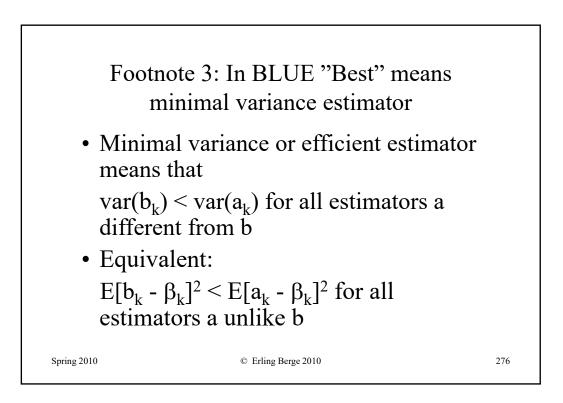


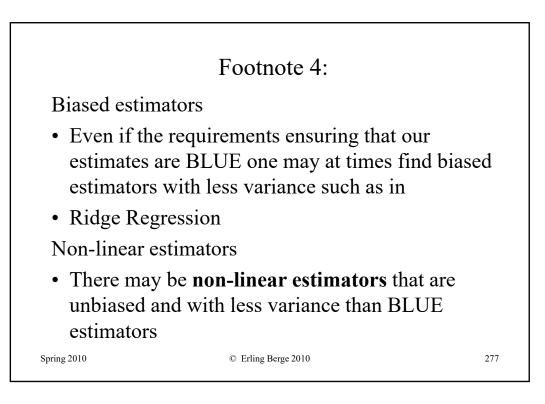


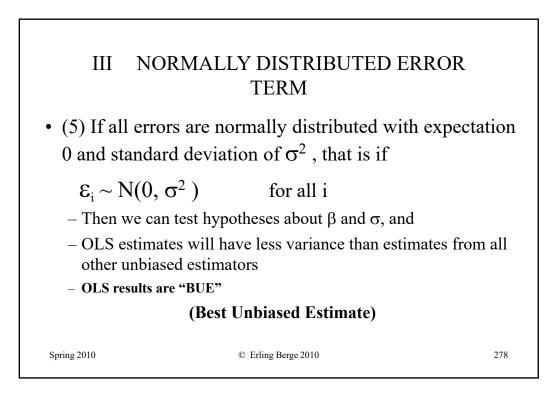


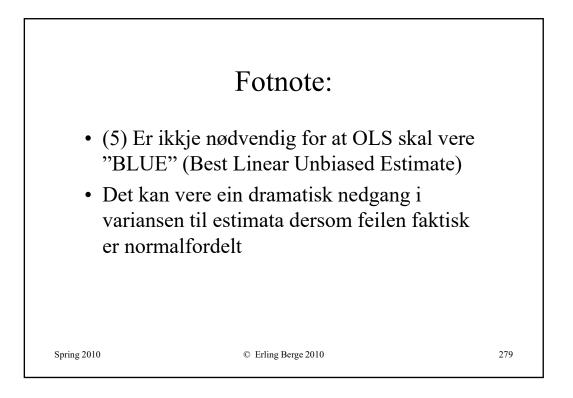


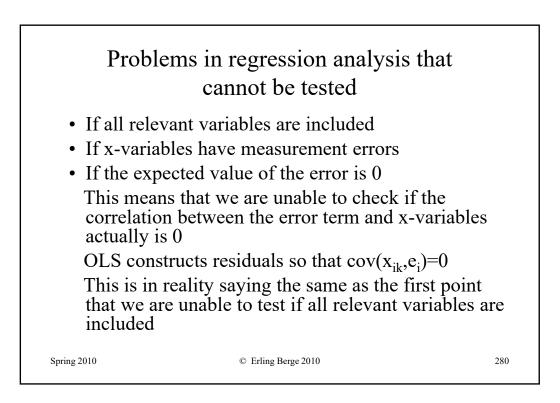


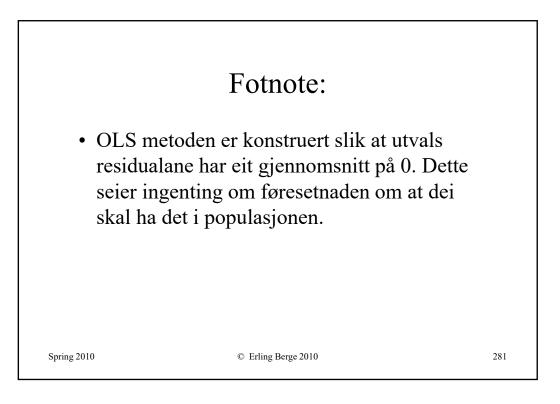


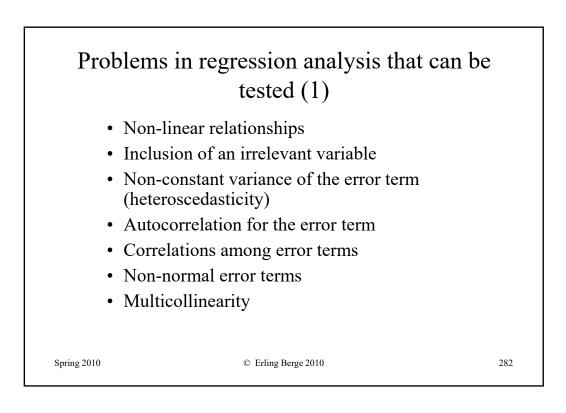




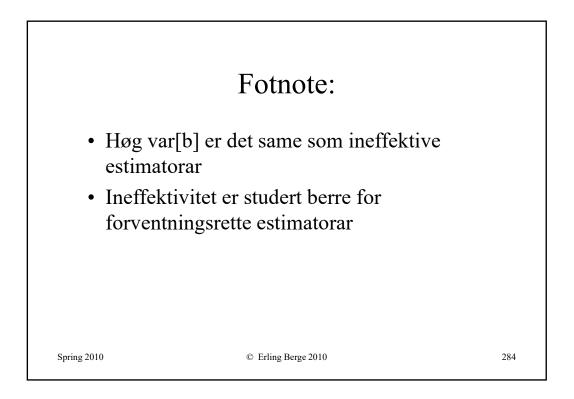


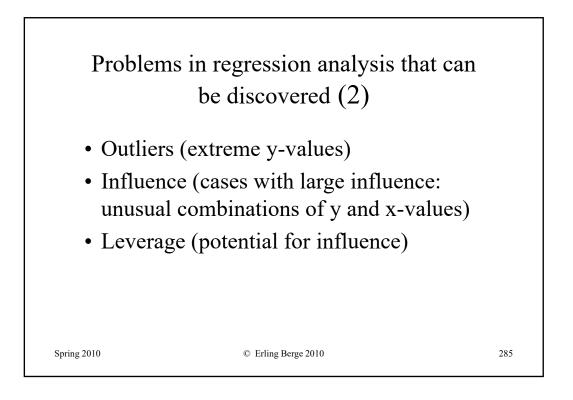


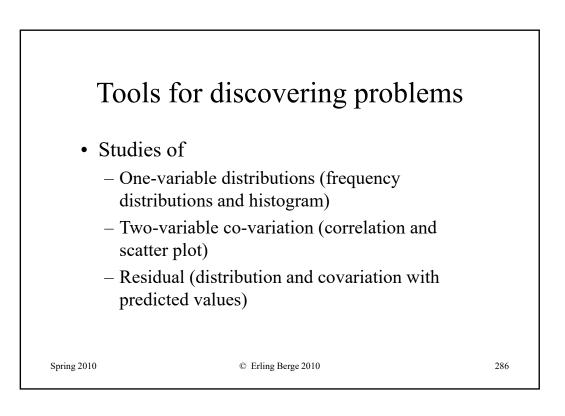




		Unwanted properties of estimates						
Requirem ent	Problem	Biased estimate of b	Biased estimate of SE _b	Invalid t&F-tests	High var[b]			
Specification	Non-linear relationship	Х	Х	Х	-			
''	Excluded relevant variable	X	Х	Х	-			
"	Included irrelevant variable	0	0	0	X			
Gauss-Markov	X with measurement error	X	Х	Х	-			
''	Heteroscedasticity	0	Х	Х	Х			
''	Autocorrelation	0	Х	Х	X			
''	X correlated with E	Х	Х	Х	-			
Normal distribution	E not normally distributed	0	0	Х	X			
no requirement	Multicollinearity	0	0	0	X			

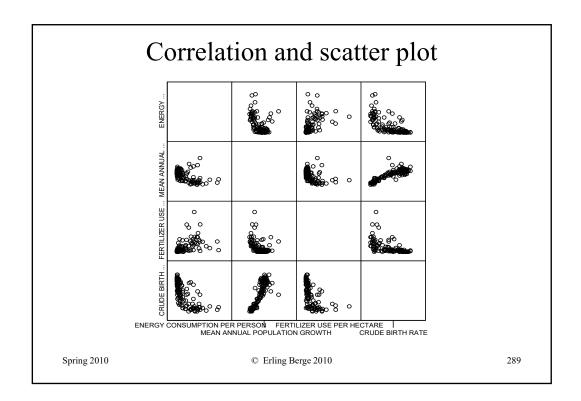


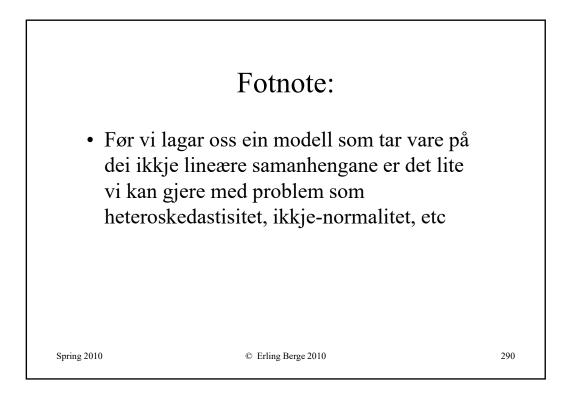


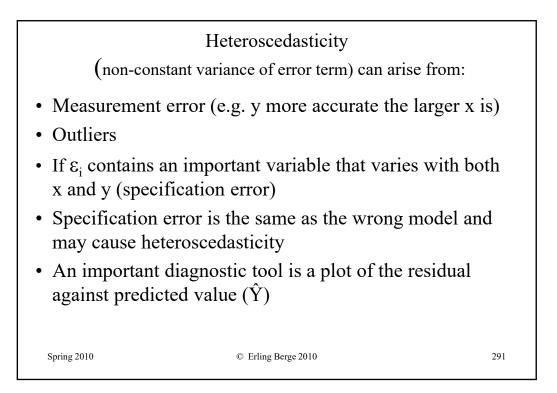


Correlation and scatter plot								
Data from 122 countries		ENERGY CONSUMP TION PER PERSON	MEAN ANNUAL POPULATION GROWTH	FERTILIZER USE PER HECTARE	CRUDE BIRTH RATE			
ENERGY CONSUMPTION PER PERSON	Pearson Correlation	1	-,505	,533	-,689			
	Ν	125	122	125	122			
MEAN ANNUAL POPULATION GROWTH	Pearson Correlation	-,505	1	-,469	,829			
	Ν	122	125	125	125			
FERTILIZER USE PER HECTARE	Pearson Correlation	,533	-,469	1	-,589			
	Ν	125	125	128	125			
CRUDE BIRTH RATE	Pearson Correlation	-,689	,829	-,589	1			
	Ν	122	125	125	12:			

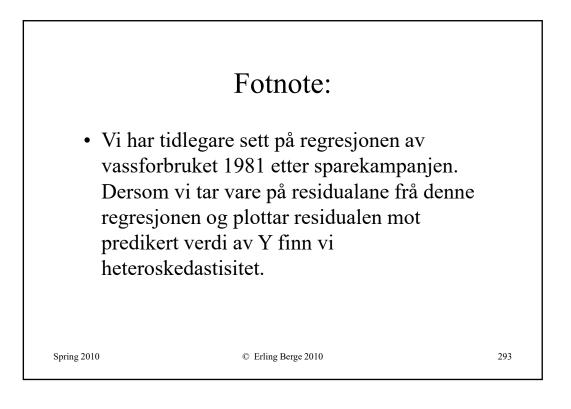


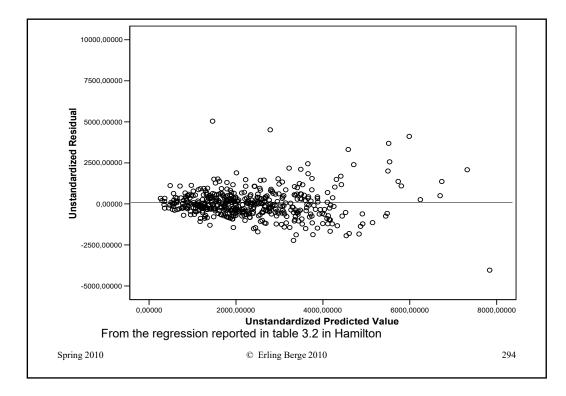


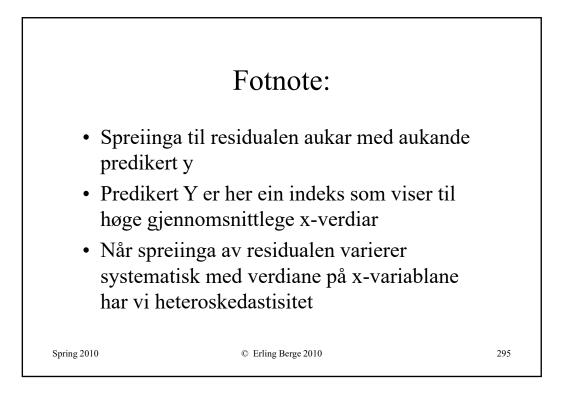


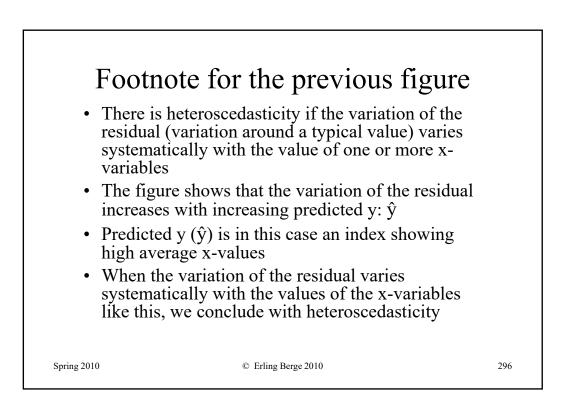


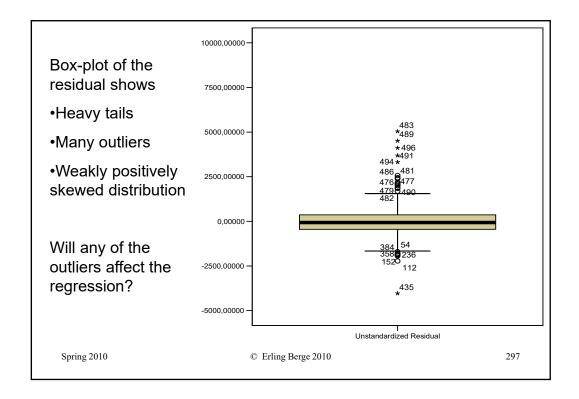
Example	: Hamiltor	I table 3	.∠	
Dependent Variable:		Unstandardized		
Summer 1981 Water Use	1981 Water Use Coefficients			
	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)	242,220	206,864	1,171	,242
Income in Thousands	20,967	3,464	6,053	,000
Summer 1980 Water Use	,492	,026	18,671	,000
Education in Years	-41,866	13,220	-3,167	,002
head of house retired?	189,184	95,021	1,991	,047
# of People Resident 1981	248,197	28,725	8,641	,000
Increase in # of People	96,454	80,519	1,198	,232

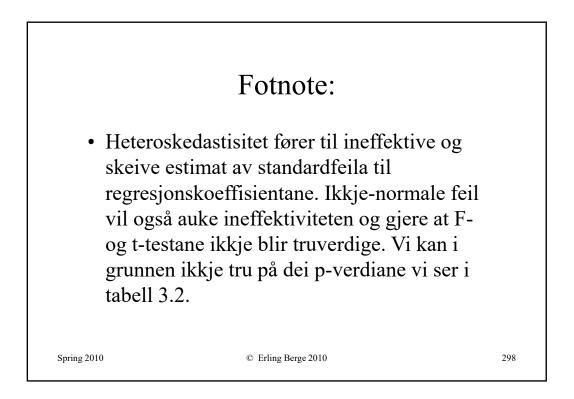


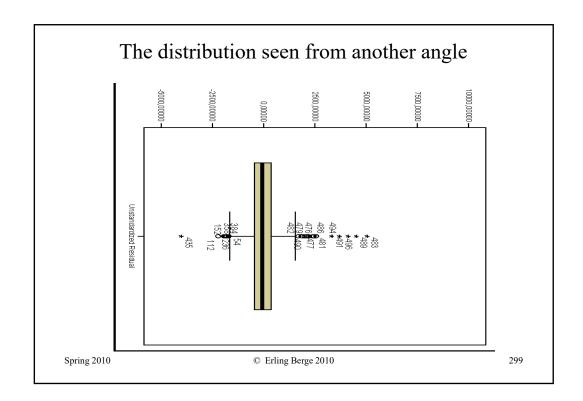


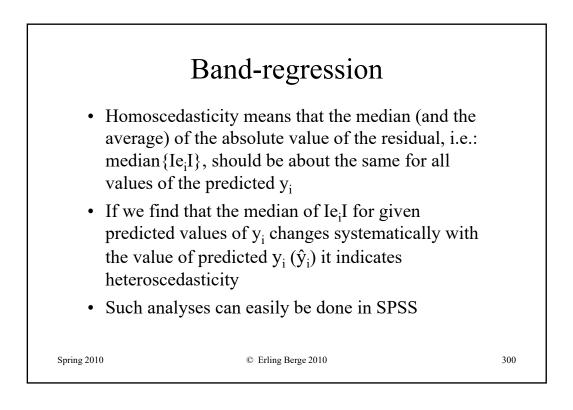


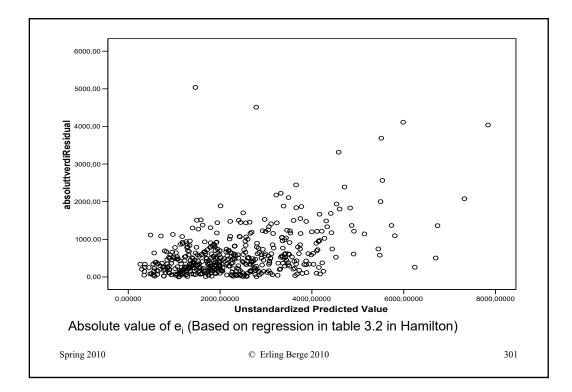


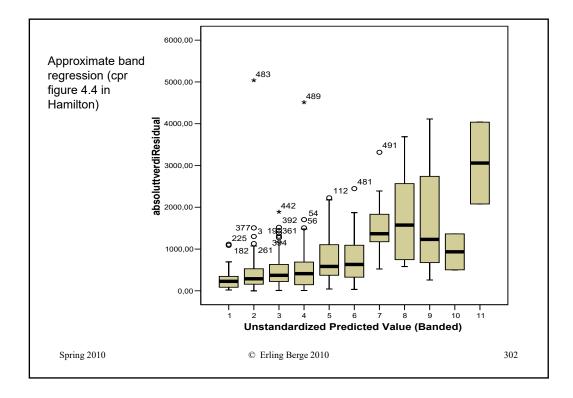


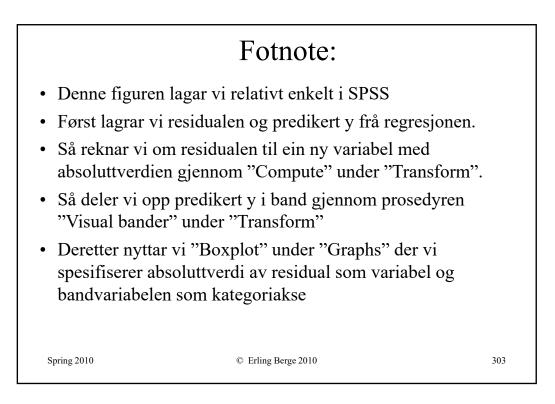


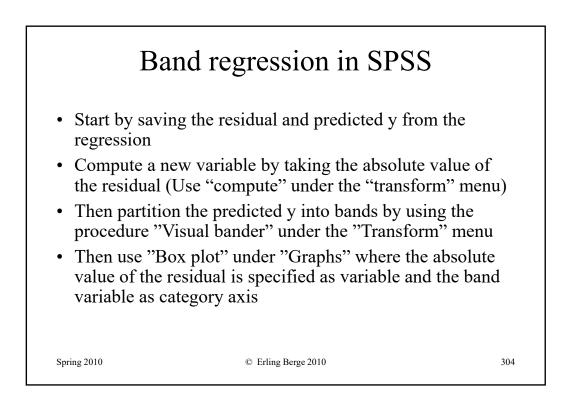


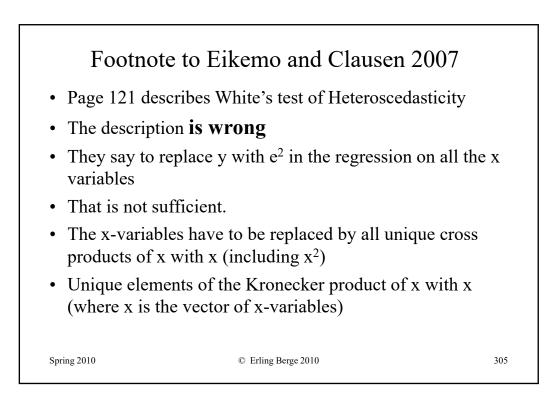


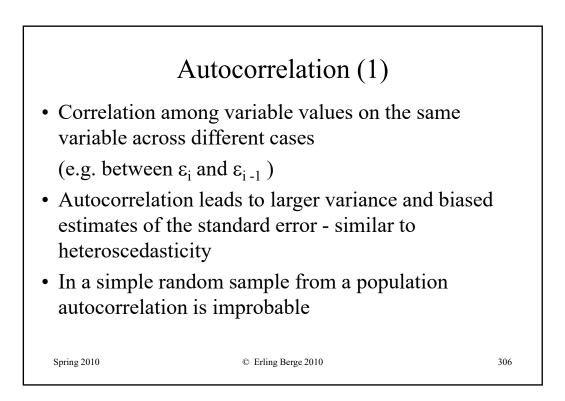


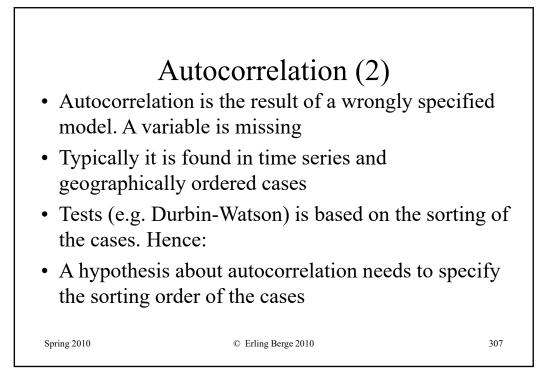


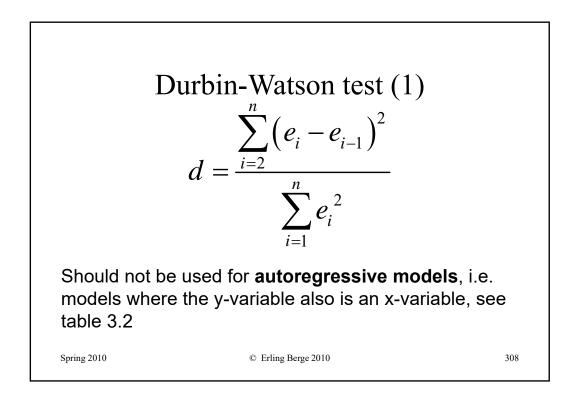


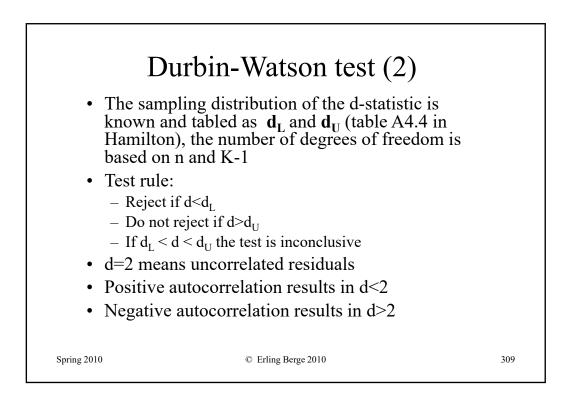


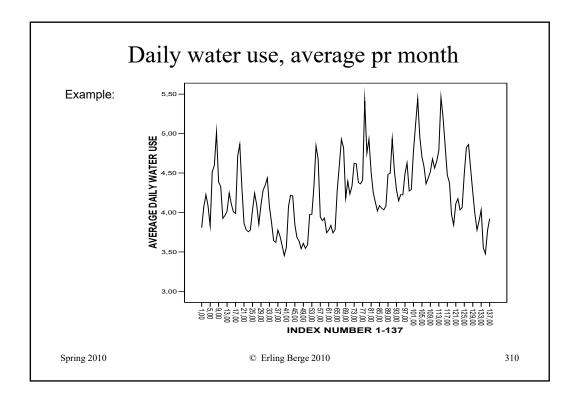




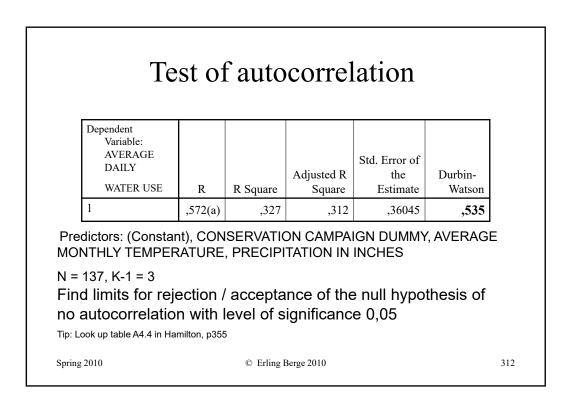


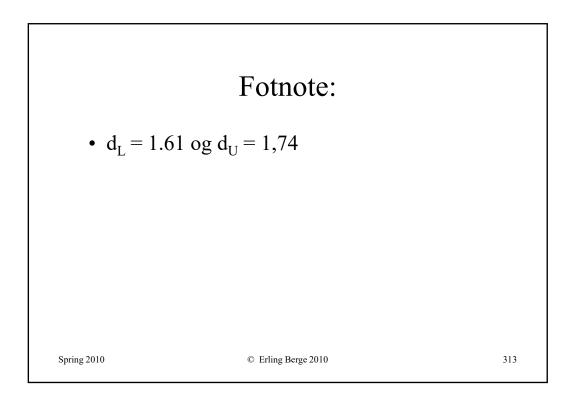


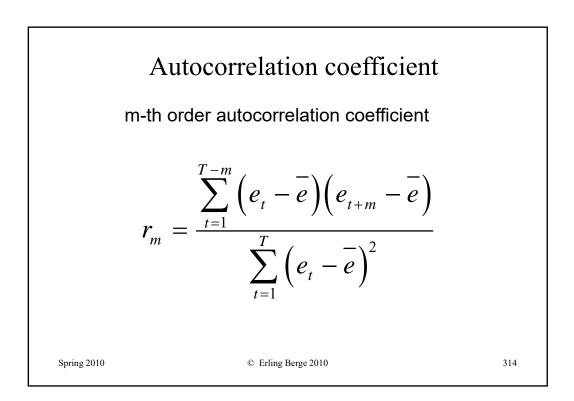


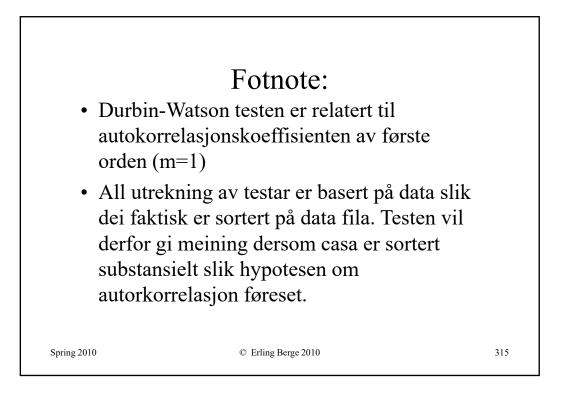


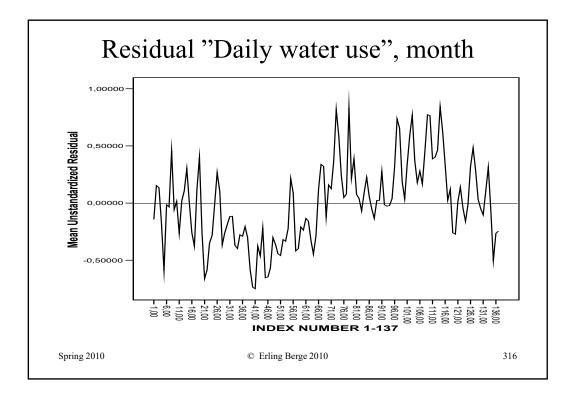
Dependent Variable: AVERAGE DAILY WATER USE	is month Unstandardized Coefficients		t	Sig.
	В	Std. Error		
(Constant)	3,828	,101	38,035	,00
AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE	,013	,002	7,574	,00
PRECIPITATION IN INCHES	-,047	,021	-2,234	,02
CONSERVATION CAMPAIGN DUMMY	-,247	,113	-2,176	,03

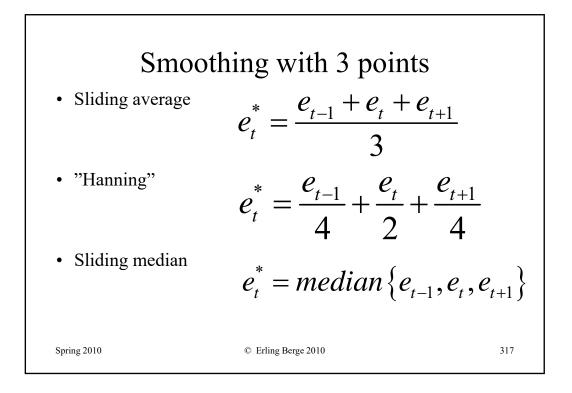


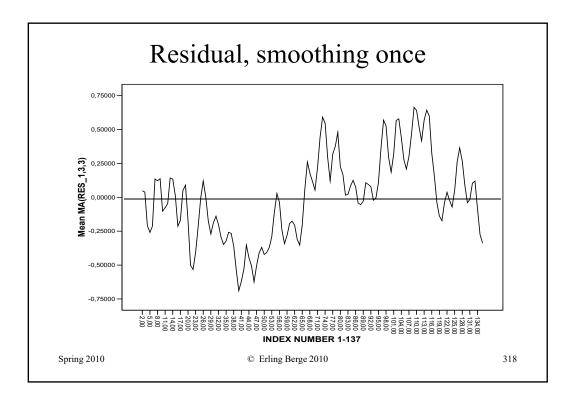


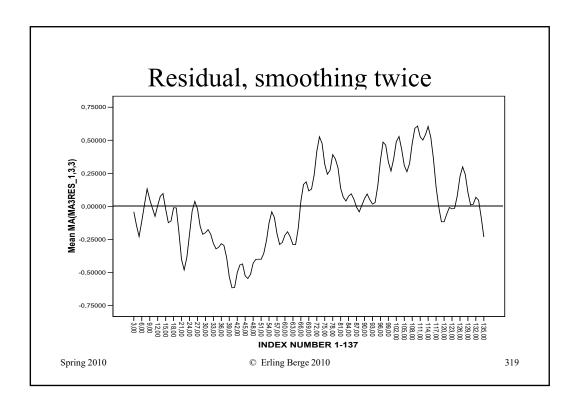


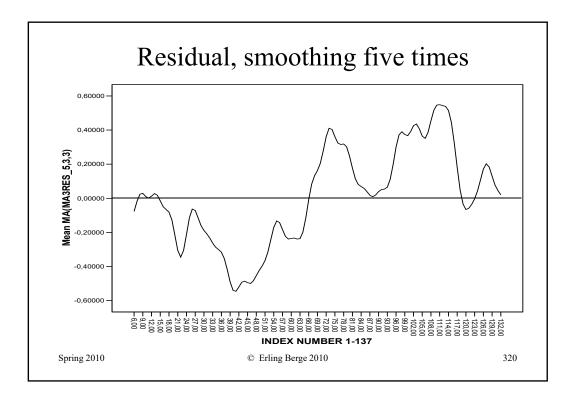


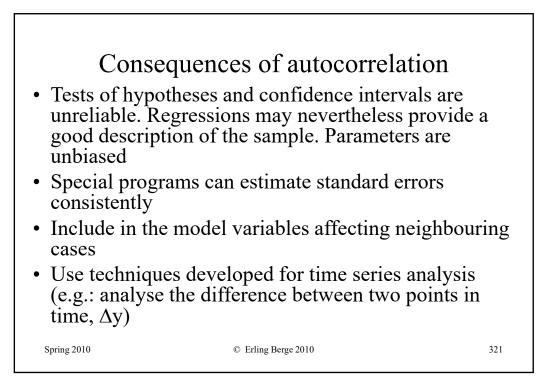


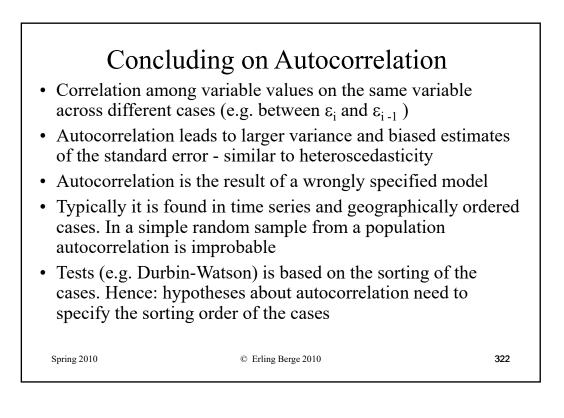


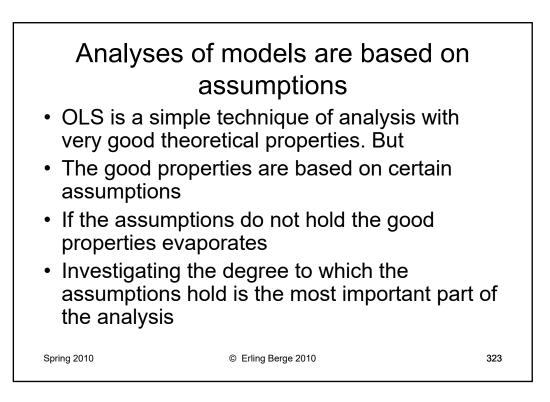


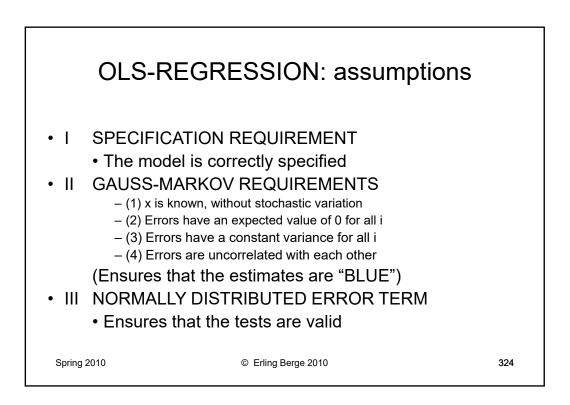


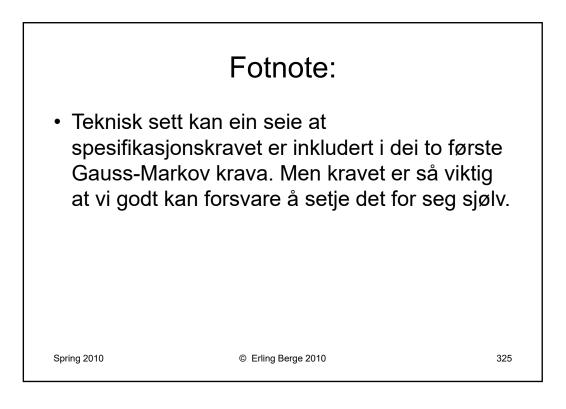


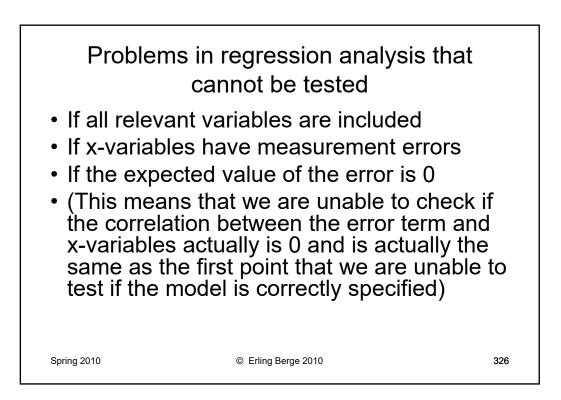


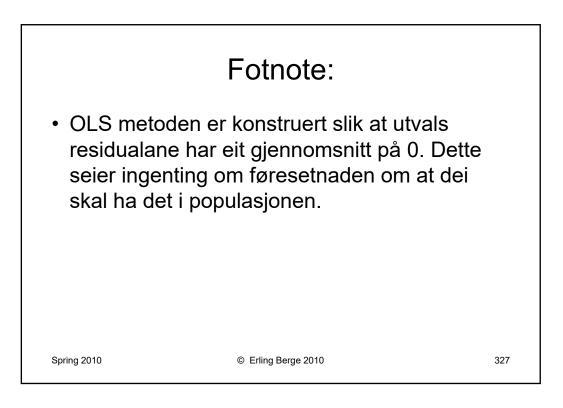


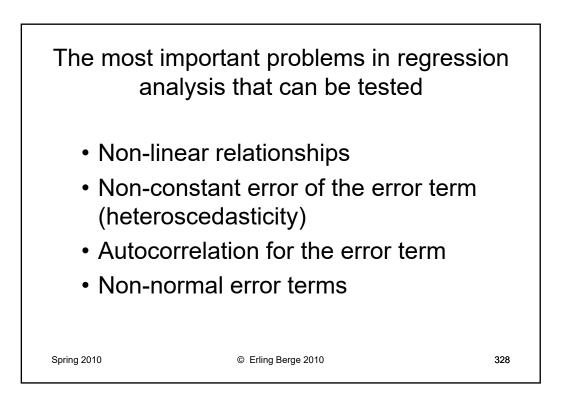


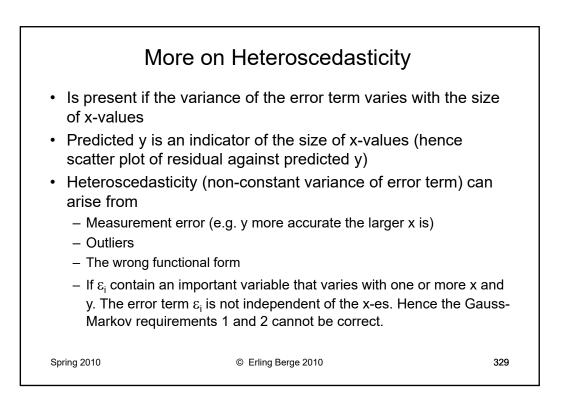


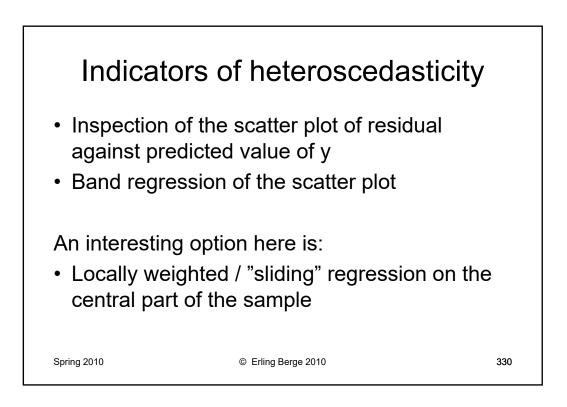


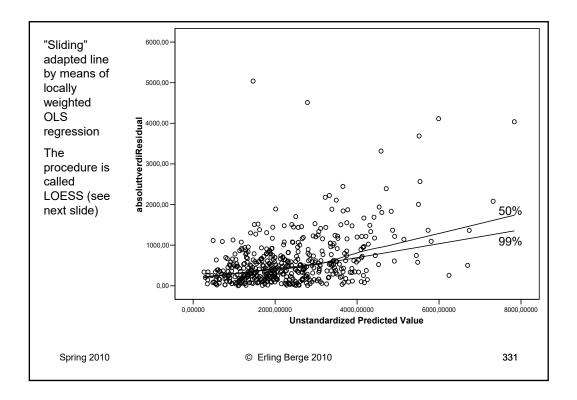


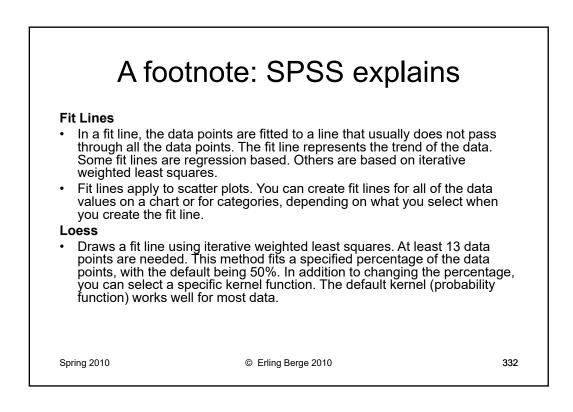


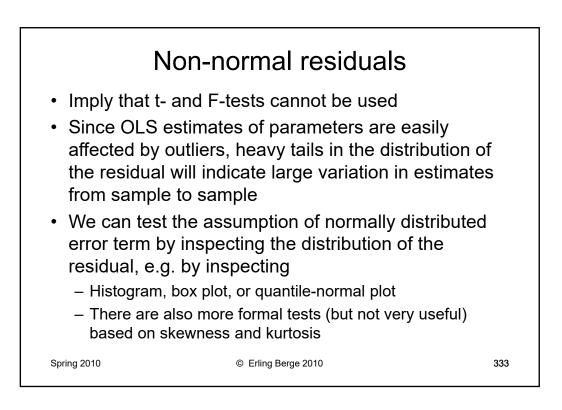


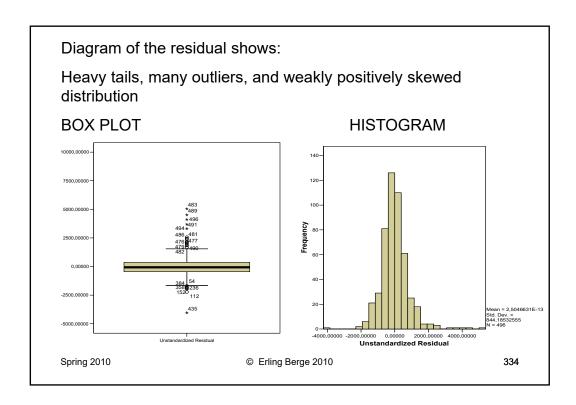


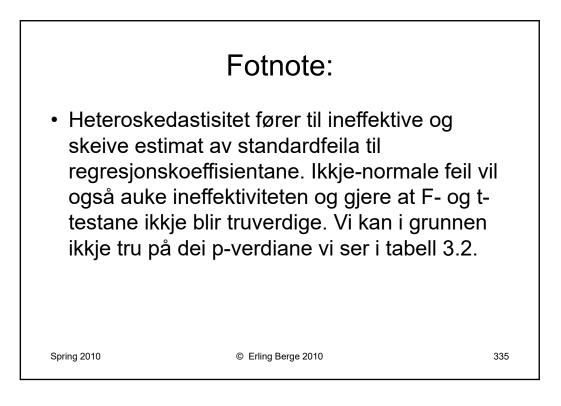


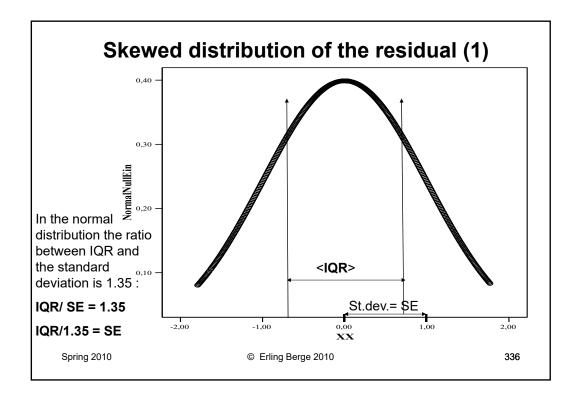


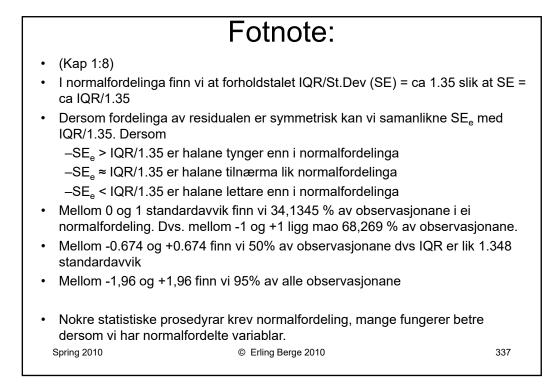


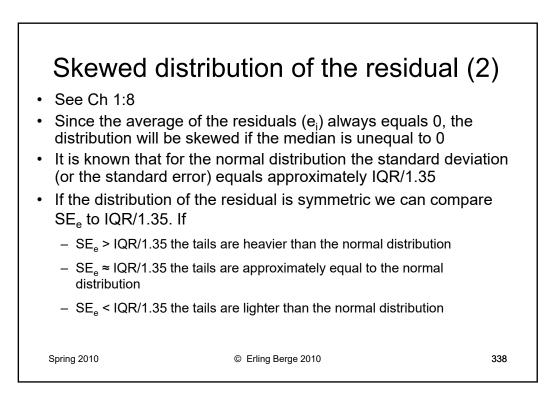


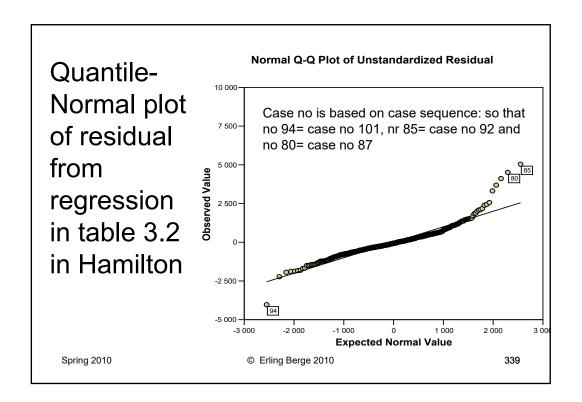


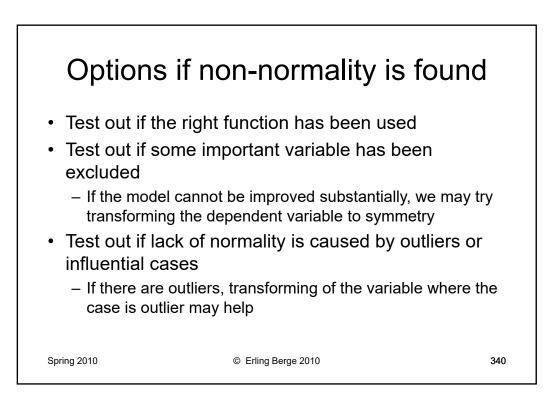


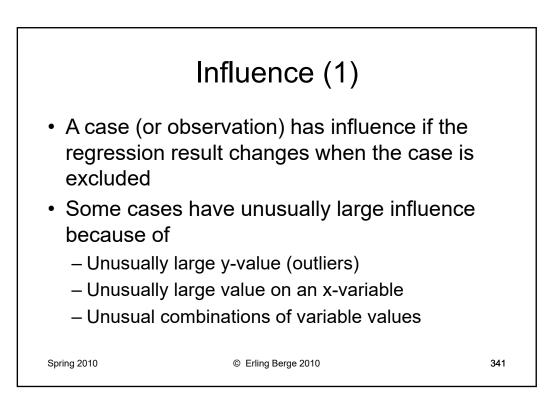


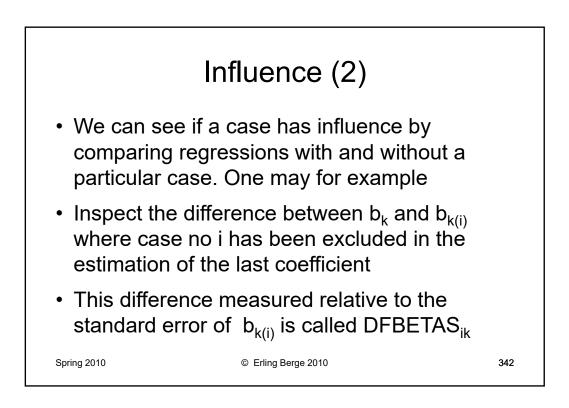


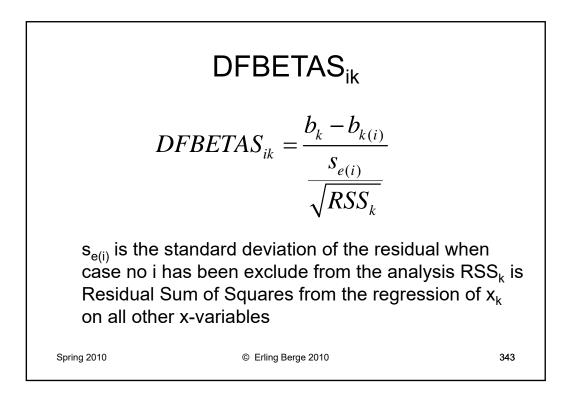


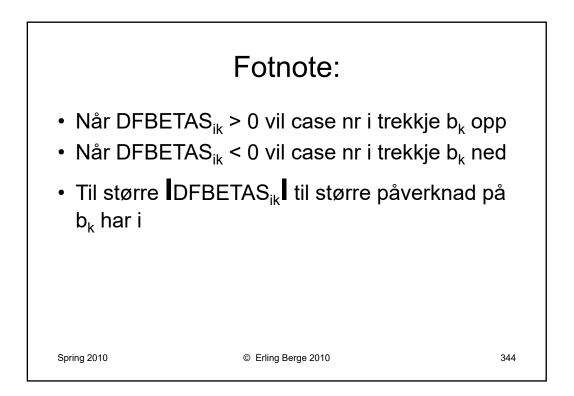


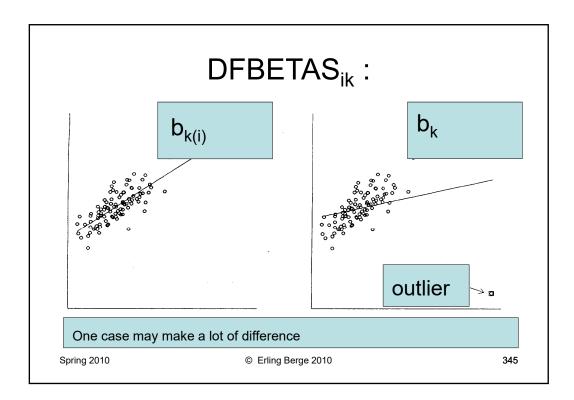


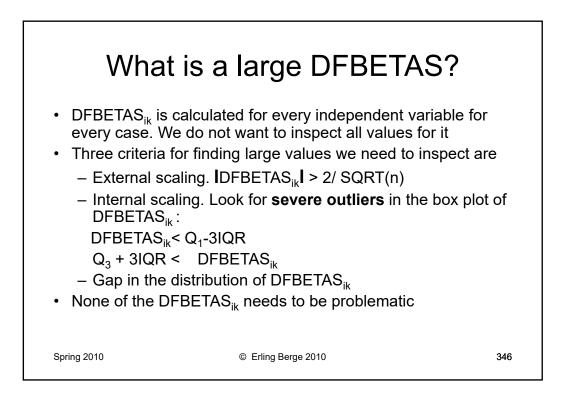


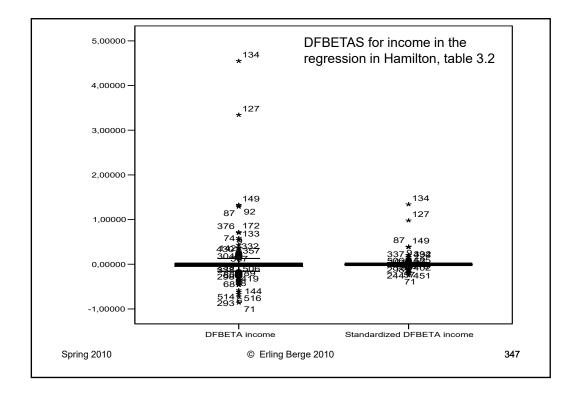


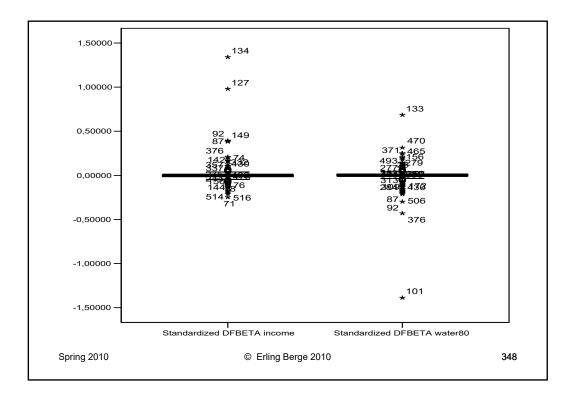




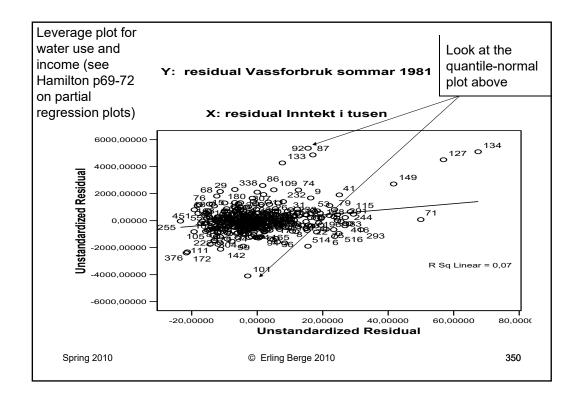


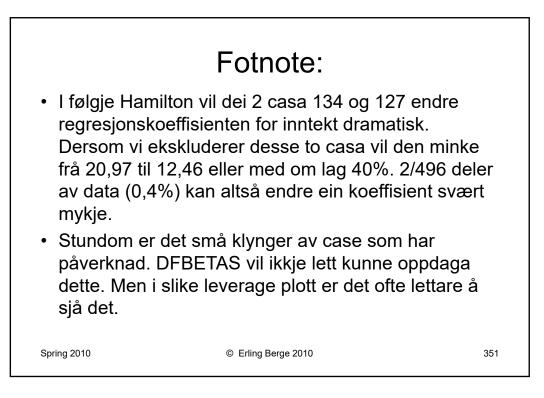


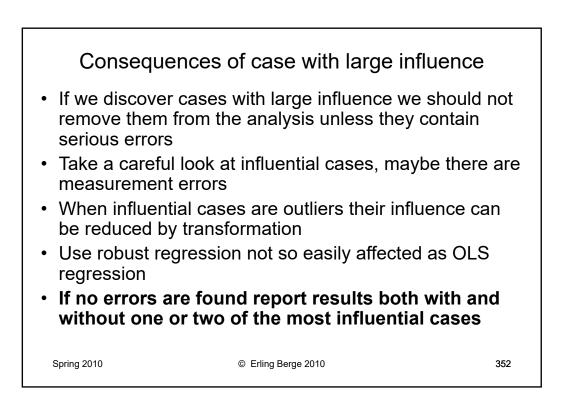


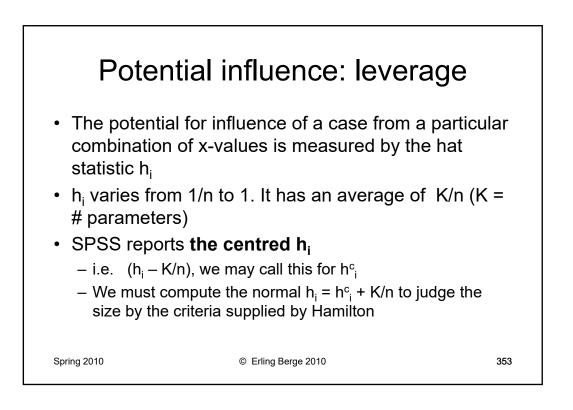


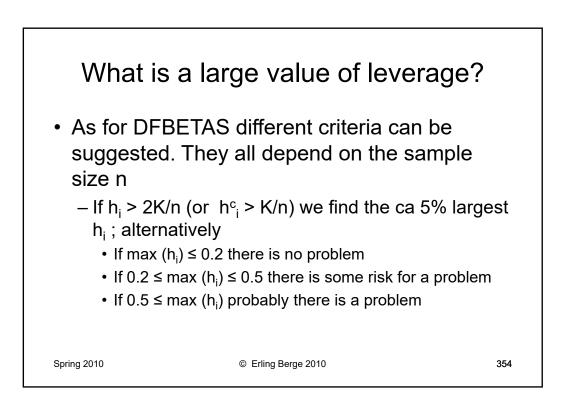
Sequence	Case	water81	water80	water7	educat	retire	peop8	среор
no	nr			9			1	
91	98	1500	1300	1500	16	0	2	0
92	99	3500	6500	5100	14	0	6	0
93	100	1000	1000	2700	12	1	1	0
94	101	3800	12700	4800	20	0	5	0
95	102	4100	4500	2600	20	0	5	0
96	103	4200	5600	5400	16	0	5	-1
97	104	2400	2700	800	16	0	6	0
98	105	1600	2300	2200	14	0	4	0
99	107	2300	2300	3100	16	0	4	-2

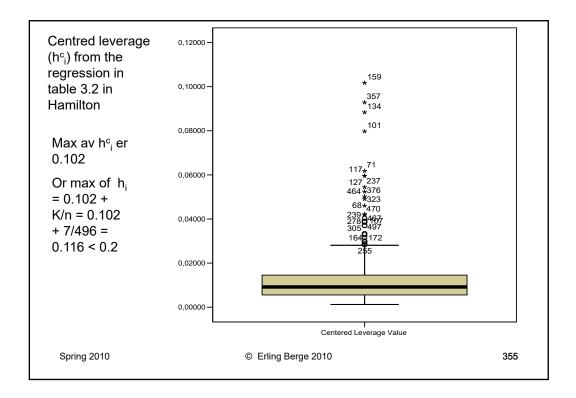


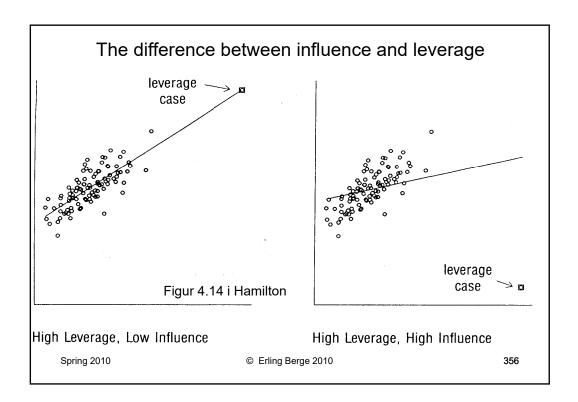


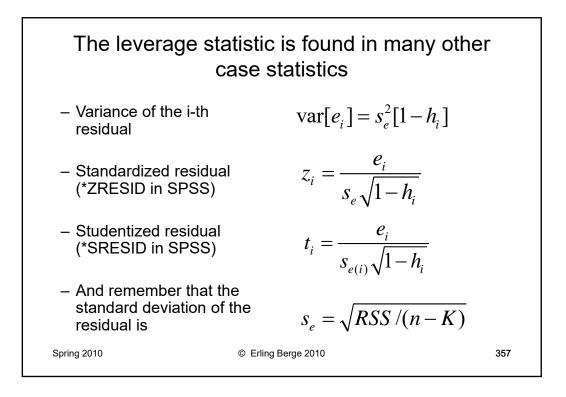


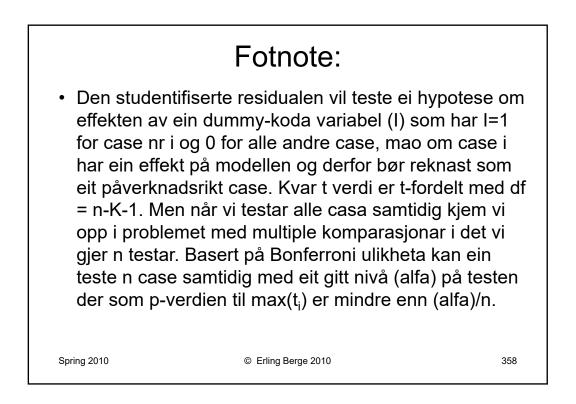


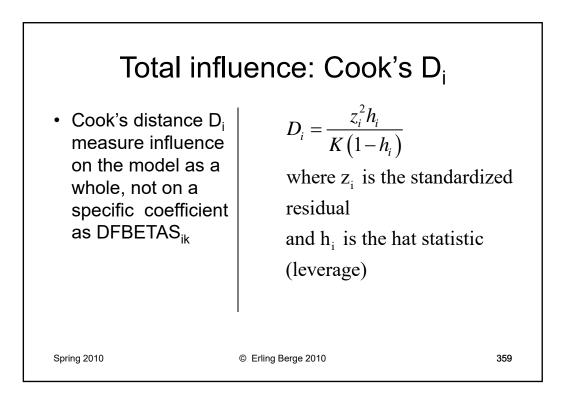


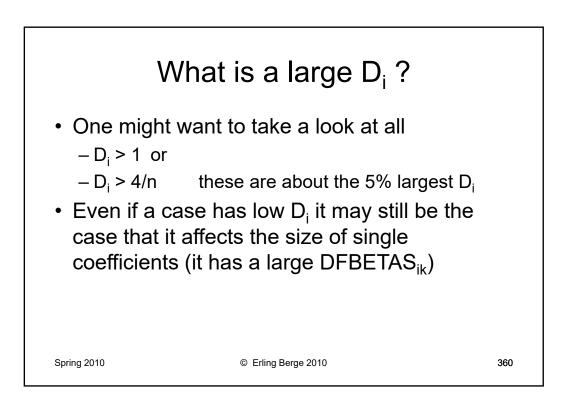


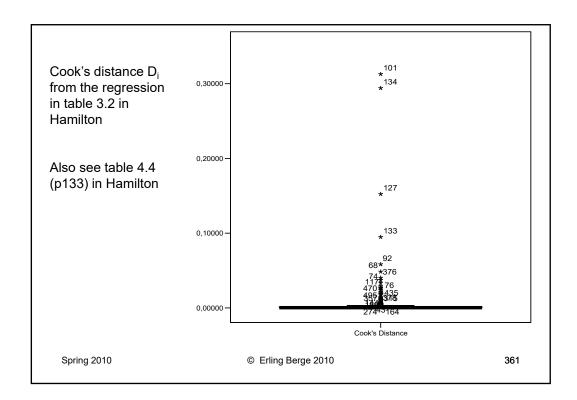


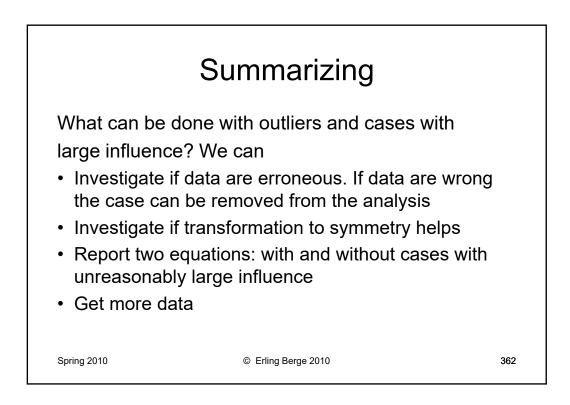


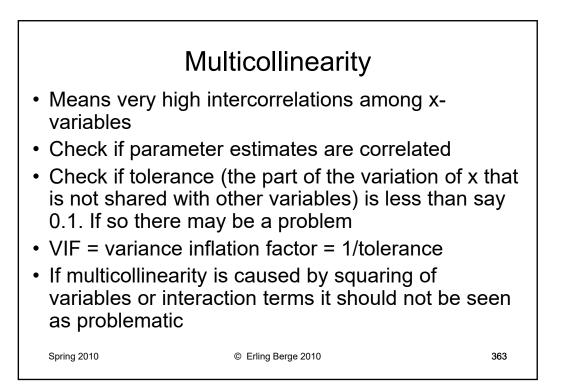


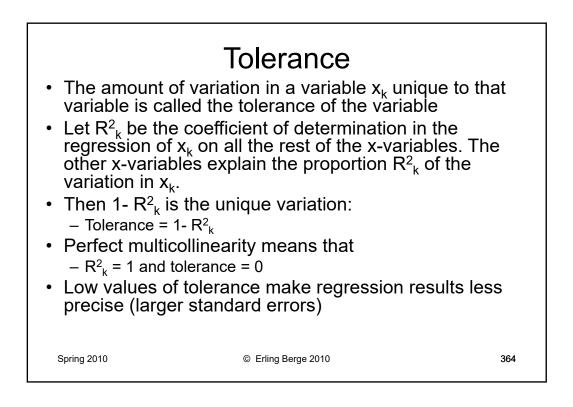


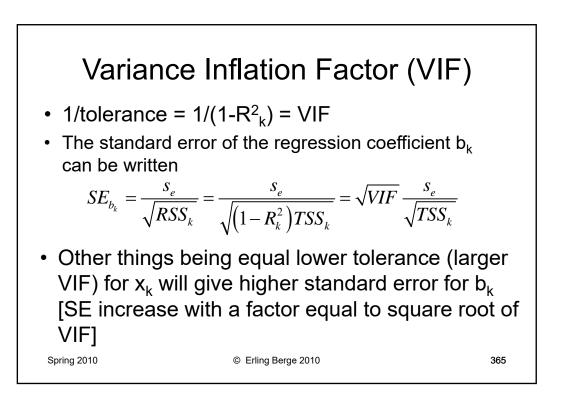


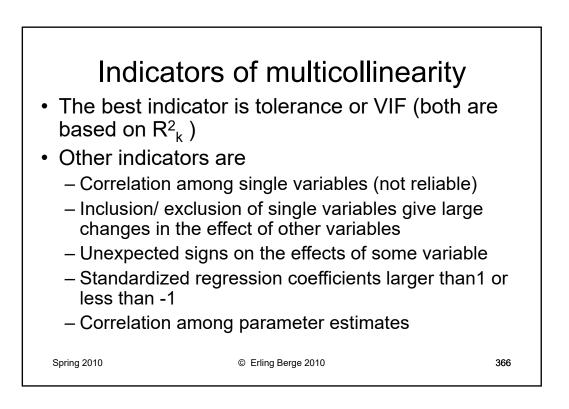




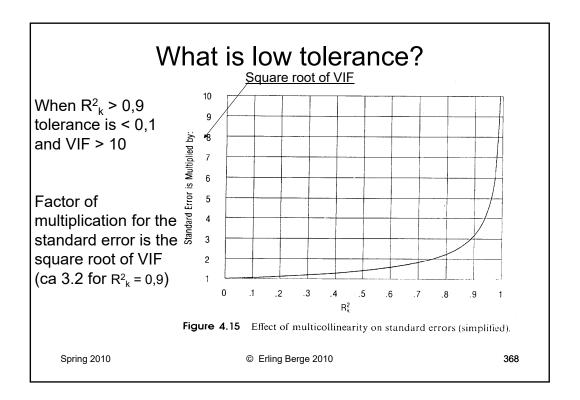


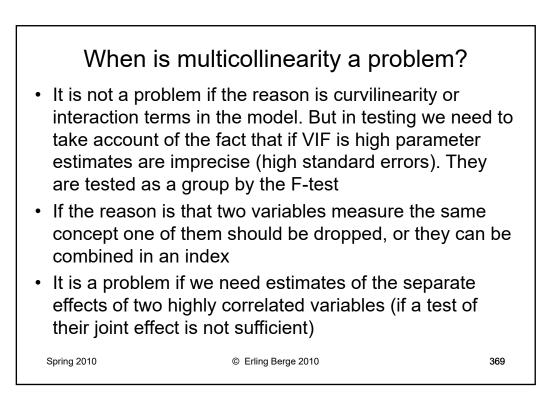


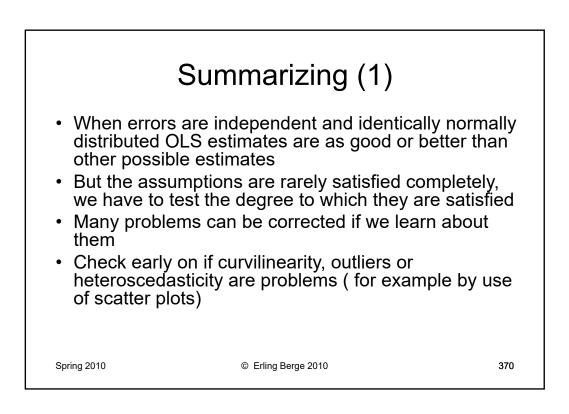


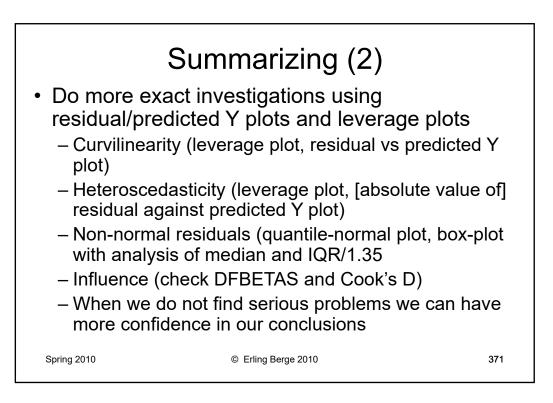


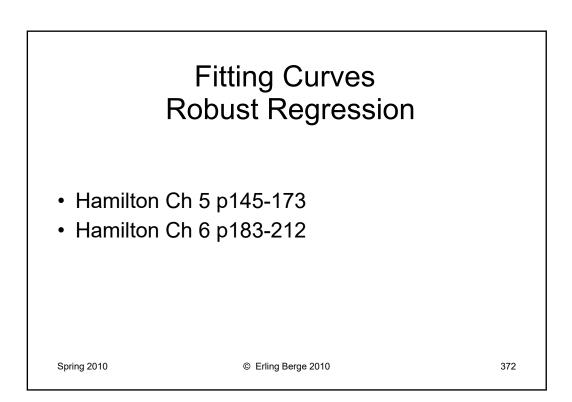
Dependent Variable: Summer 1981 Water Use	Unstanc Coeffi	a. a. 20 a	t	Sig.	Collinearity \$	Statistics
	В	Std. Error			Tolerance	VIF
(Constant)	242,220	206,864	1,171	,242		
Summer 1980 Water Use	,492	,026	18,671	,000	,675	1,482
Income in Thousands	20,967	3,464	6,053	,000	,712	1,404
Education in Years	-41,866	13,220	-3,167	,002	,873	1,145
head of house retired?	189,184	95,021	1,991	,047	,776	1,289
# of People Resident, 1981	248,197	28,725	8,641	,000	,643	1,555
Increase in # of People	96,454	80,519	1,198	,232	,957	1,045

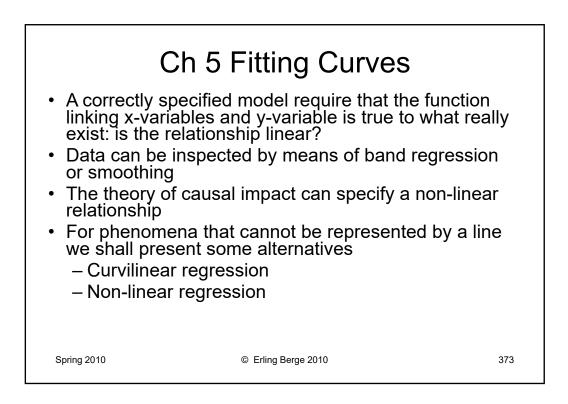


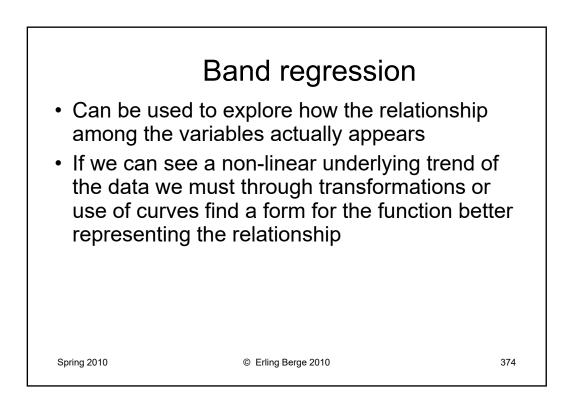


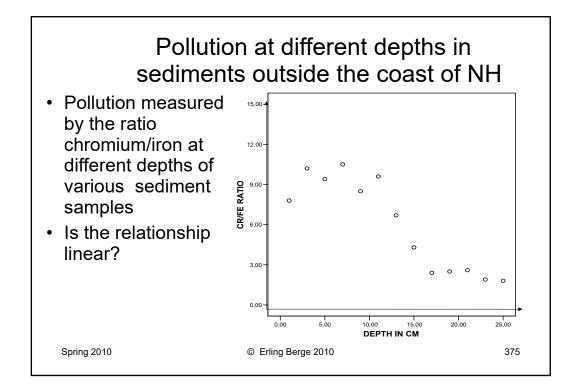




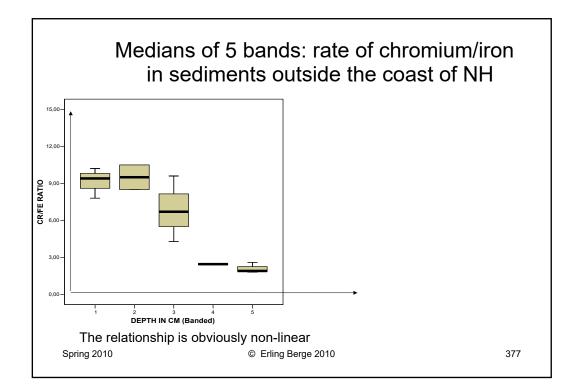


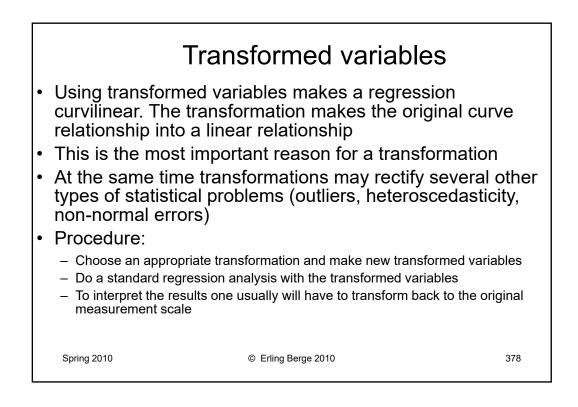


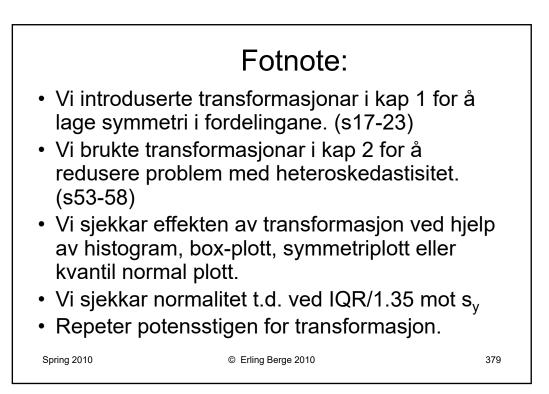


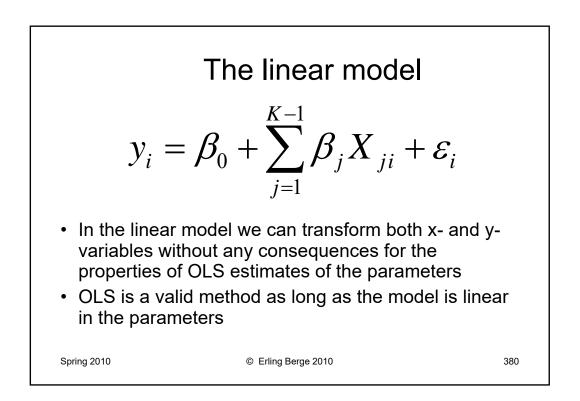


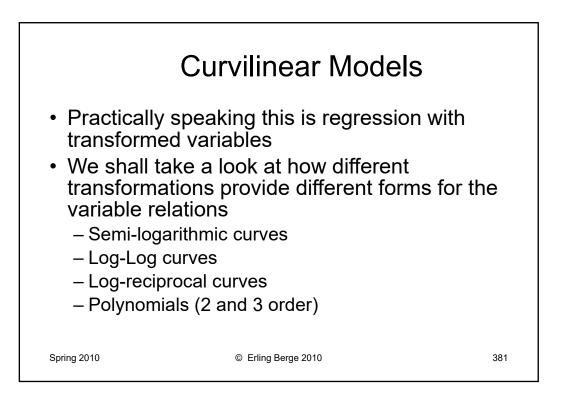


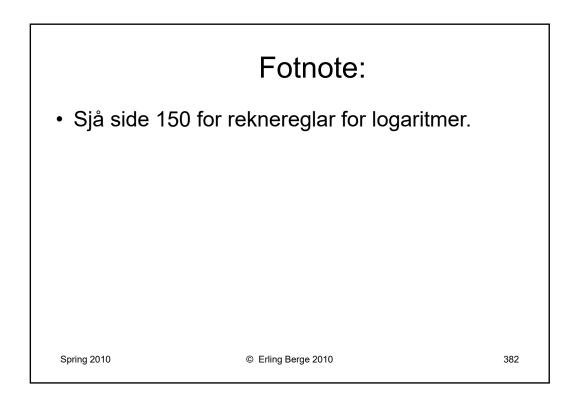


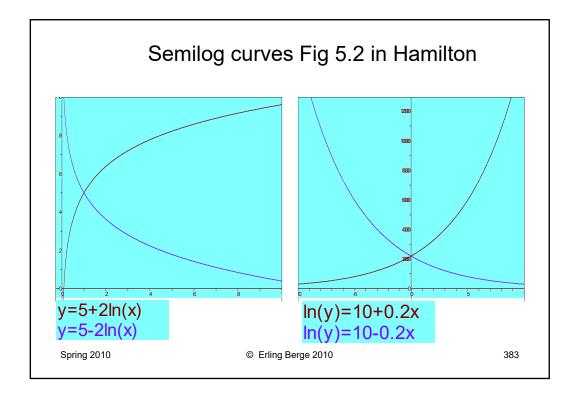


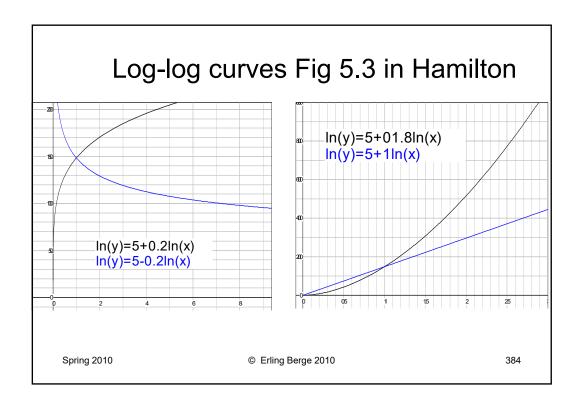


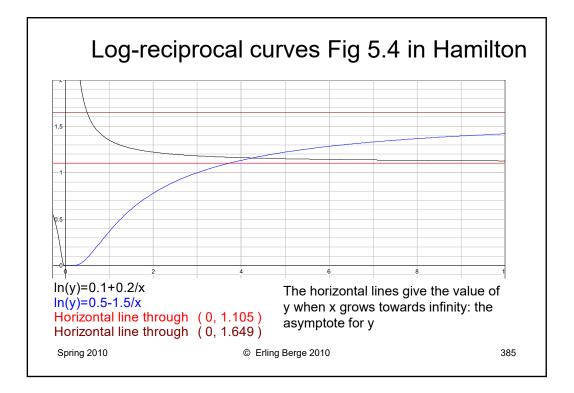


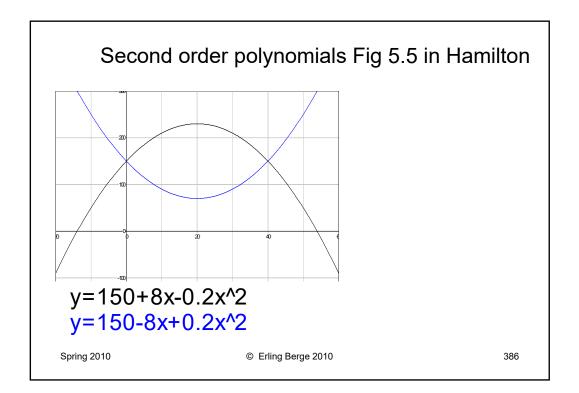


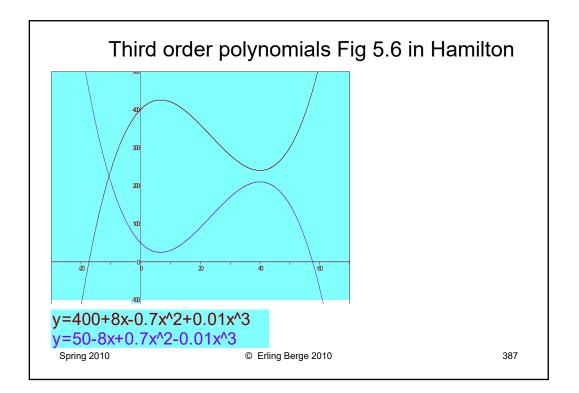


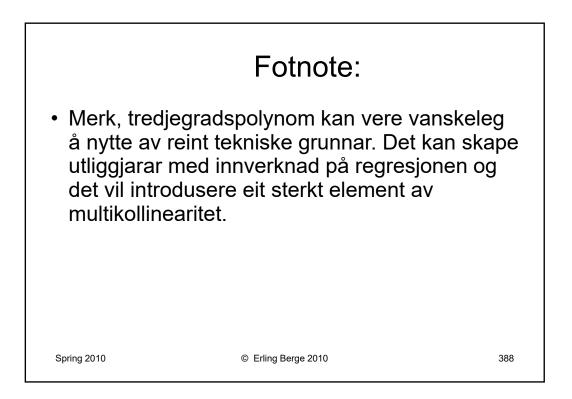


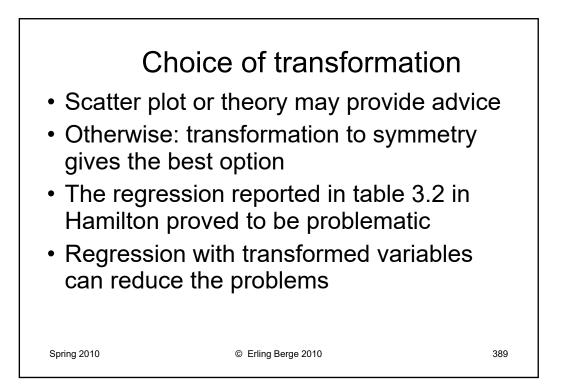








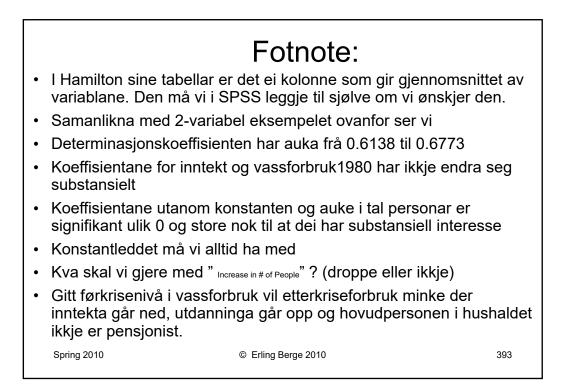


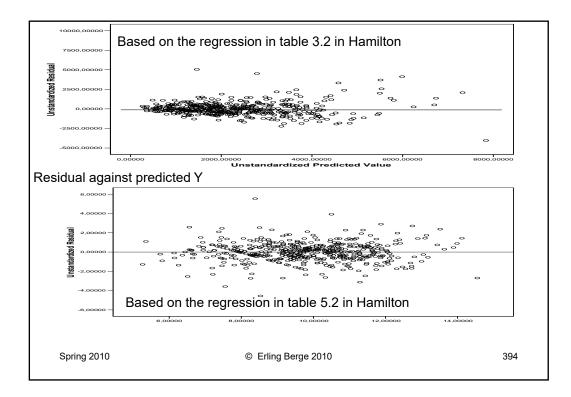


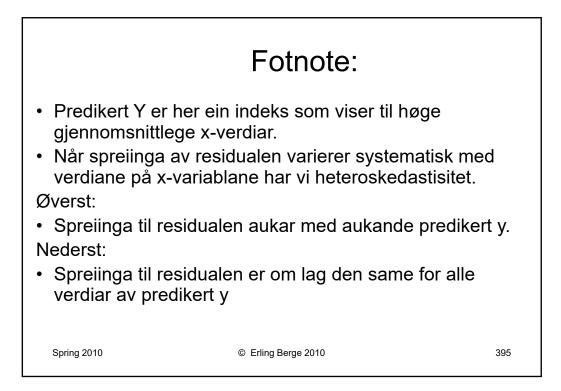
Y = Water use 1981	Y*=Y ^{0.3} provides approximate symmetry
X ₁ = Income	$X_1^* = X_1^{0.3}$ provides approximate symmetry
X ₂ = Water use 1980	$X_2^* = X_2^{0.3}$ provides approximate symmetry
X ₃ = Education	Transformations are inappropriate
$X_4 = Pensioner$	Transformations do not work for dummies
$X_5 = #$ people in 1981	$X_5^* = In(X_5)$ provides approximate symmetry
X ₆ = Change in # people	$X_6 = X_5 - X_0$ (= # people in 1980)
$X_7 = Relative change in #people$	$X_7^* = \ln (X_5 / X_0)$

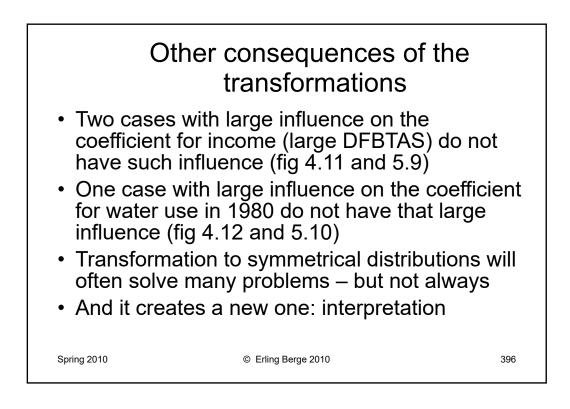
Regression with transformed variables Tab 5.2 in Hamilton							
Dependent Variable: (Wateruse81) ^{0.3}	В	Std. Err	t	Sig.			
(Constant)	1,856	,385	4,822	,000			
Income ^{0.3}	,516	,130	3,976	,000			
Wateruse80 ^{0.3}	,626	,029	21,508	,000			
Education in Years	-,036	,016	-2,257	,024			
Retired?	,101	,119	,852	,395			
Ln(# of people81)	,715	,110	6,469	,000			
Ln(people81/people80)	,916	,263	3,485	,001			
Spring 2010	© Erling Berge	2010		391			

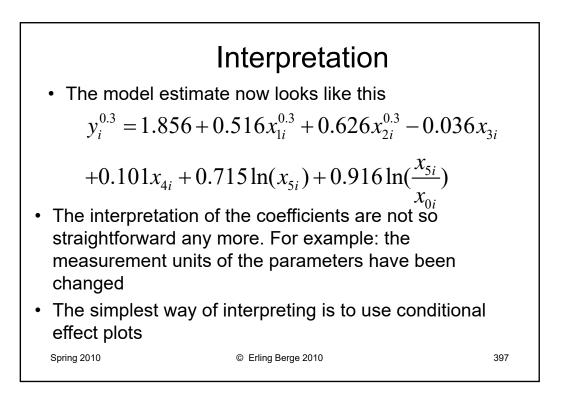
Dependent Variable: Summer 1981 Water Use	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.	Beta
(Constant)	242.220	206.864	1.171	.242	
Income in Thousands	20.967	3.464	6.053	.000	.184
Summer 1980 Water Use	.492	.026	18.671	.000	.584
Education in Years	-41.866	13.220	-3.167	.002	087
Head of house retired?	189.184	95.021	1.991	.047	.058
# of People Resident, 1981	248.197	28.725	8.641	.000	.277
Increase in # of People	96.454	80.519	1.198	.232	.031

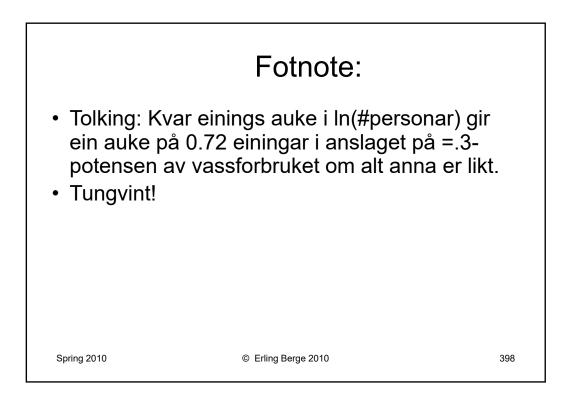


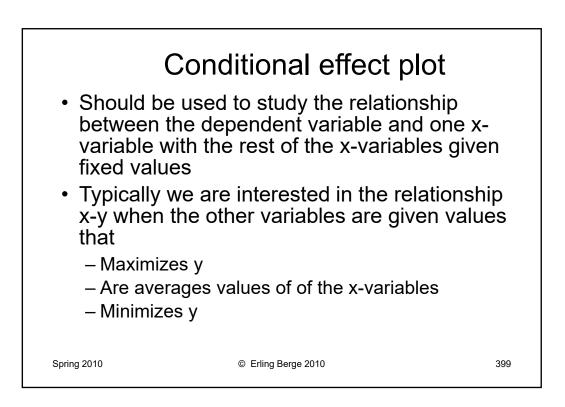






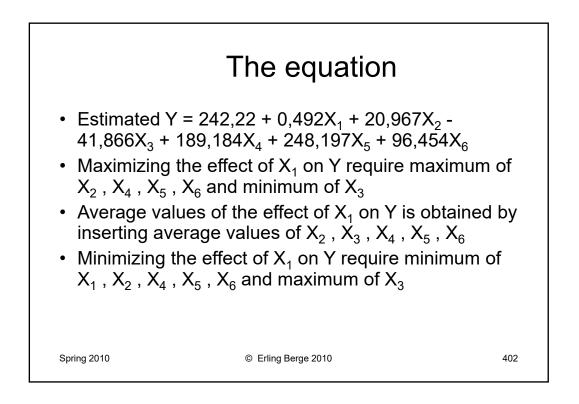


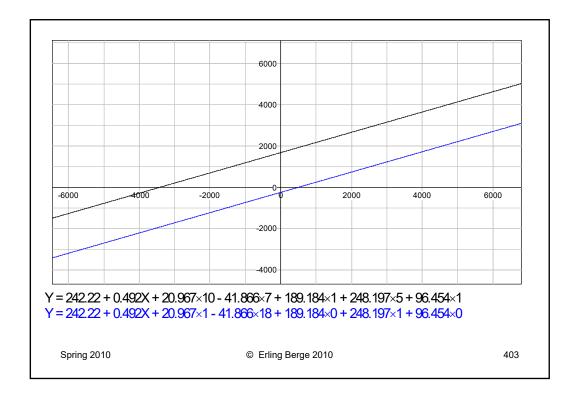


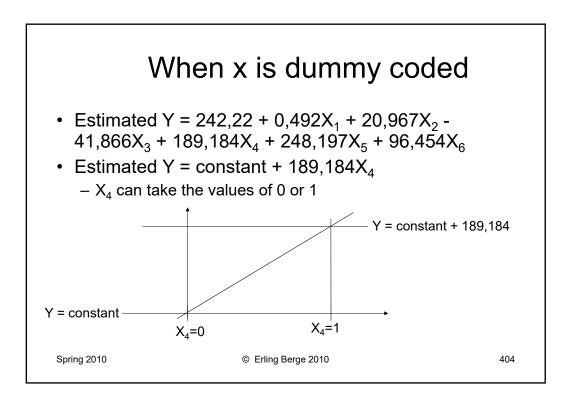


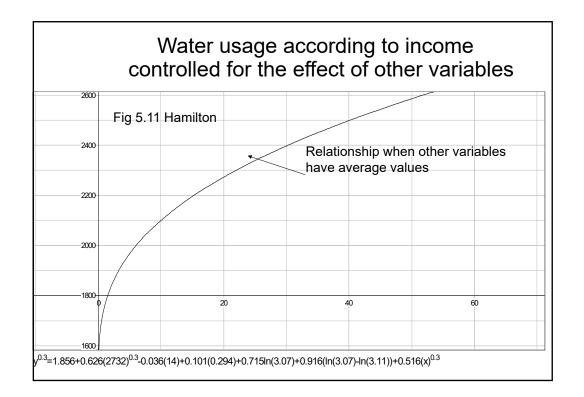
Dependent Variable: Summer 1981 Water Use	Unstanc Coeffi			
	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)	242,220	206,864	1,171	,242
Summer 1980 Water Use	,492	,026	18,671	,000
Income in Thousands	20,967	3,464	6,053	,000
Education in Years	-41,866	13,220	-3,167	,002
head of house retired?	189,184	95,021	1,991	,047
# of People Resident, 1981	248,197	28,725	8,641	,000
Increase in # of People	96,454	80,519	1,198	,232

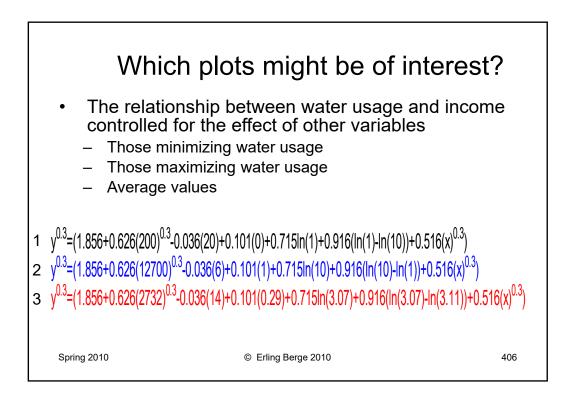
To produce conditio have a table of averag	minin		kimum an	
	N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean
Summer 1981 water use	496	100	10100	2298,39
Summer 1980 water use	496	200	12700	2732,06
Income in thousands	496	2	100	23,08
Education in years	496	6	20	14,00
Head of household retired?	496	0	1	,29
# of people resident, 1981	496	1	10	3,07
Relative increase in # of people	496	-3	3	-,04
# People living in 1980	496	1	10	3,11
Spring 2010 © Erlin	g Berge 20	10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	401

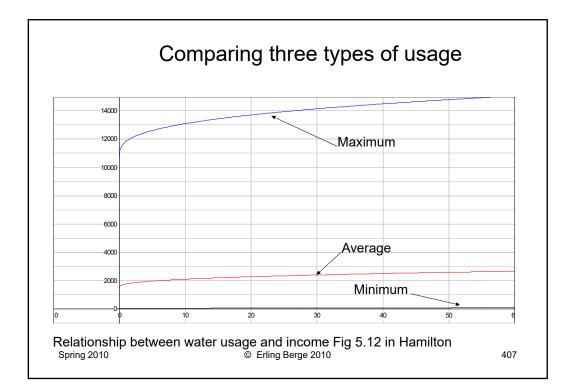


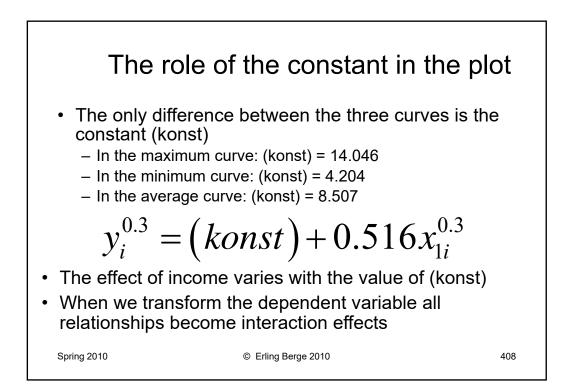


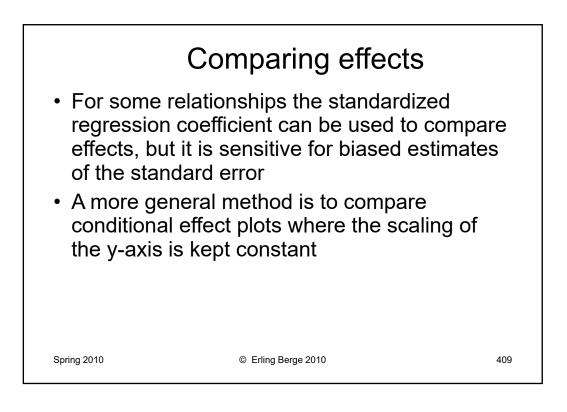


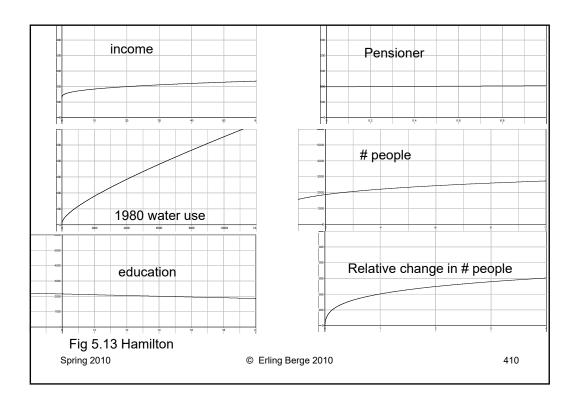


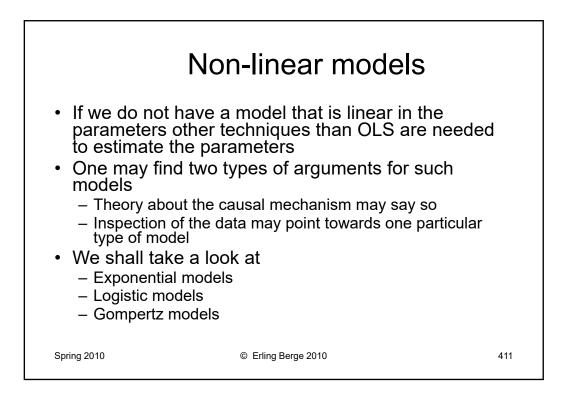


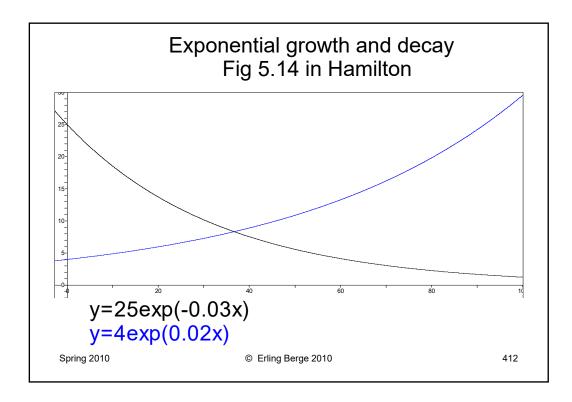


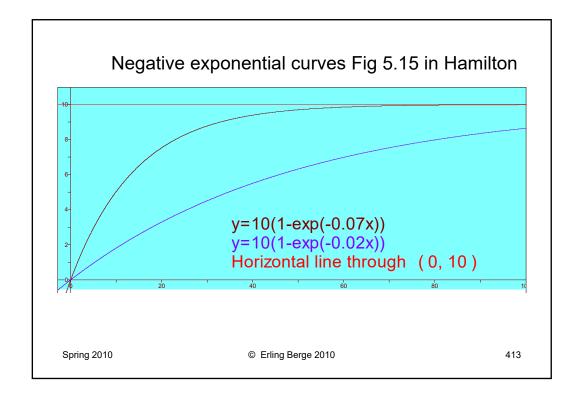


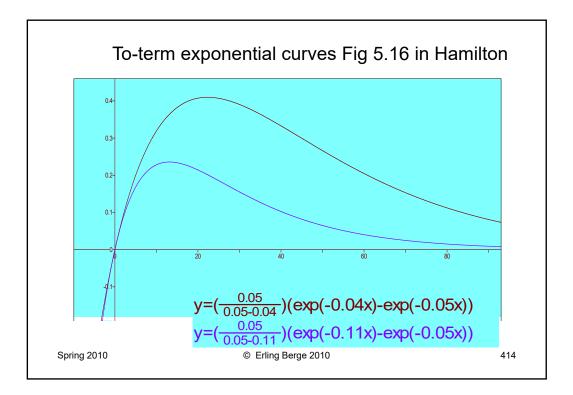


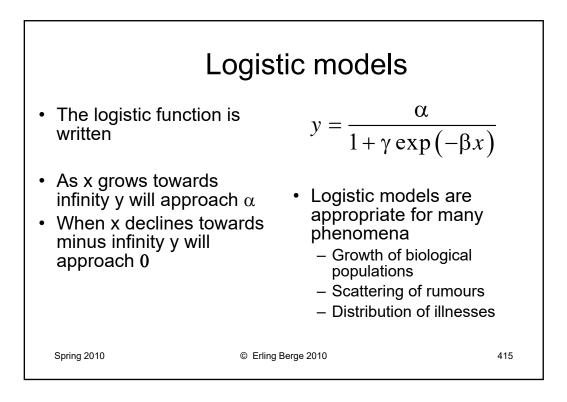


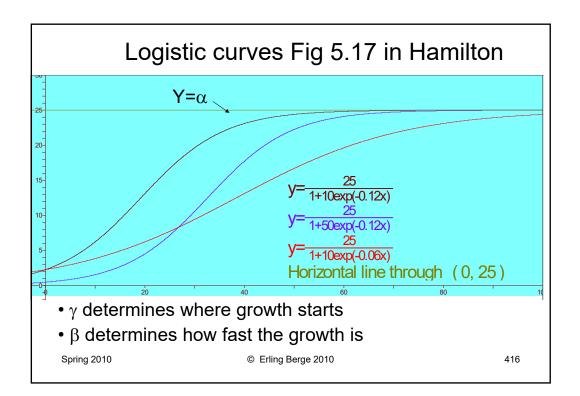


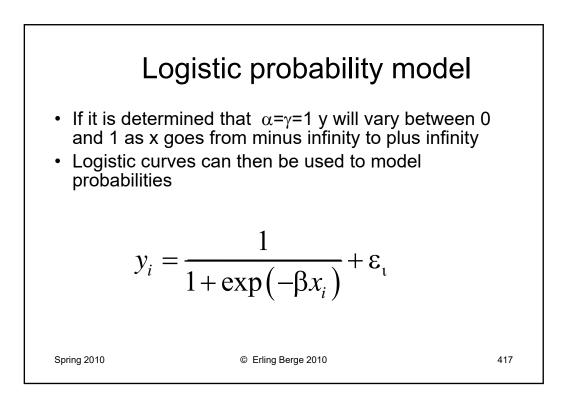


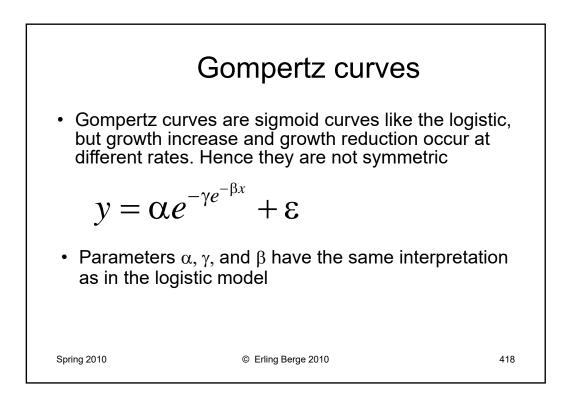


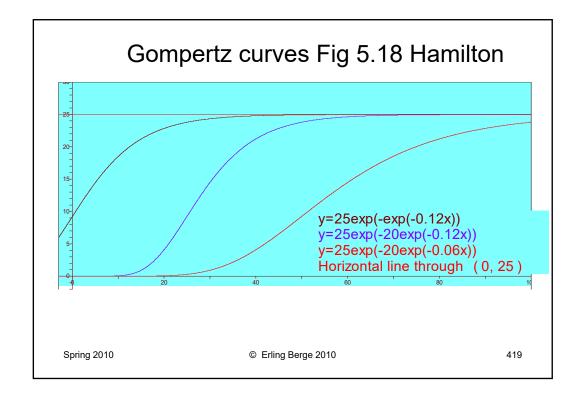


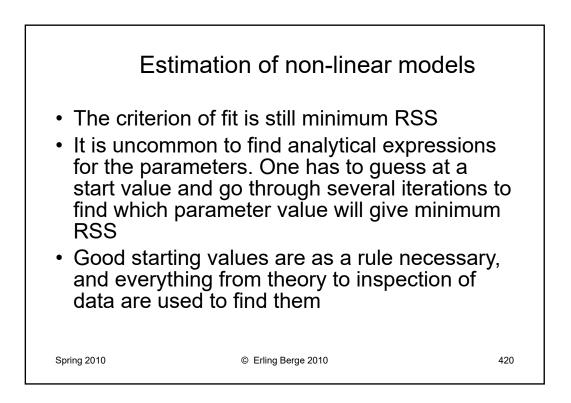




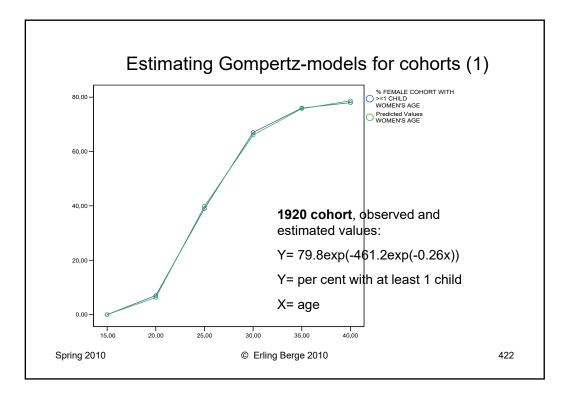


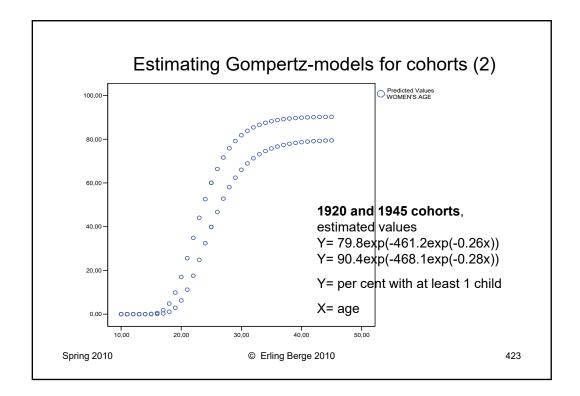


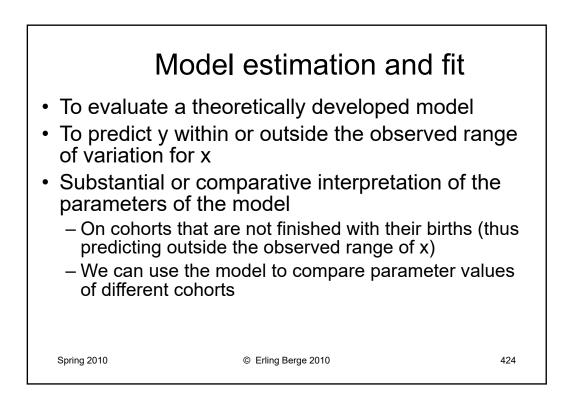




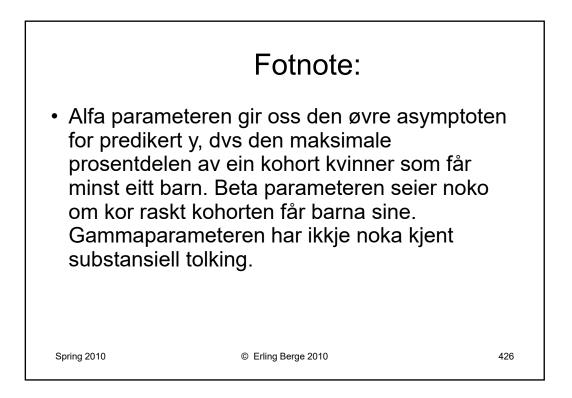
	wome	in s ay	c and	year o	f birth	(Lingia	inu og	vvar
	1920	1930	1940	1945	1950	1955	1960	196
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
20	7	9	13	17	19	18	13	1
25	39	48	59	60	53	45	39	
30	67	75	82	82	75	68	-	
35	76	83	87	88	83	-	-	
40	78	86	89	90	-	-	-	
45	-	86	89	-	-	-	-	

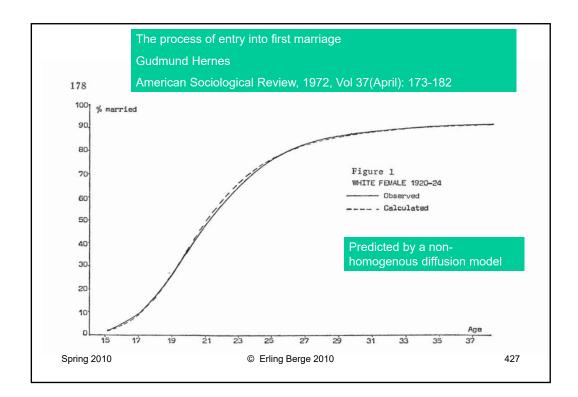


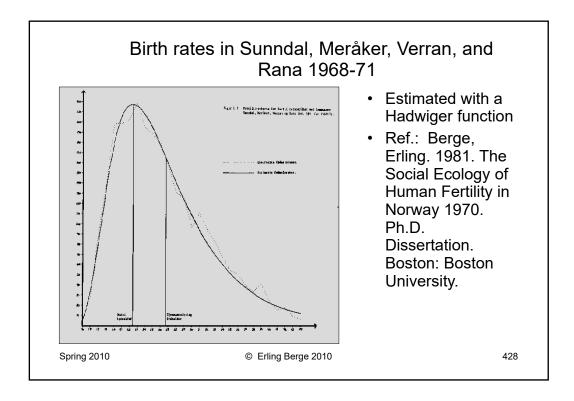


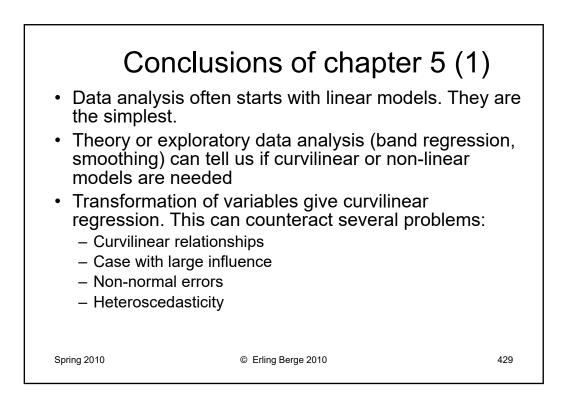


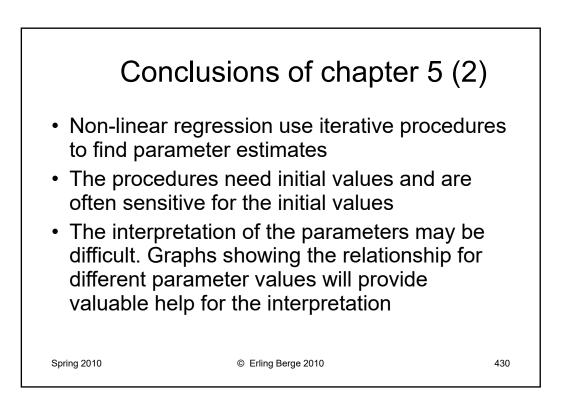
Parameter interpretation Table 5.6 Hamilton						
Cohort	α = upper limit	γ = ?	β = growth speed			
1920	79.8	461.2	0.26			
1930	86.5	538.0	0.27			
1940	89.1	942.0	0.31			
1945	90.4	468.1	0.28			
1950	87.5	144.9	0.23			
1955	88.9	60.3	0.18			
Spring 2010	© Erlir	ng Berge 2010	42			

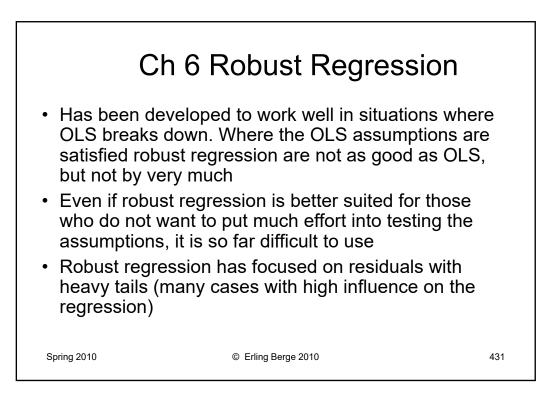


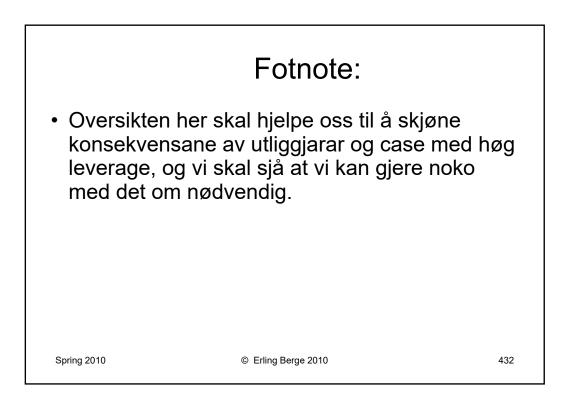


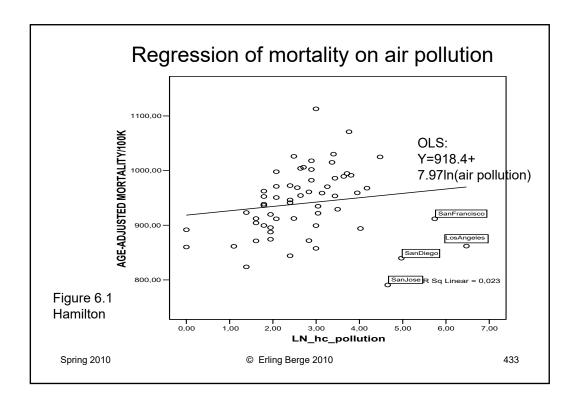


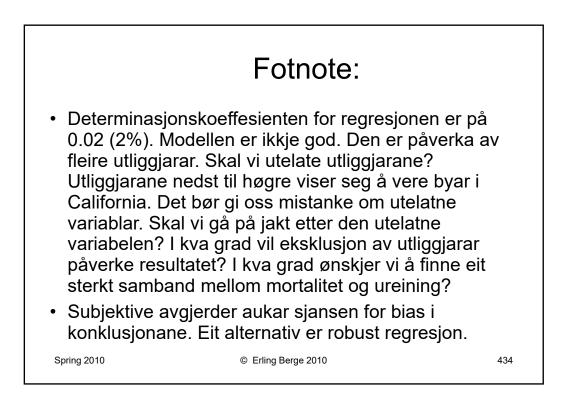


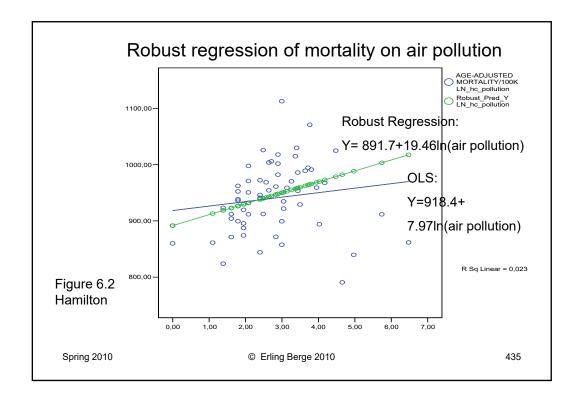


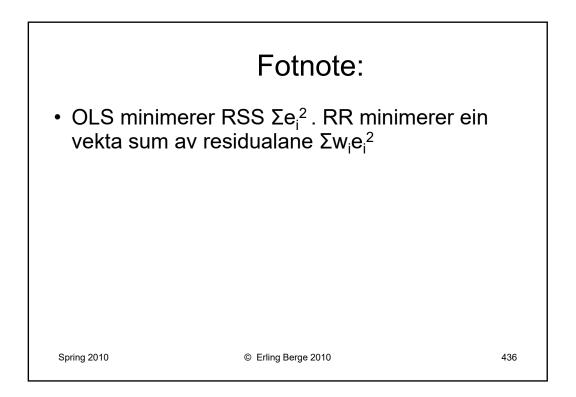


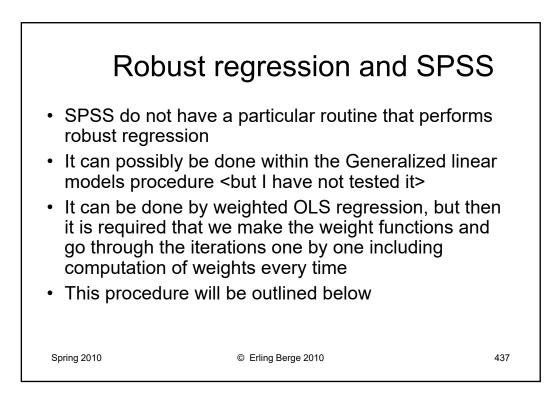


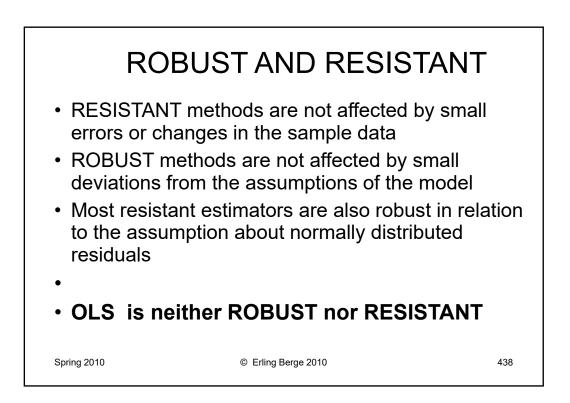


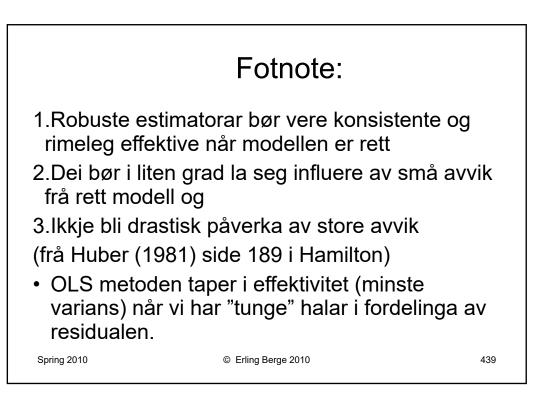


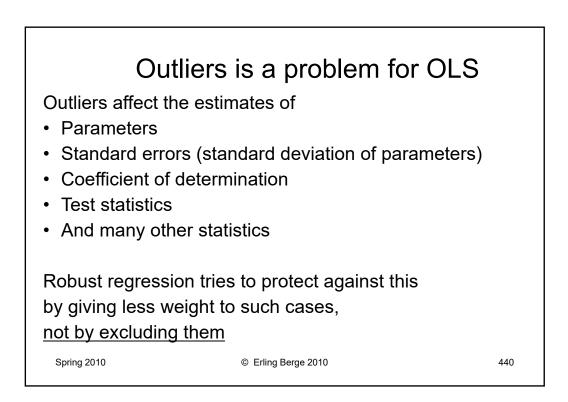


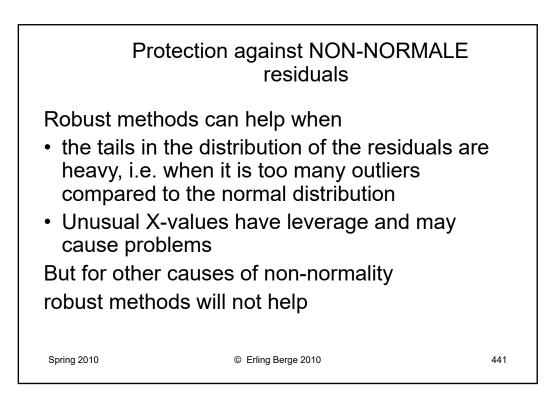


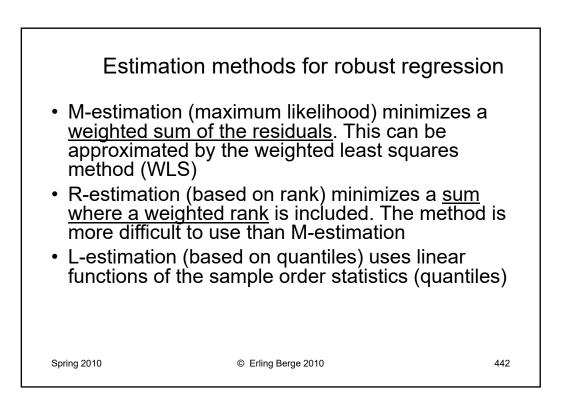


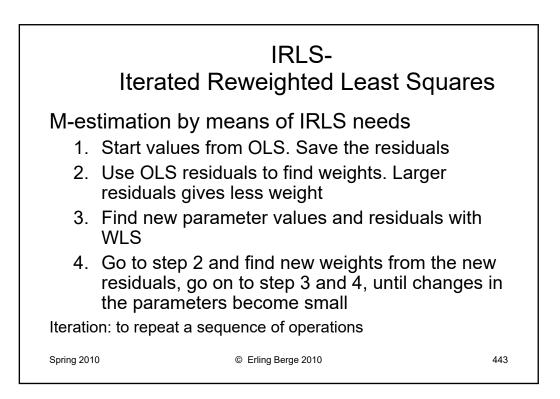


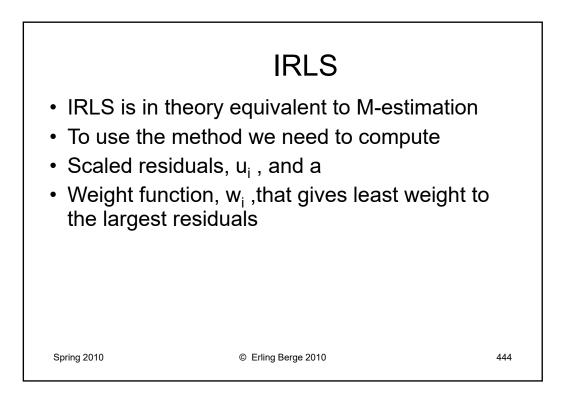


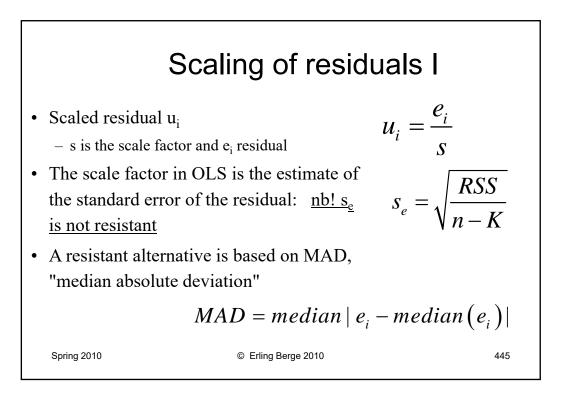


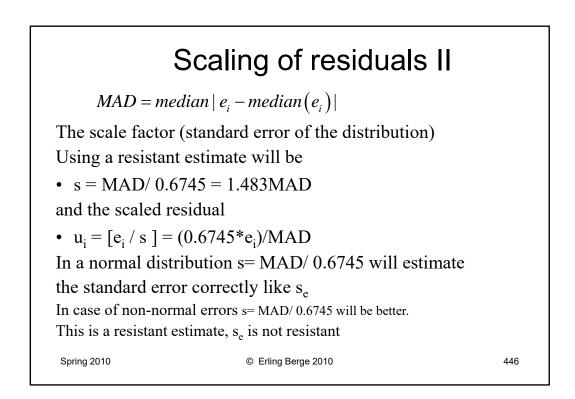


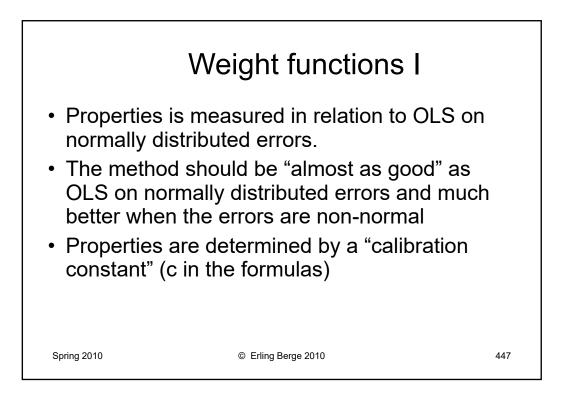


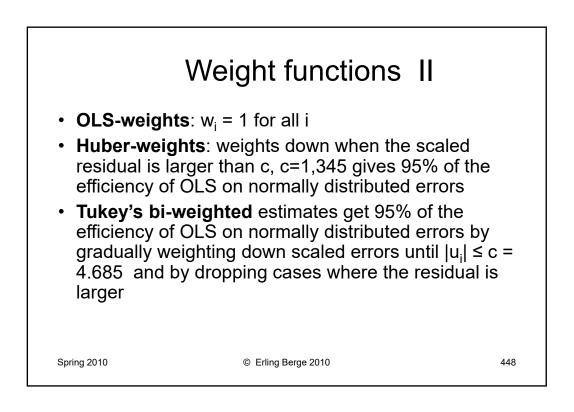


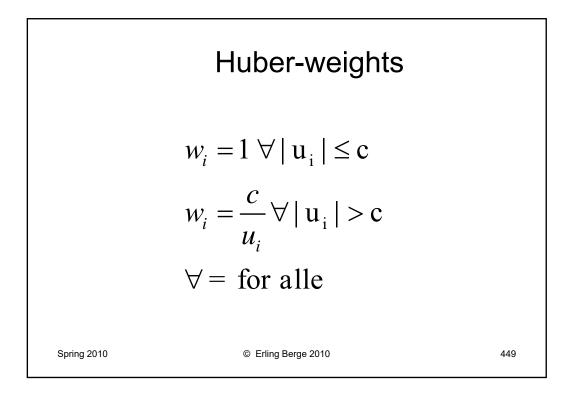


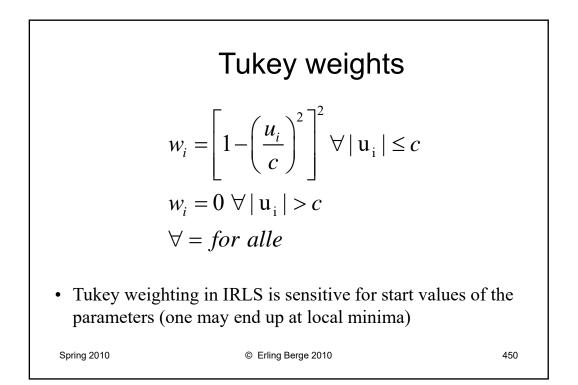


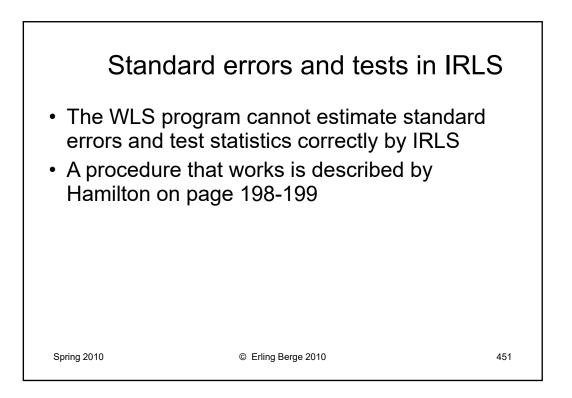


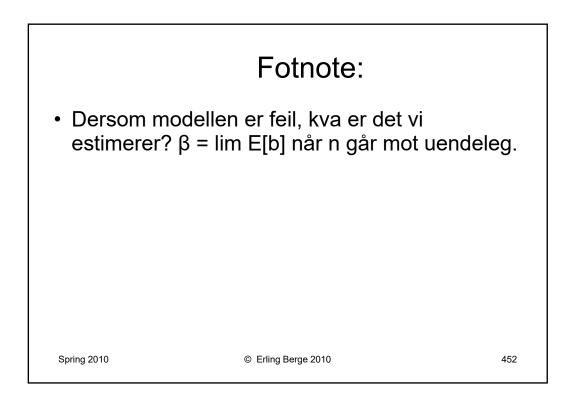


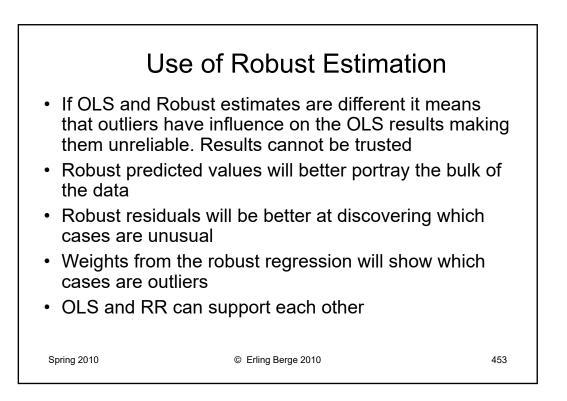


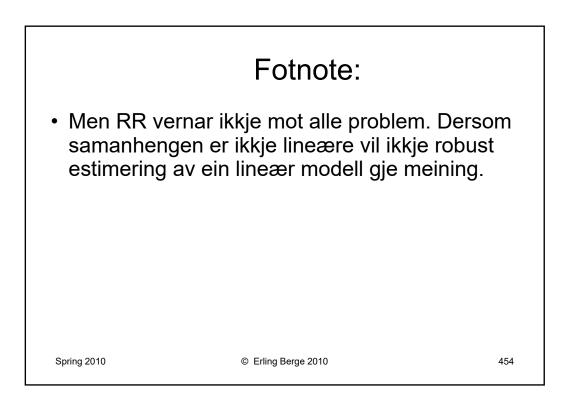


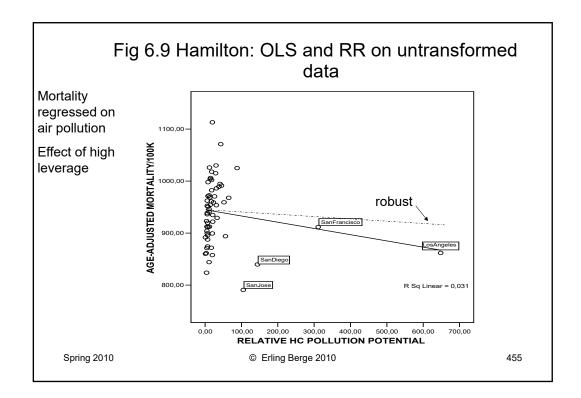


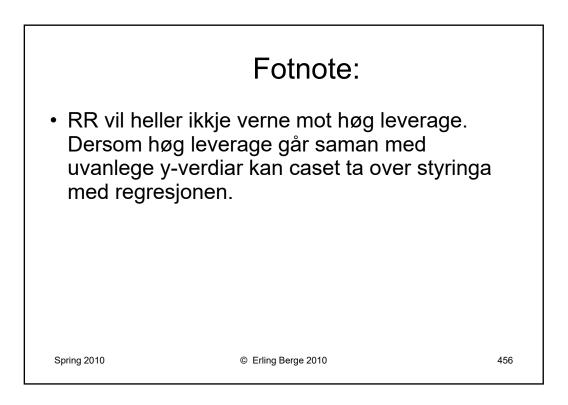


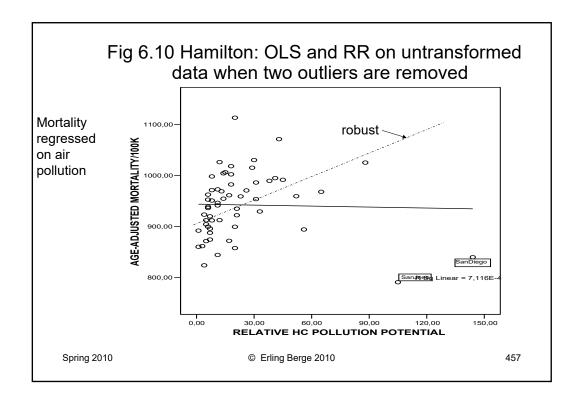


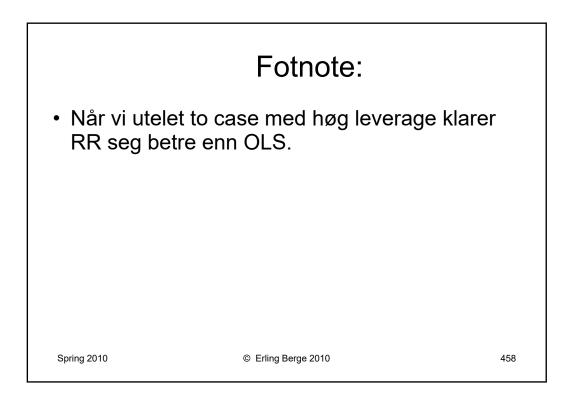


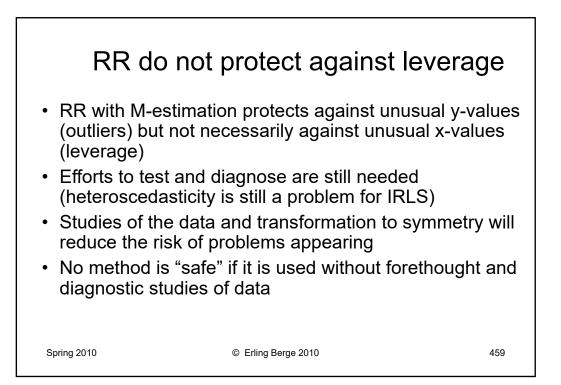






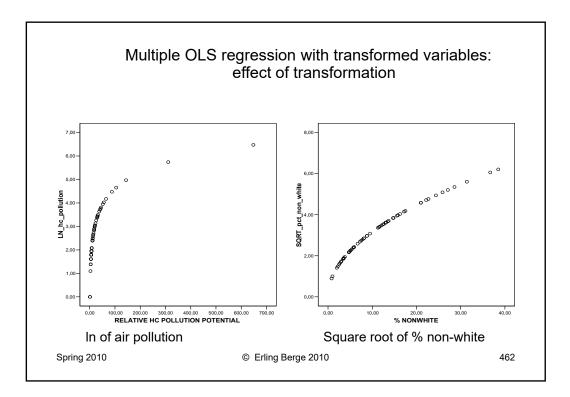






X ₁	RELATIVE HC POLLUTION POTENTIAL (natural log)	
X ₂	AVG. YEARLY PRECIP. INCHES	
X ₃	AVG. JANUARY TEMPERATURE, F	
X ₄	MEDIAN EDUCATION OF POP 25+	
X ₅	% NON-WHITE (square root)	
Х ₆	POPULATION PER HOUSEHOLD	
X ₇	% 65 AND OVER	
X ₈	% SOUND HOUSING UNITS	
Х ₉	PEOPLE PER SQUARE MILE (natural log)	
X ₁₀	AVG. JULY TEMPERATURE, F	
X ₁₁	% WHITE COLLAR EMPLOYMENT	
X ₁₂	% FAMILIES WITH INCOME<\$3000 (negative reciprocal re	pot)
X ₁₃	AVG RELATIVE HUMIDITY, %	



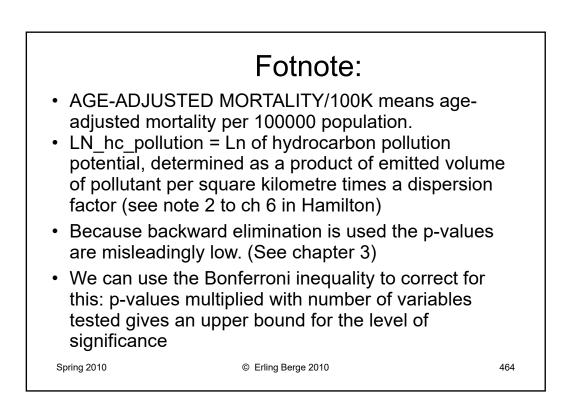


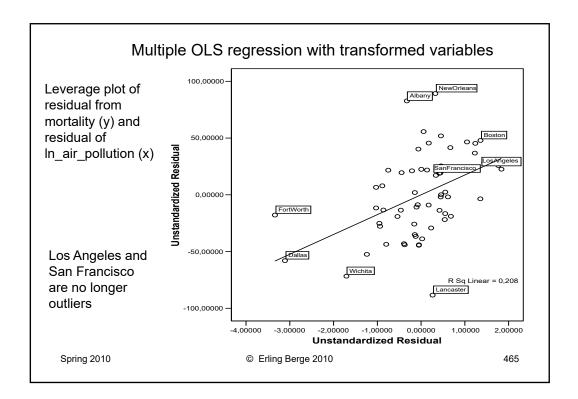
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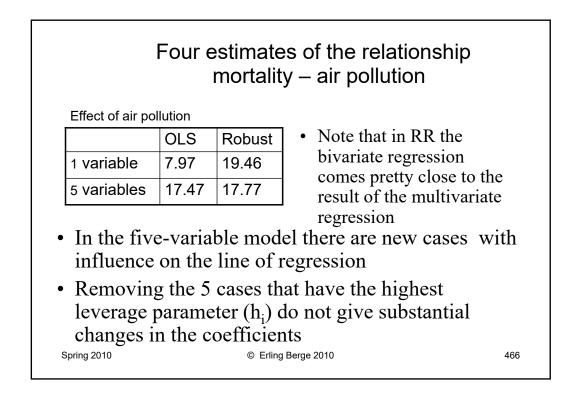
463

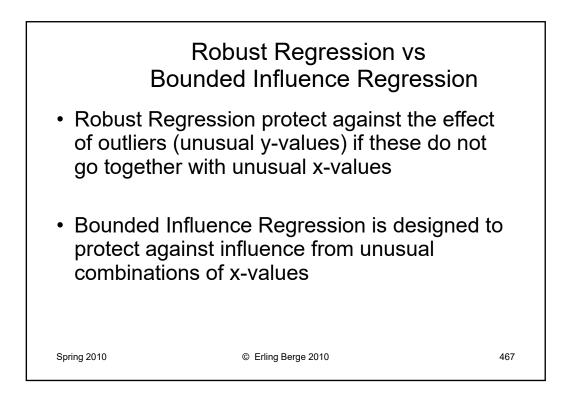
Dependent Variable: AGE-ADJUSTED MORTALITY/100K	В	Std. Error	t	Sig.
(Constant)	986,261	82,674	11,929	,000
LN_hc_pollution	17,469	4,636	3,768	,000
AVG. YEARLY PRECIP. INCHES	2,352	,640	3,677	,001
AVG. JANUARY TEMPERATURE, F	-2,132	,504	-4,228	,000
MEDIAN EDUCATION OF POP 25+	-17,958	6,204	-2,895	,005
SQRT_pct_non_white	27,335	4,398	6,215	,000
 Robust regression gives Y= 1001.8+17.77x_{1i}+2.32x₂ 	•		26.2x _{5i}	

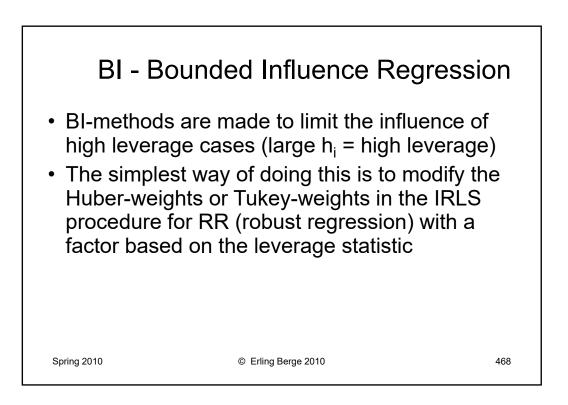
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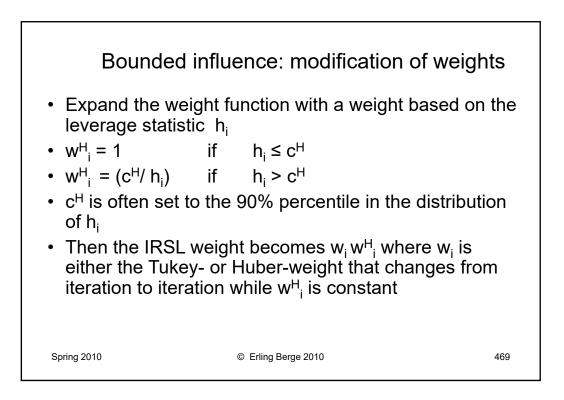


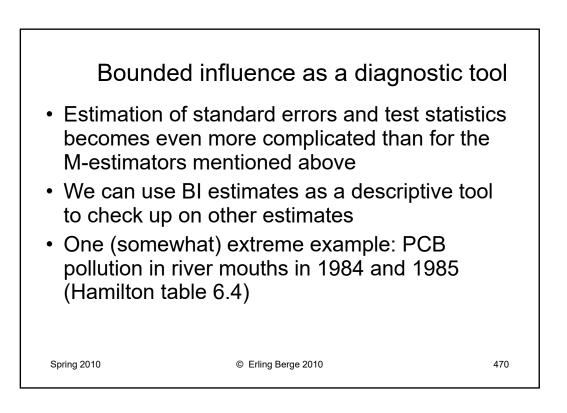


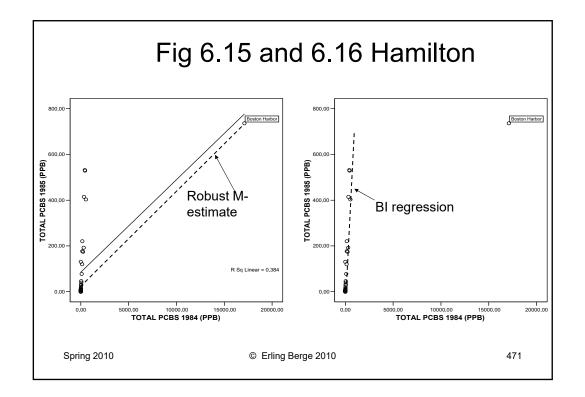


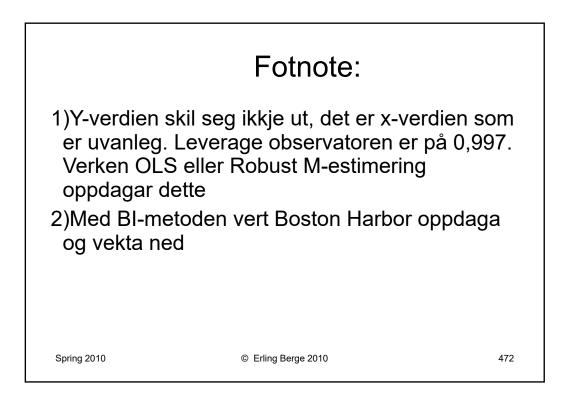


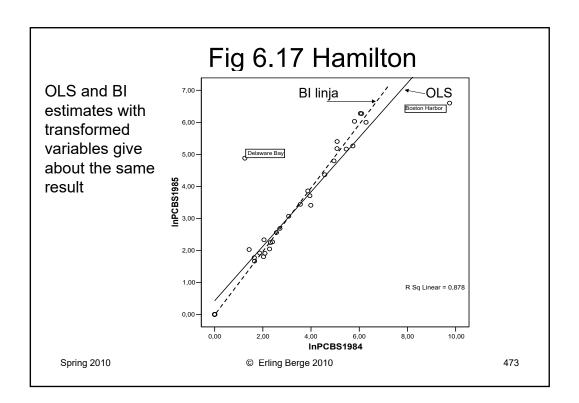


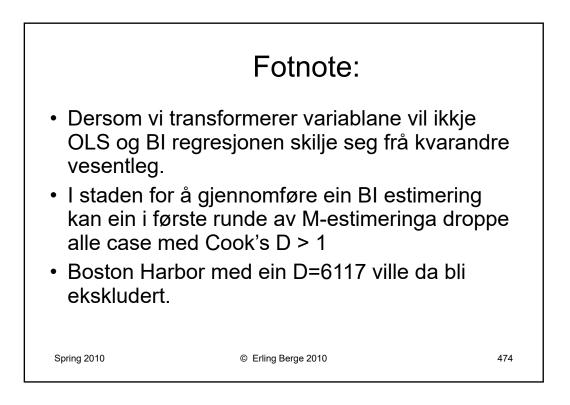


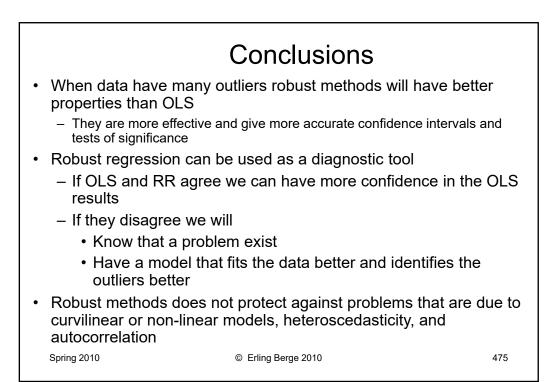




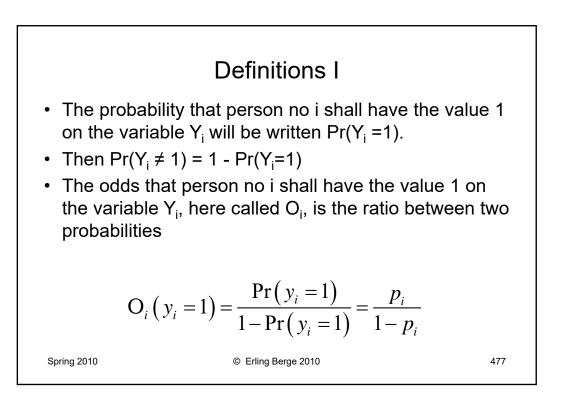


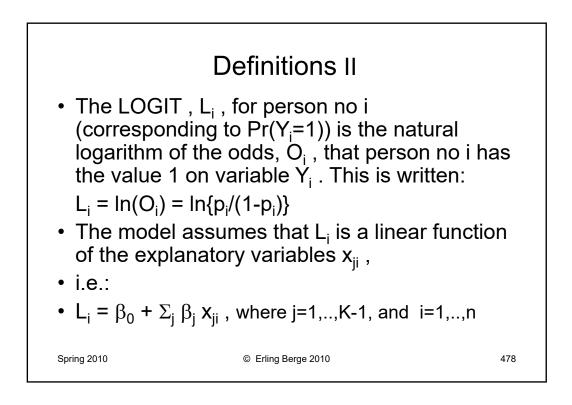


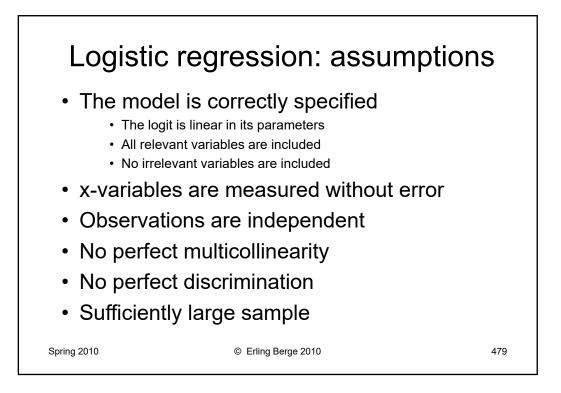


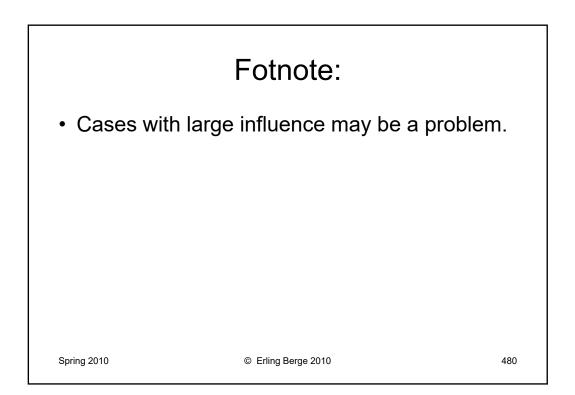


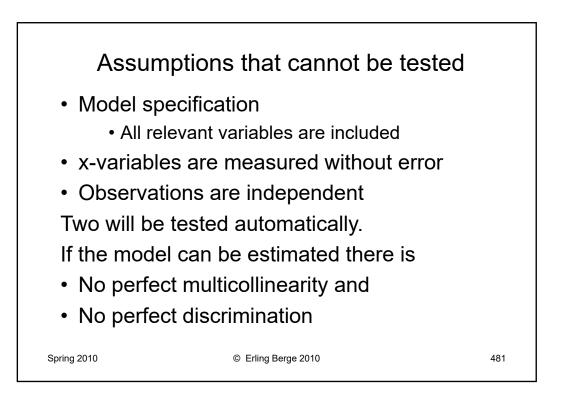


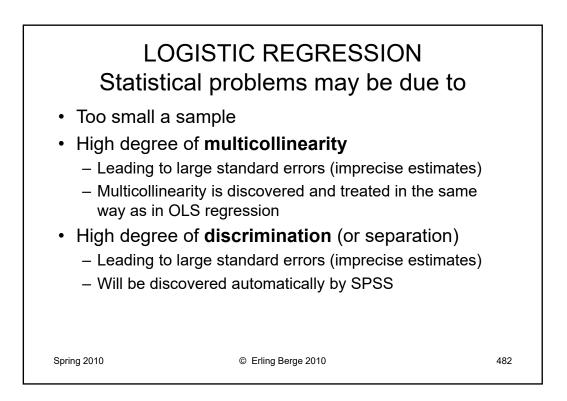


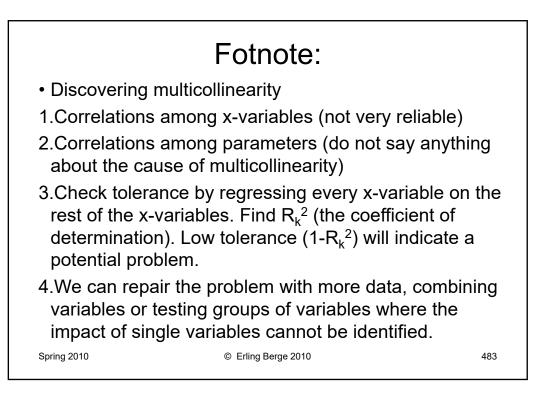


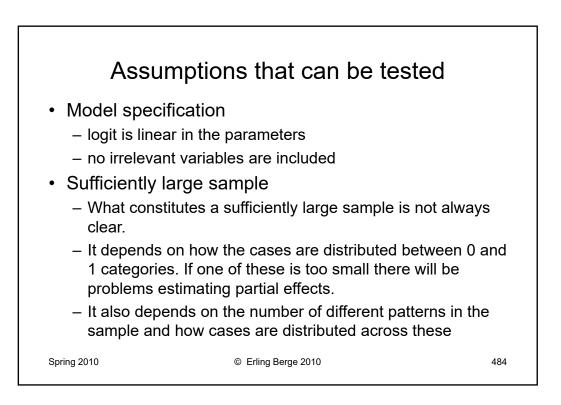


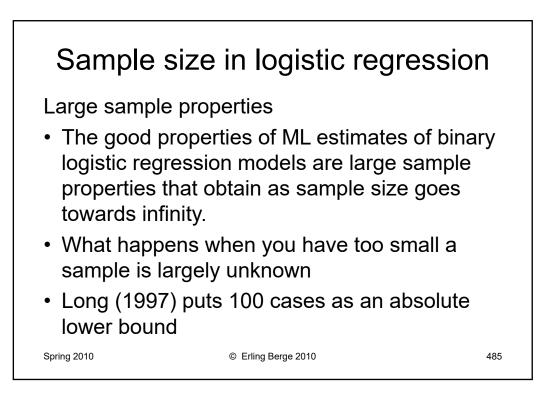


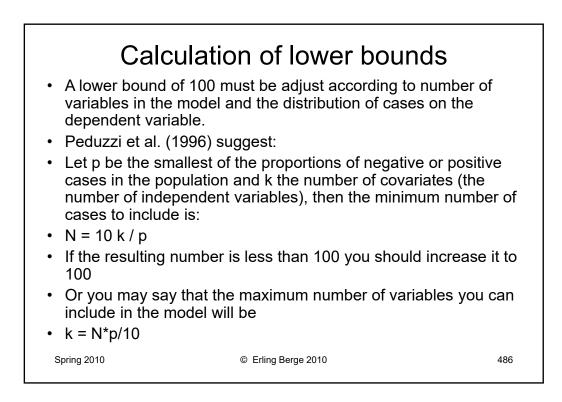


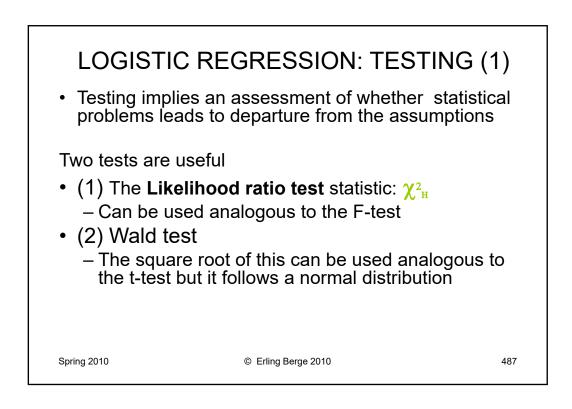


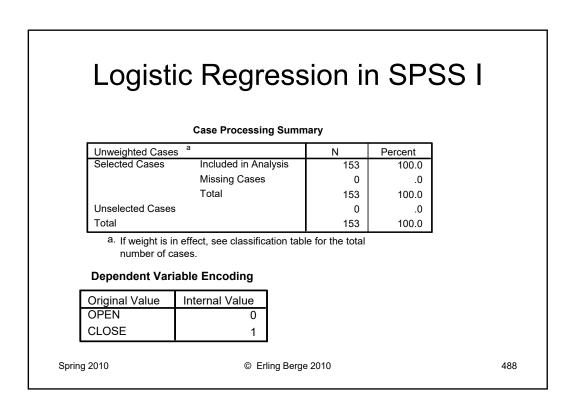


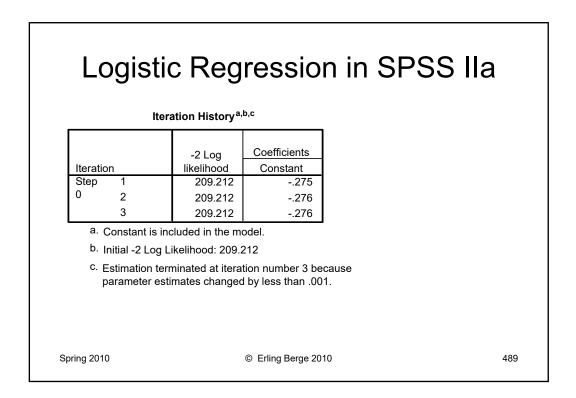


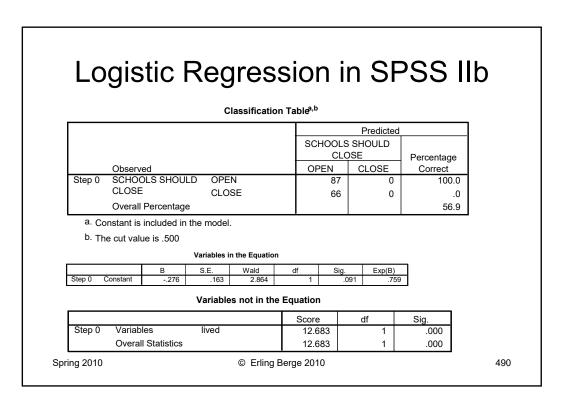




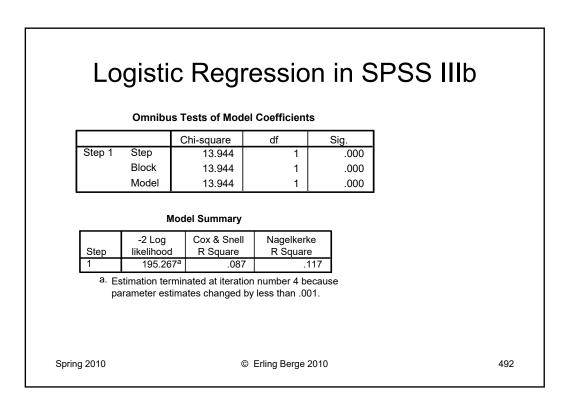




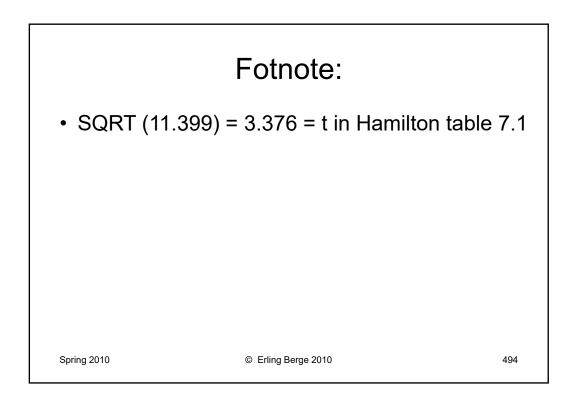


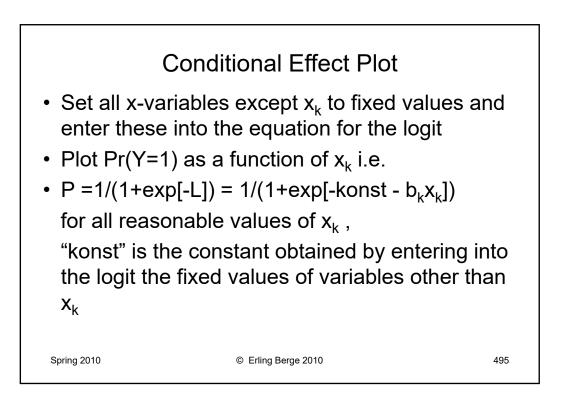


Logisti	c Regi	ressio	n in S	PSS II	la
	Iteration His	tory ^{a,b,c,d}			
	-2 Log	Coeffic	cients		
Iteration	likelihood 195.684	Constant	lived		
Step 1		.376	034		
1 2	195.269	.455	041		
3	195.267	.460	041		
4	195.267	.460	041		
a. Method: Enter					
b. Constant is inc	cluded in the m	odel.			
^{c.} Initial -2 Log L	ikelihood: 209.2	212			
d. Estimation ter		tion number 4			
Spring 2010	(© Erling Berge 2	010		491

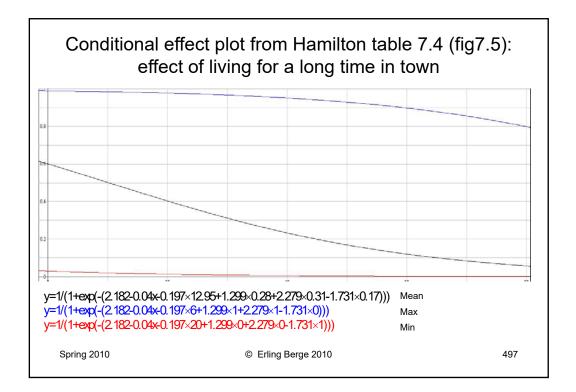


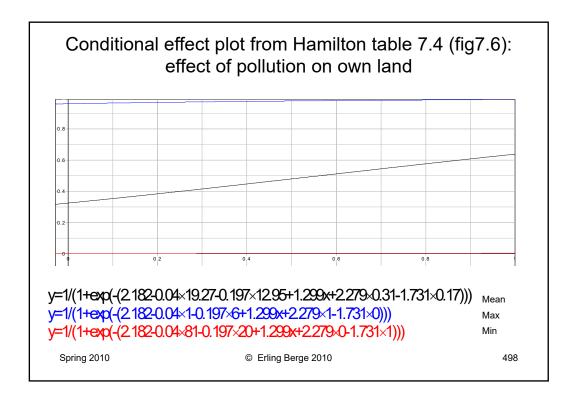
	giot		•	cation Tab			S IIIc
			Classing		le -	Predicted	
			SCHOOLS	Percentage			
	Observed			Ē	OPEN	CLOSE	Correct
Step 1	SCHOOLS	SHOULD	OPEN		59	28	67.8
	CLOSE		CLOSE		29	37	56.1
	Overall Per	centage				62.7	
a. The	e cut value is	.500	Variables i	in the Equa	tion		
		В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)
Step	lived	041	.012	11.399)	1 .00	1 .960
1	Constant	.460	.263	3.069)	1.08	0 1.584
a va	riable(s) ente	red on step 1:	lived.				

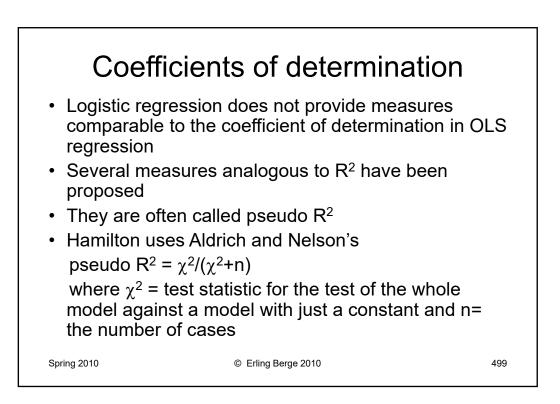


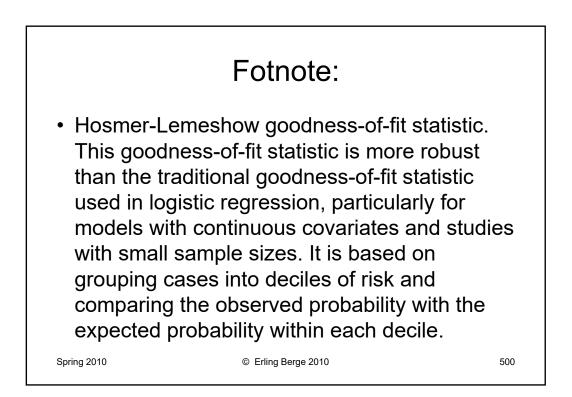


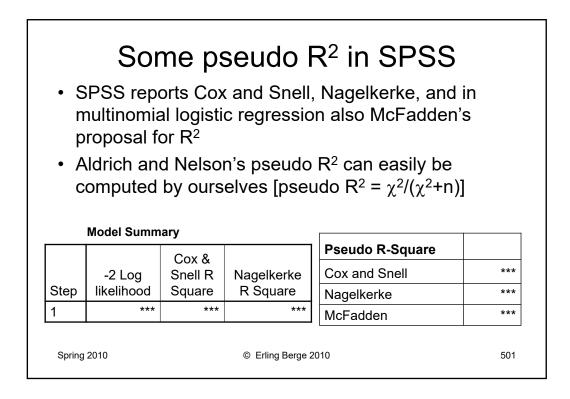
	В	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)	Minimum	Maximum	Mean
lived	-,040	,015	6,559	1	,010	,961	1,00	81,00	19,2680
educ	-,197	,093	4,509	1	,034	,821	6,00	20,00	12,9542
contam	1,299	,477	7,423	1	,006	3,664	,00	1,00	,2810
hsc	2,279	,490	21,591	1	,000	9,763	,00	1,00	,3072
nodad	-1,731	,725	5,696	1	,017	,177	,00	1,00	,1699
Constant	2,182	1,330	2,692	1	,101	8,866			
Logit:					-				

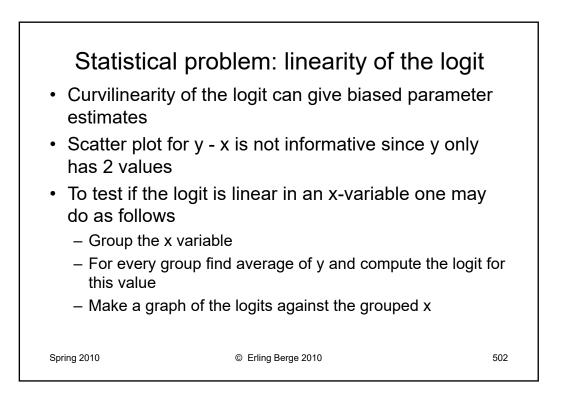


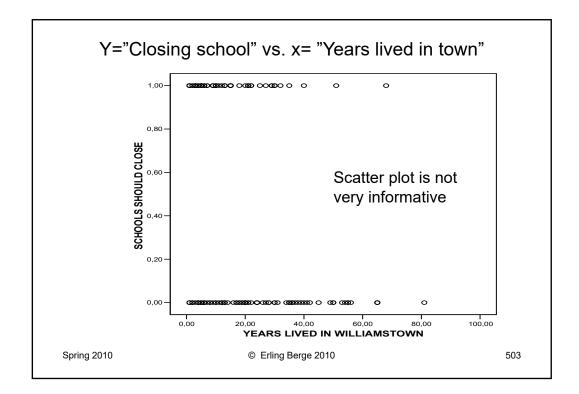




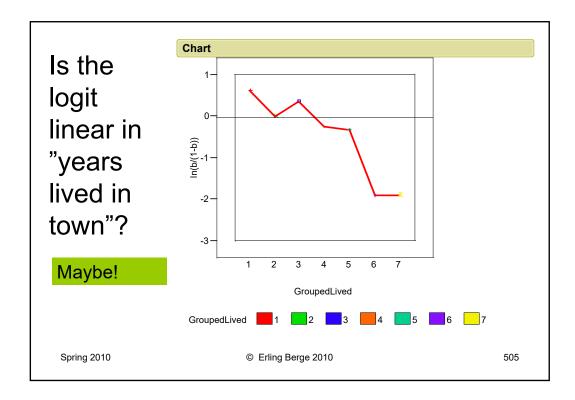






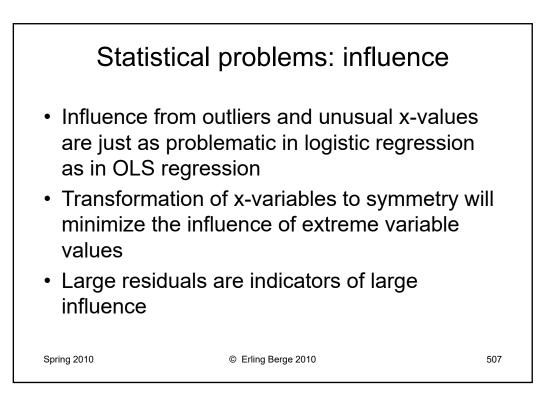


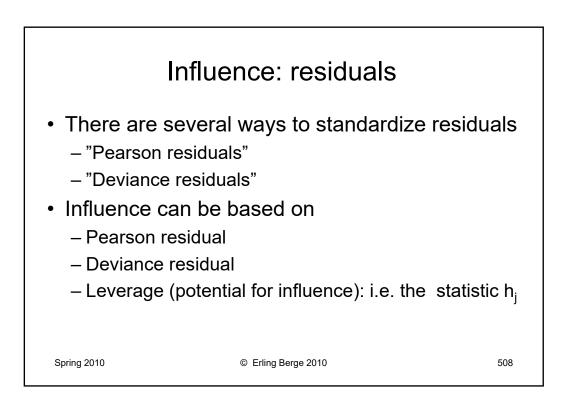
	Lin	earit	y in	logit	t: ex	amp	ole			
Reca	all: Logit =	= L _i = Ir	n(O _i) =	In{p _i /(1	l-p _i)}					
SCHOOLS SHOULD CLOSE		YEARS LIVED IN WILLIAMSTOWN (Banded)								
		<= 3	4-6	7-11	12-22	23-33	34-44	45+		
Ν	OPEN	7	14	7	22	11	13	13		
N	CLOSE	13	14	10	17	8	2	2		
Within group	Mean (=p)	,65	,50	,59	,44	,42	,13	,13		
Logit	Ln(p/(1-p))	0,619	0	0,364	-0,241	-0,323	-1,901	-1,901		
Spring	g 2010		© Ei	rling Berge 20	10			504		

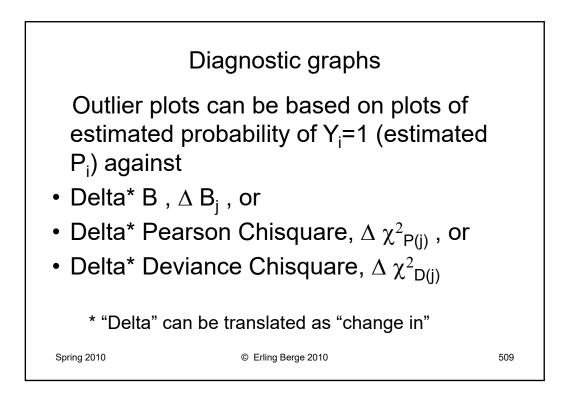


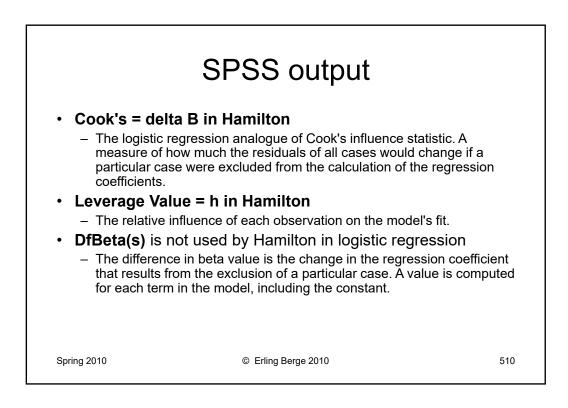
In case of curvilinearity the odds ratio is non-constant
Assume the logit is curvilinear in education. Then the odds ratio for
answering yes, adding one year of education, is:

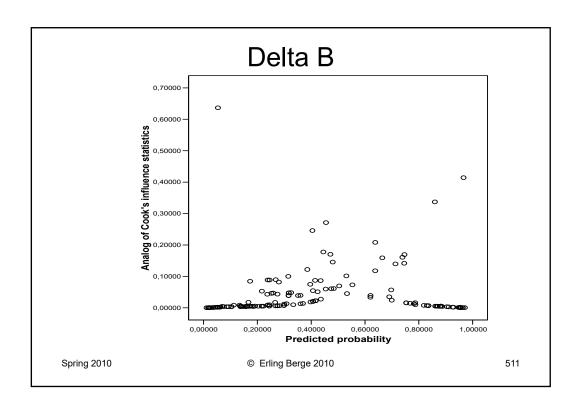
$$\frac{e^{b_0+b_a*Alder+b_k*Kvinne+b_{utd}*(E.utd+1)+b_{ud2}*(E.utd+1)^2}}{e^{b_0+b_a*Alder+b_k*Kvinne+b_{utd}*E.utd+b_{ud2}*(E.utd^2)}} = \frac{e^{b_0+b_u*E.utd^2}}{e^0} = e^{b_{udd}+b_{ud2}*(2E.utd+1)}}{e^0}$$

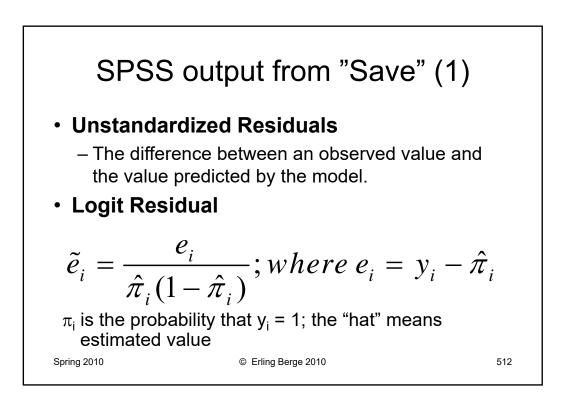


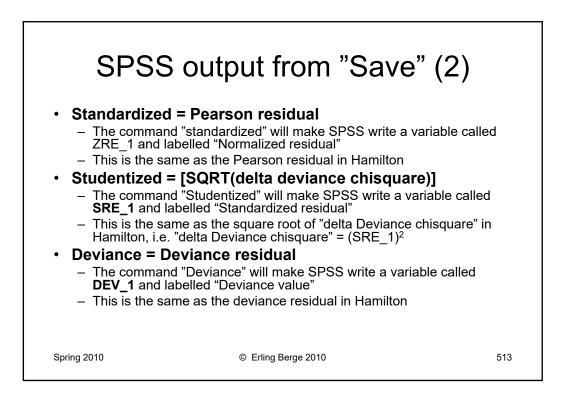


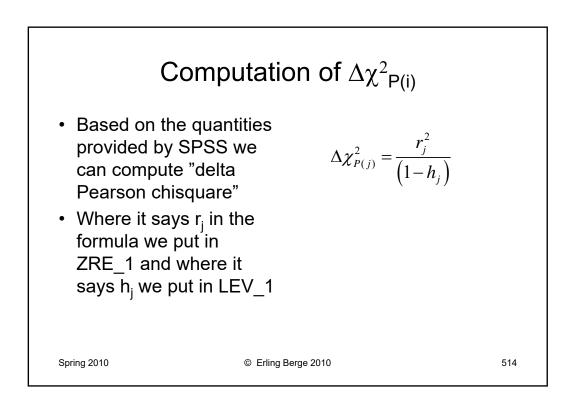


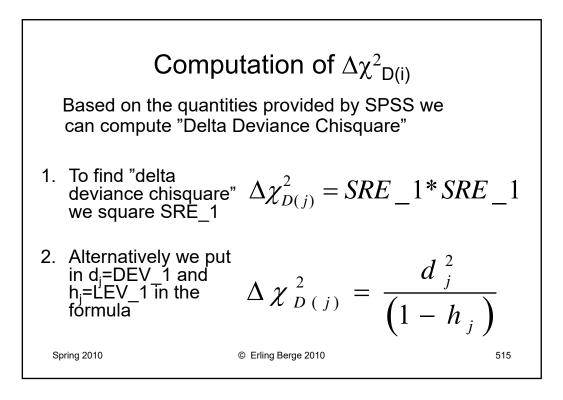


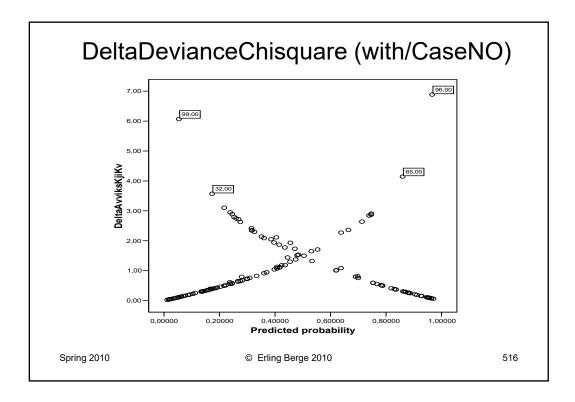


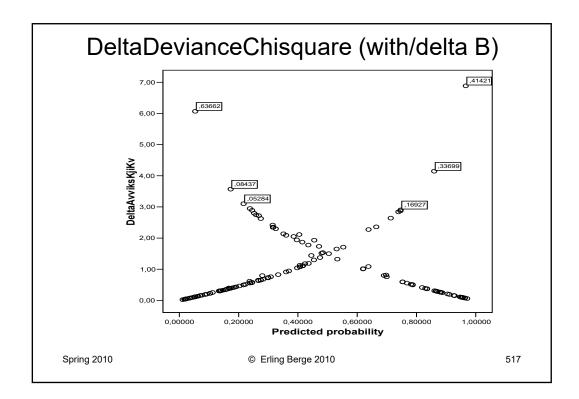


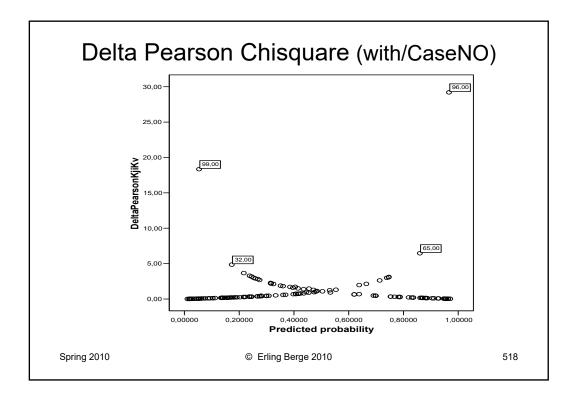


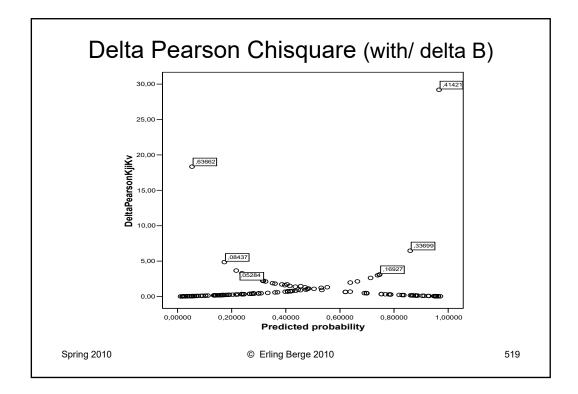




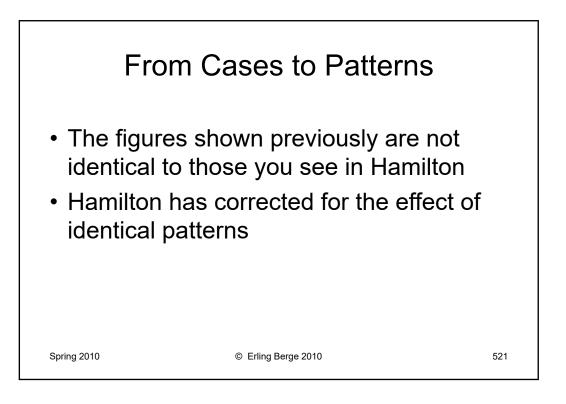


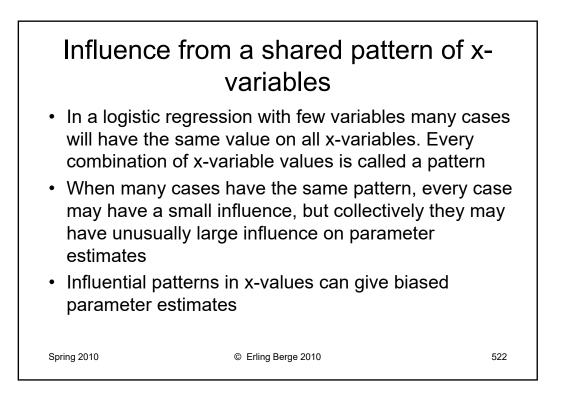


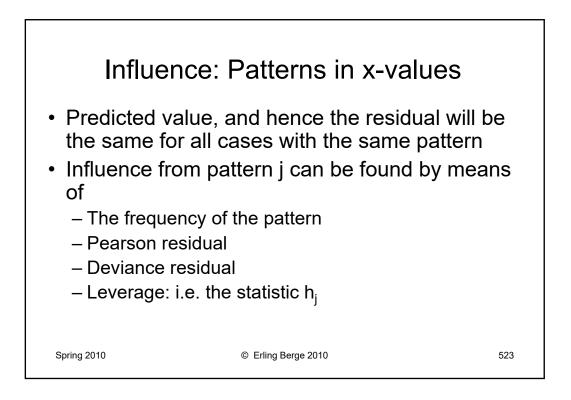


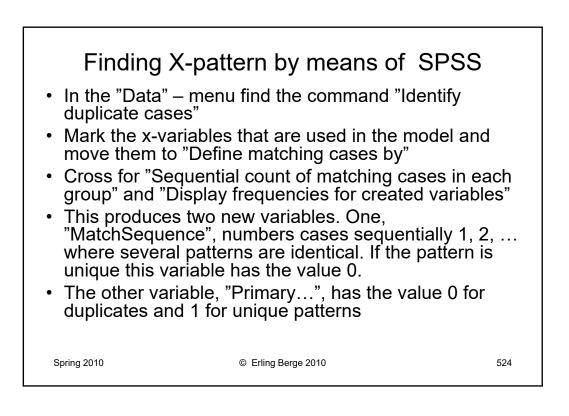


			CaseN		CaseN	CaseN	Case
	09	06	09		09	06	0
Variables	6	5	9	Variables	6	5	
Y=close	1,00	,00	,00	ZRE_1	4,21	-2,48	-5,
lived	68,00	40,00	1,00	DEV_1	2,42	-1,98	-2,
educ	12,00	12,00	12,00	DFB0_1	-,32	,01	-,:
contam	,00	1,00	1,00	DFB1_1	,01	,00	,
hsc	,00	1,00	1,00	DFB2_1	,02	,01	,(
nodad	,00	,00	,00	DFB3_1	-,08	-,15	-,
PRE_1	,05	,86	,97	DFB4_1	-,06	-,17	-,
COO_1	,64	,34	,41	DFB5_1	-,08	,16	,
RES_1	,95	-,86	-,97	DeltaPearsonKjiKv	18,34	6,47	29,
SRE_1	2,46	-2,04	-2,62	DeltaAvviksKjiKv	6,07	4,14	6,8



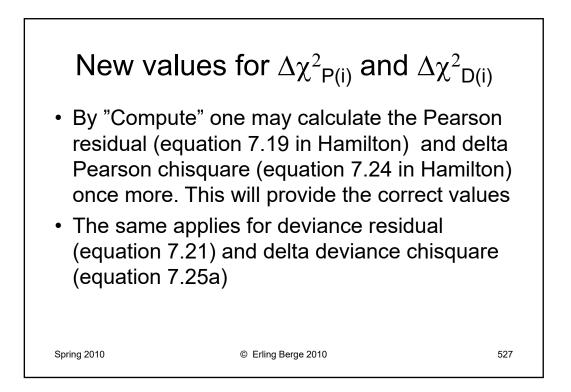


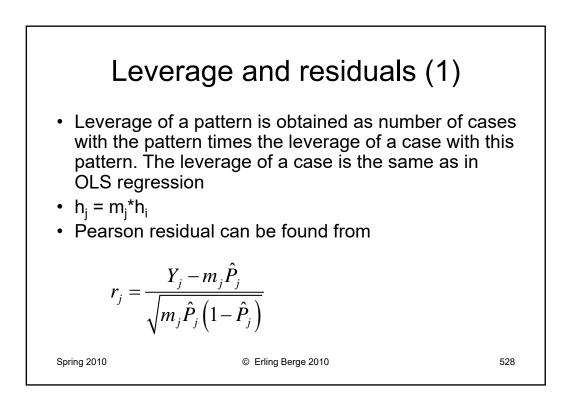


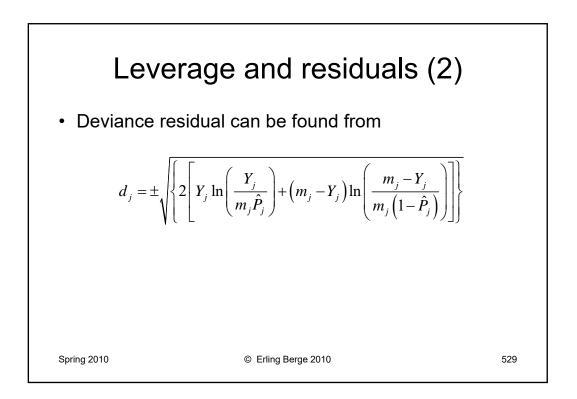


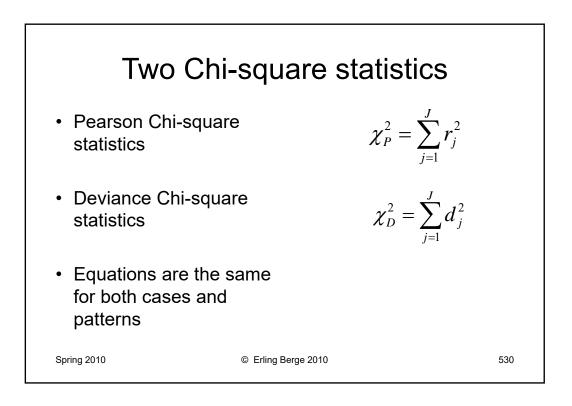
X-patterns in S	1 00, 11		n pz30	5-2-2
	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Duplicate Case	21	13,7	13,7	13,7
Primary Case	132	86,3	86,3	100,0
Total	153	100,0	100,0	
Sequential count of matching cases	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
0 [115 patterns with 1 case]	115	75,2	75,2	75,2
1 [17 patterns with 2 or 3 cases]	17	11,1	11,1	86,3
2 [17-4=13 patterns with 2 cases]	17	11,1	11,1	97,4
3 [4 patterns with 3 cases]	4	2,6	2,6	100,0
Total	153	100,0	100,0	

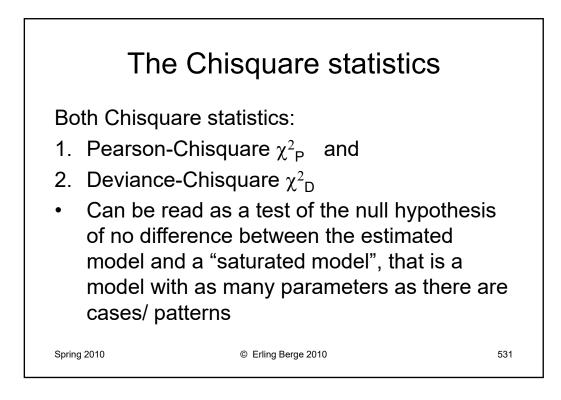
J	# unique patterns of x-values in the data (J<=n)
m _i	# cases with the pattern j (m>=1)
\hat{P}_j	Predicted probability of Y=1 for case with pattern j
Y _j	Sum of y-values for cases with pattern j (= # cases with pattern j and y=1)
r _i	Pearson residual for pattern j
χ^2_P	Pearson Chisquare statistic
d _i	Deviance residual for pattern j
χ^2_D	Deviance Chisquare statistic
h _i	Leverage for case i
h _i	Leverage for pattern j

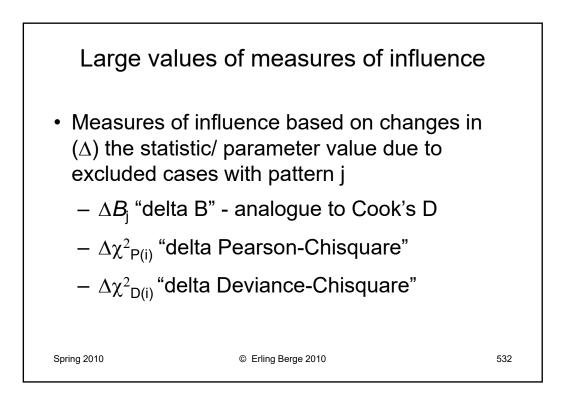


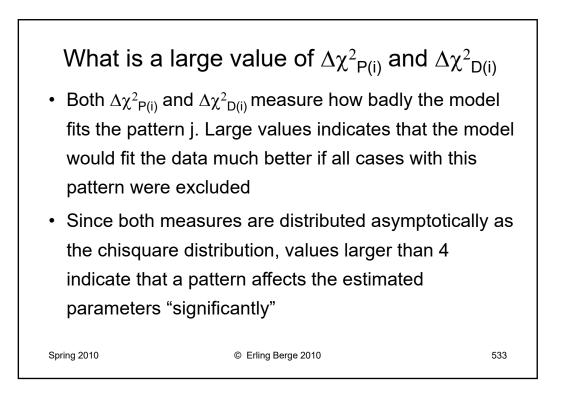


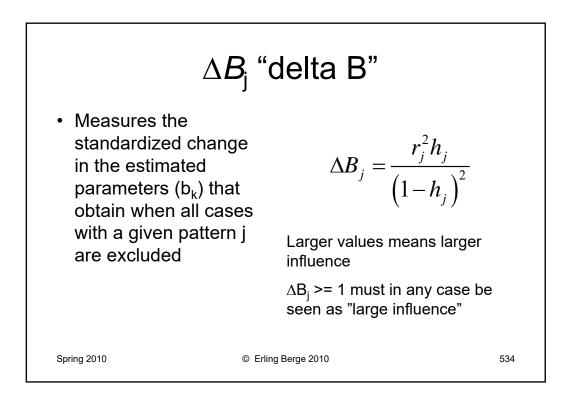


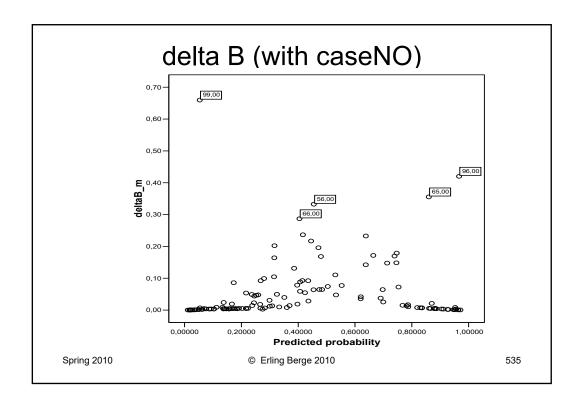


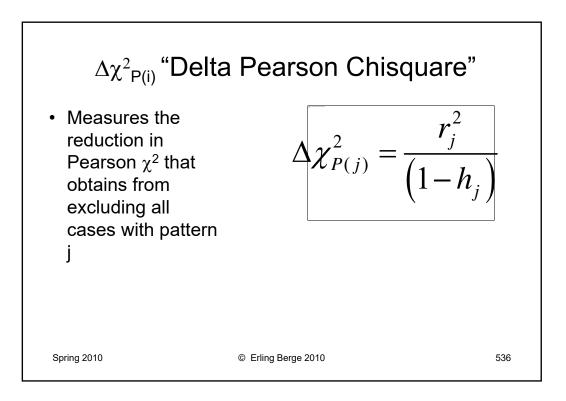


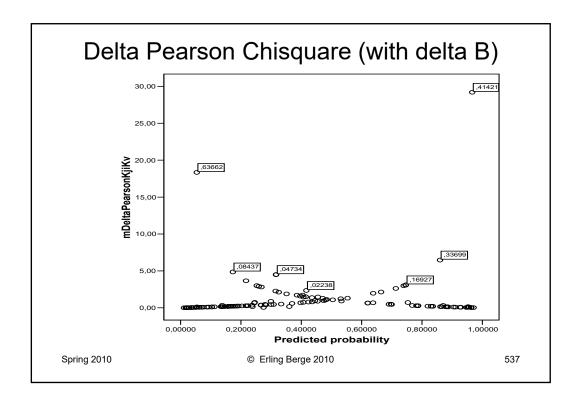


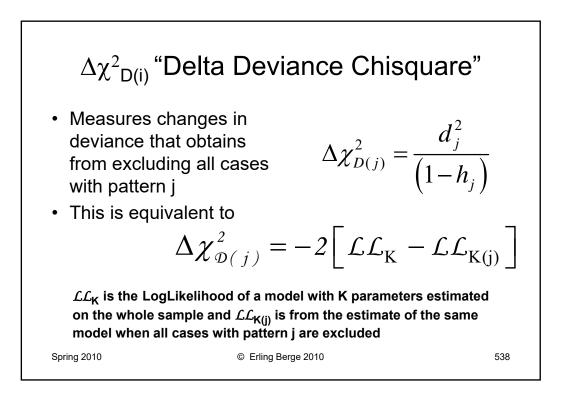


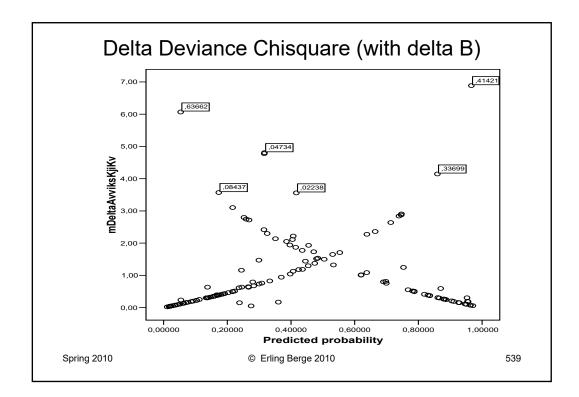




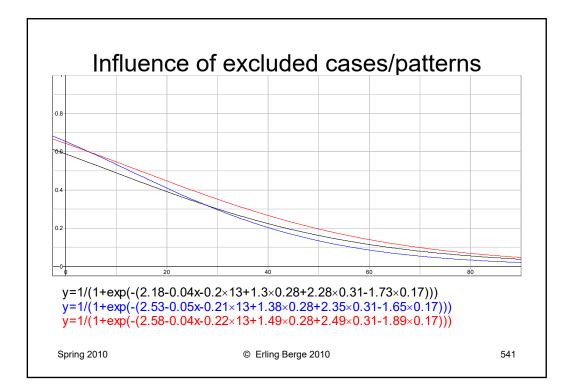


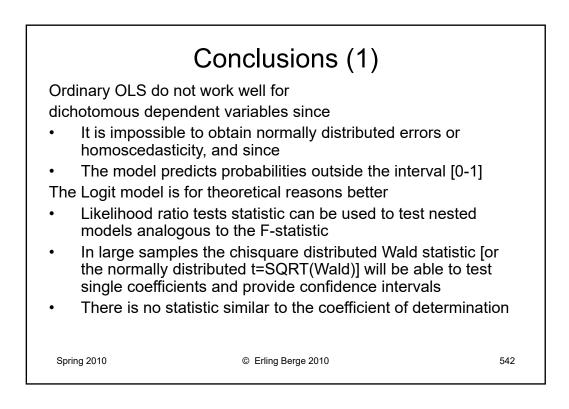


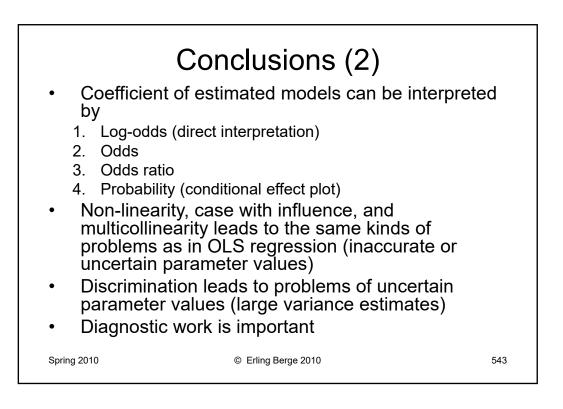


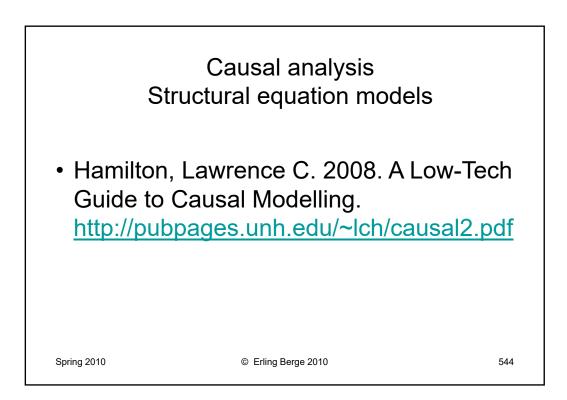


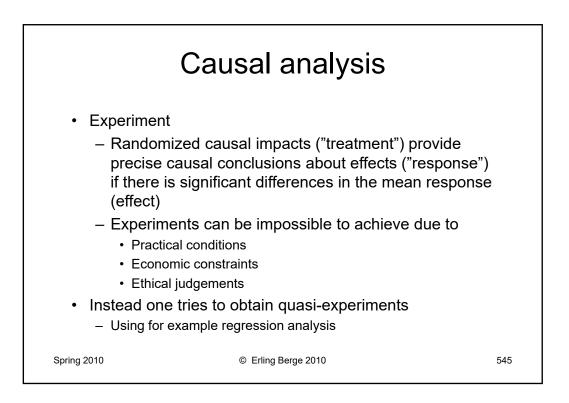
	Logit coefficient			
Variables in the model	Sample	Excluding case 99 $\Delta\chi^2 P(i) = 18,34$	Excluding case 96 $\Delta \chi^2 P(i) = 29,20$	
lived	-,040	-,045	-,052	
educ	-,197	-,224	-,214	
contam	1,299	1,490	1,382	
hsc	2,279	2,492	2,347	
nodad	-1,731	-1,889	-1,658	
Constant	2,182	2,575	2,530	
2*LL(modell)	-142,652	-135,425	-136,124	

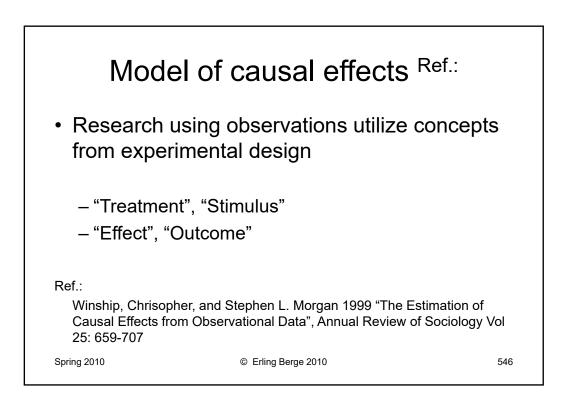


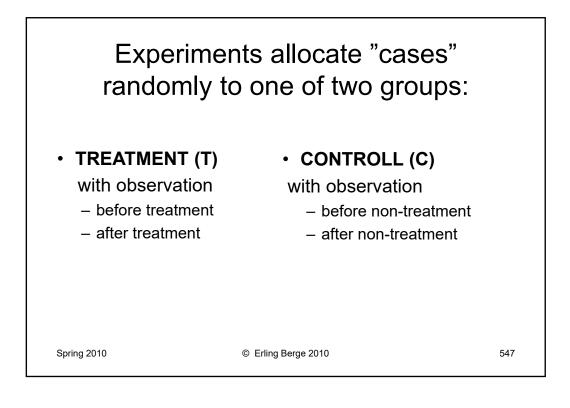


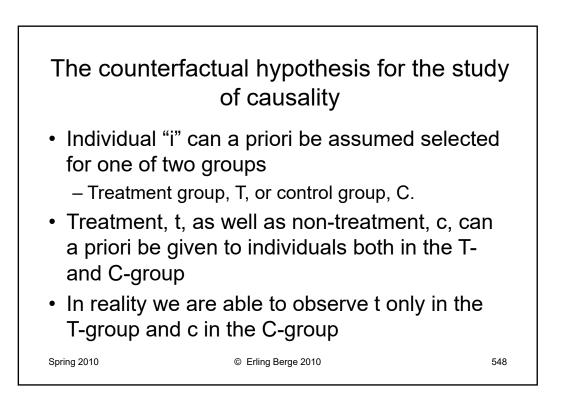


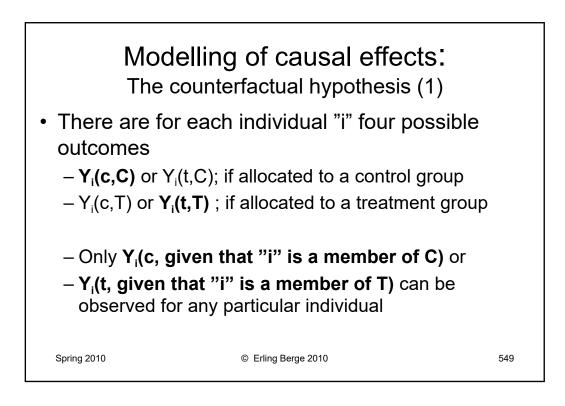


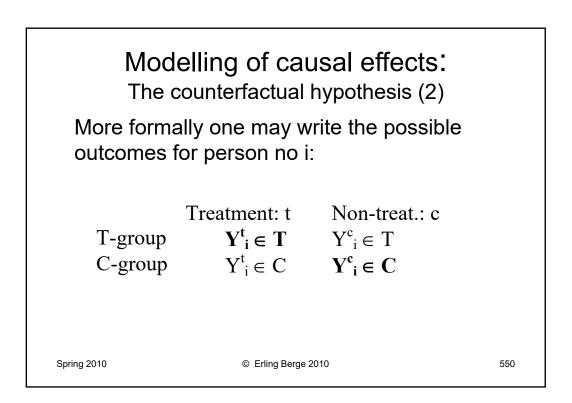


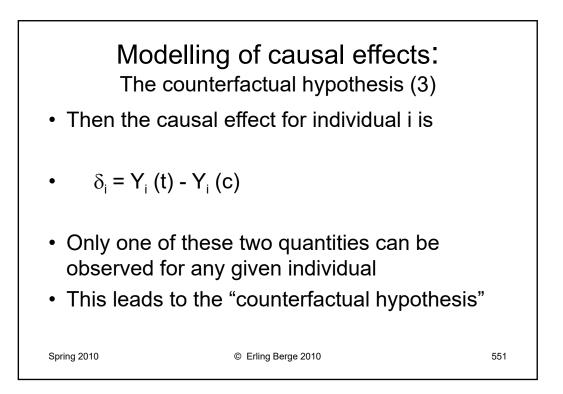


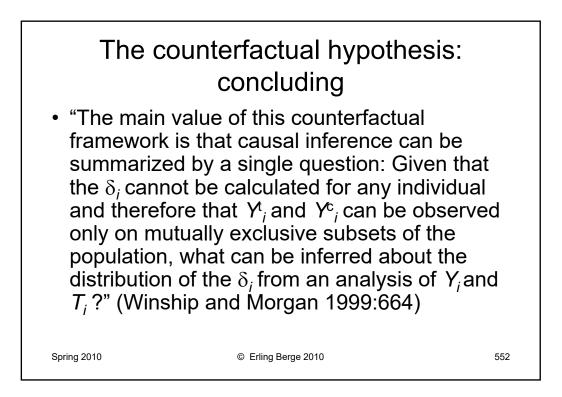


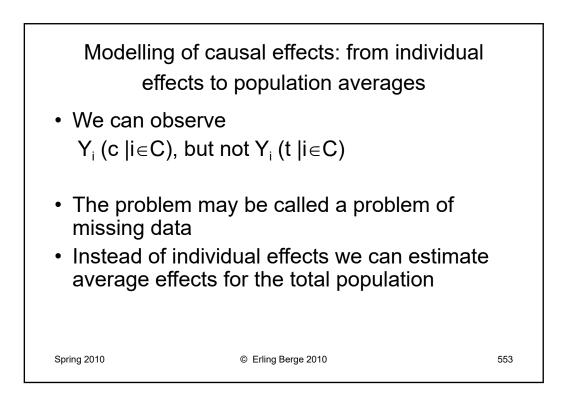


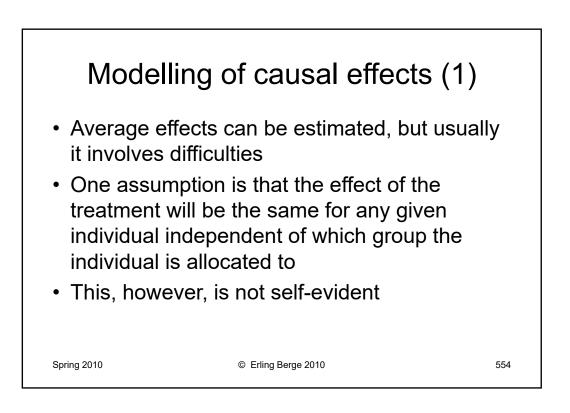


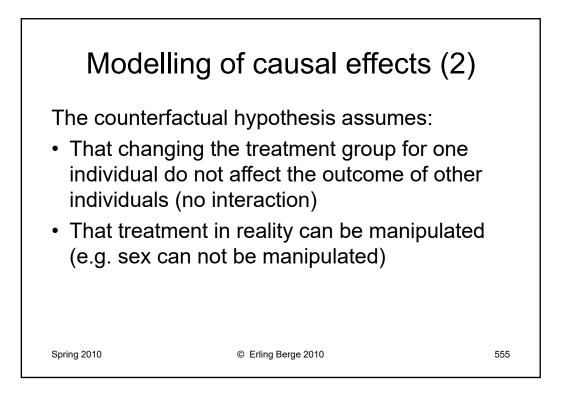


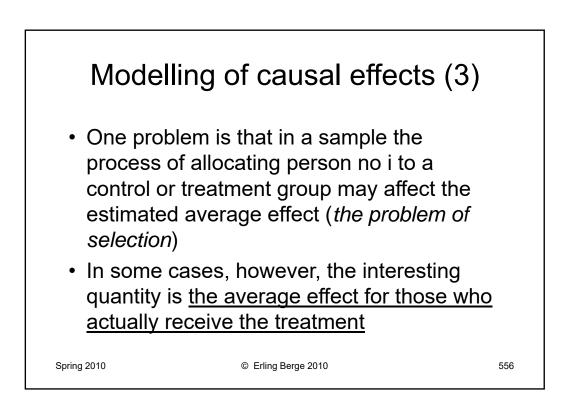


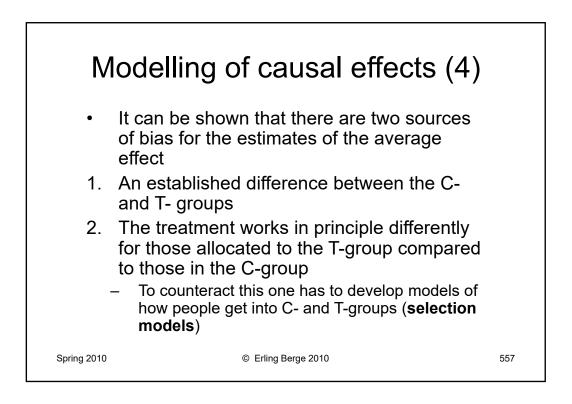


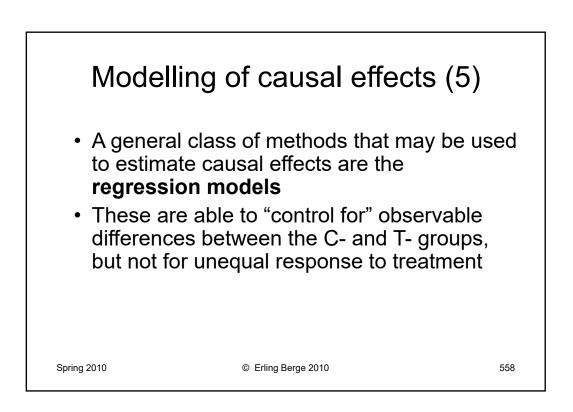


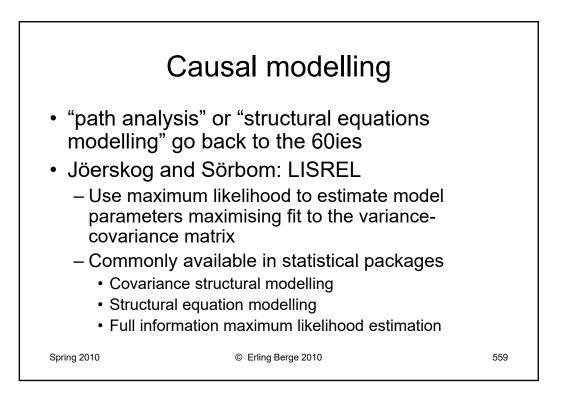


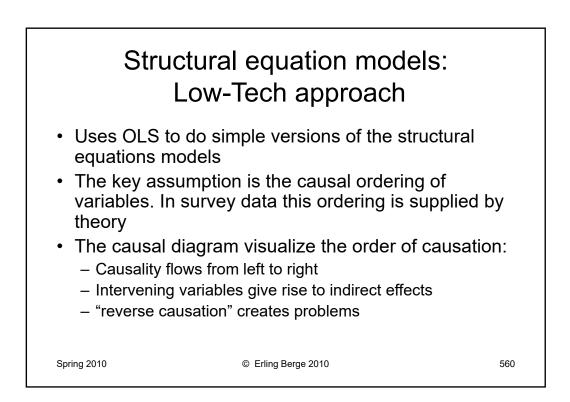


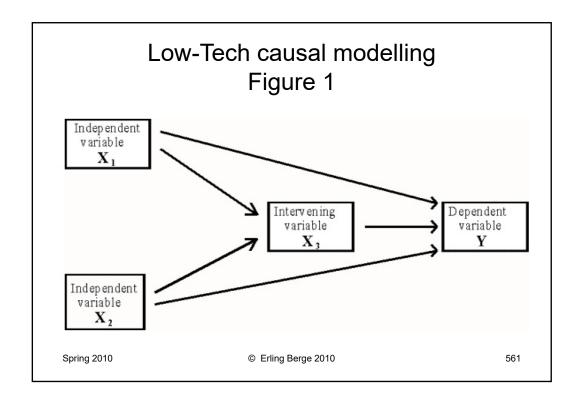


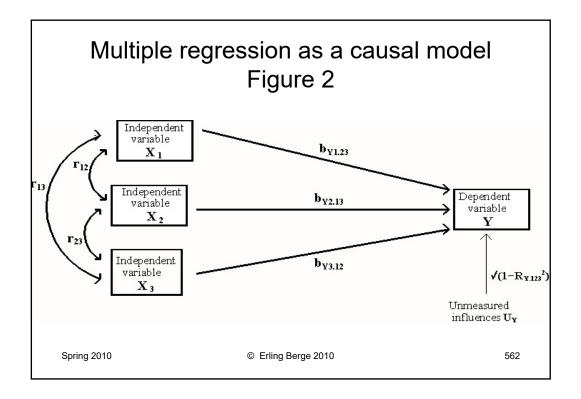




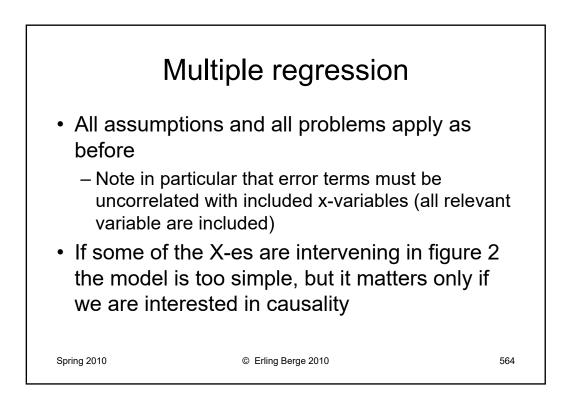


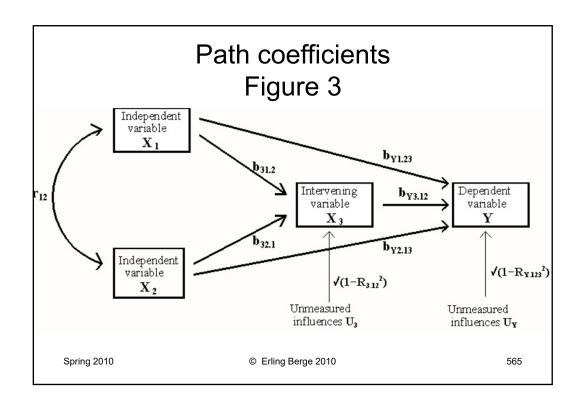




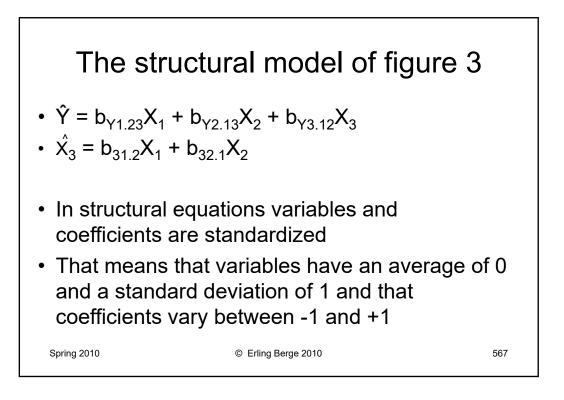


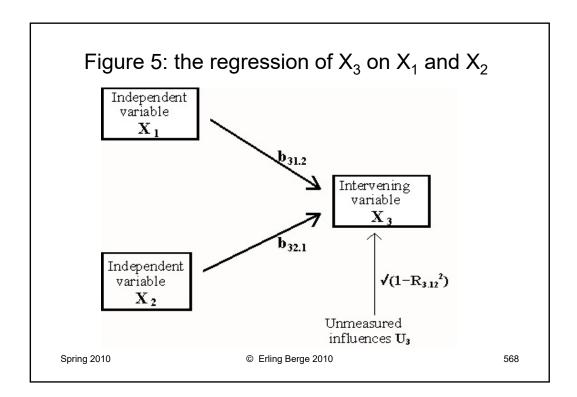
r ₁₂ , r ₁₃ , r ₂₃	Pearson correlations among x-variables
b _{Y1.23} , etc.	Usually a standardized regression coefficient ("beta weight") taken from the regression of Y on X_1 , and "." means controlled for X_2 , X_3
R _{Y.123} ²	Coefficient of determination R^2 from the regression of Y on X_1 , X_2 , X_3
$\sqrt{\{1-R_{Y.123}^2\}}$	Is an estimate of unmeasured influences called error term or disturbance

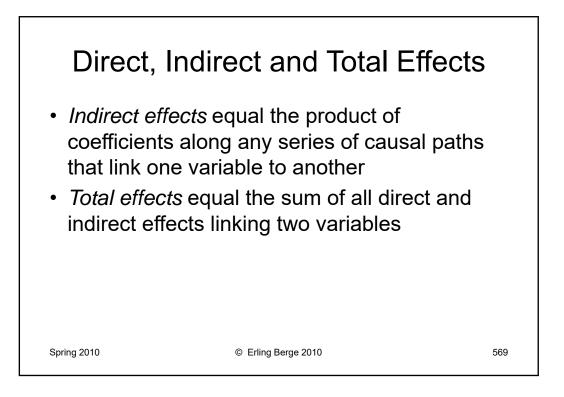


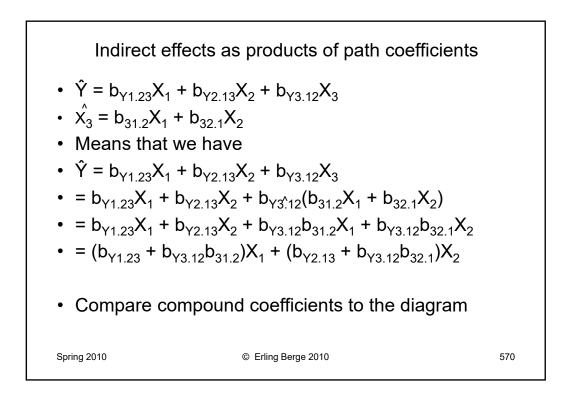


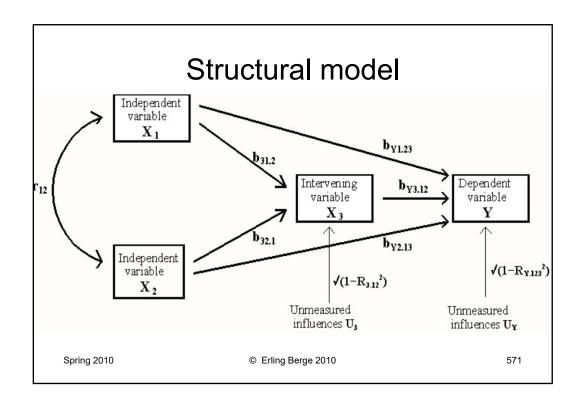
N	ew elements in figure 3	
b _{31.2} , b _{32.1}	Standardized regression coefficients ("beta weight") from the regression of X_3 on X_1 controlled for X_2 and from the regression of X_3 on X_2 controlled for X_1	a
$R_{3.12}^{2}$	Coefficient of determination (R^2) from the regression of X_3 on X_1 and X_2	
√{1-R _{3.12} ²}	The error term from the regression of $X_3^{}$ on $X_1^{}$ and $X_2^{}$	
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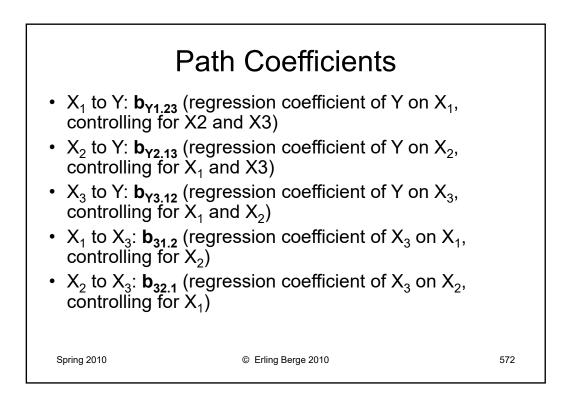






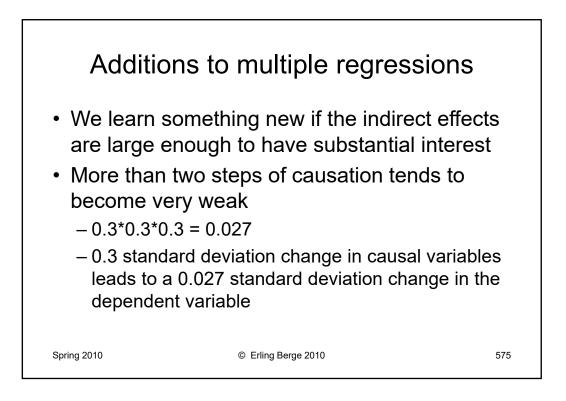


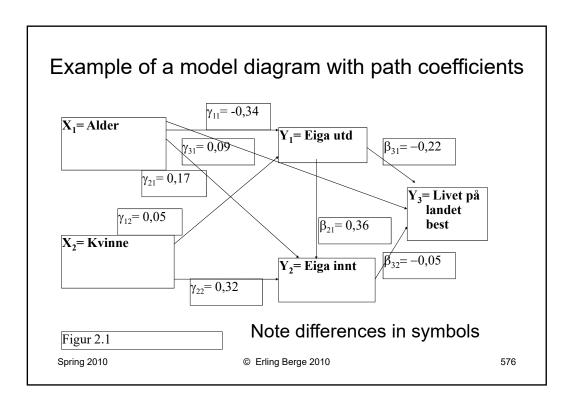


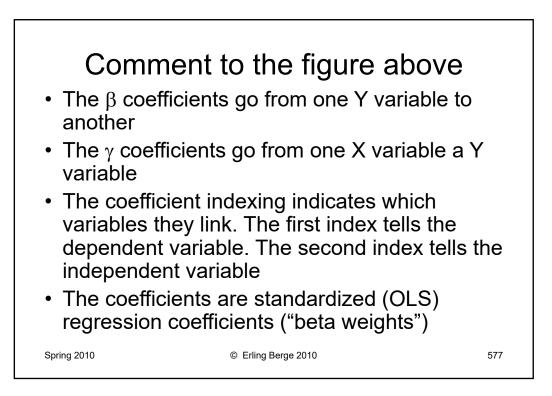


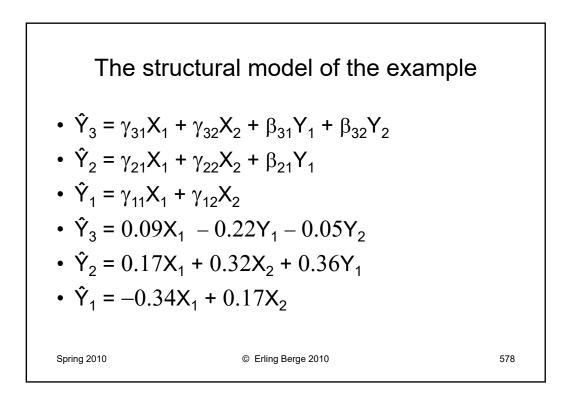
	Direct effects
X ₁ to Y: b _{Y1.23}	regression coefficient of Y on X1, controlling for X2 and X3
X ₂ to Y: b _{Y2.13}	regression coefficient of Y on X2, controlling for X1 and X3
X ₃ to Y: b _{Y3.12}	regression coefficient of Y on X3, controlling for X1 and X2
X ₁ to X ₃ : b _{31.2}	regression coefficient of X3 on X1, controlling for X2
X_2 to X_3 : b _{32.1}	regression coefficient of X3 on X2, controlling for X1
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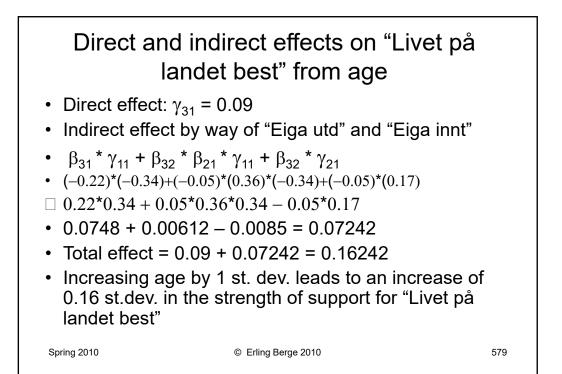
maneor	and total effects	
Indirect effects		
X_1 to Y, through X_3 :	b _{31.2} × b _{Y3.12}	
X_2 to Y, through X_3 :	b _{32.1} × b _{Y3.12}	
Total effects		
X ₁ to Y:	$b_{Y1.23} + (b_{31.2} \times b_{Y3.12})$	
X ₂ to Y:	$b_{Y2,13} + (b_{32,1} \times b_{Y3,12})$	

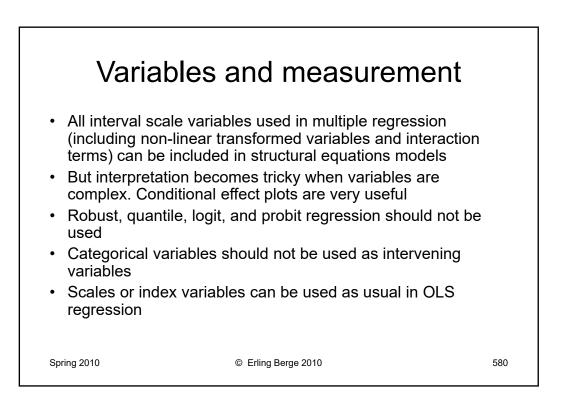


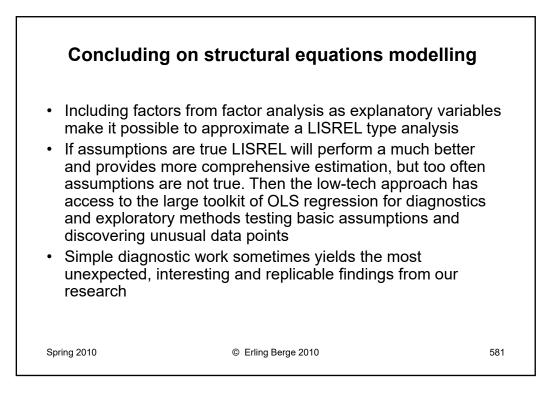


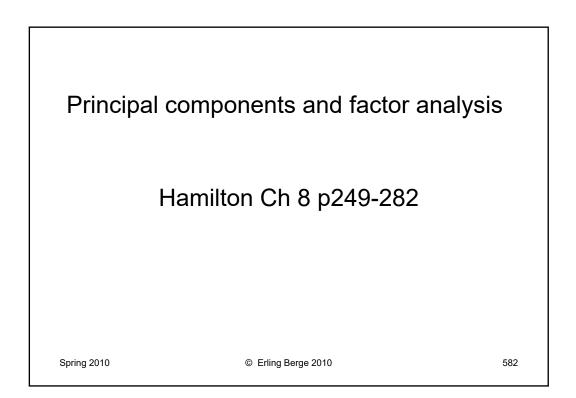


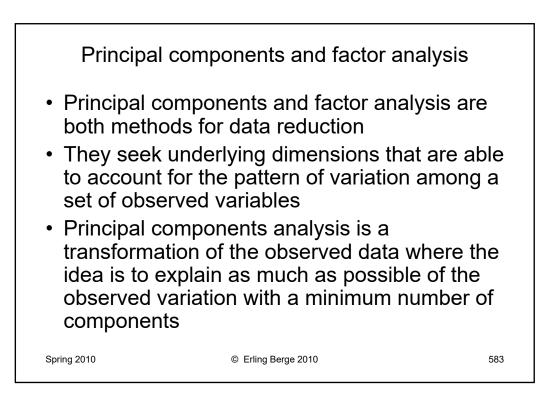


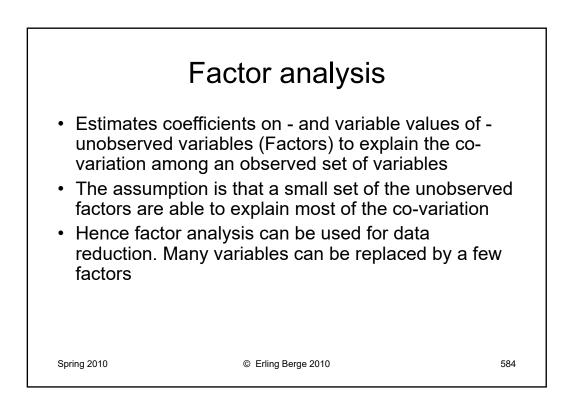


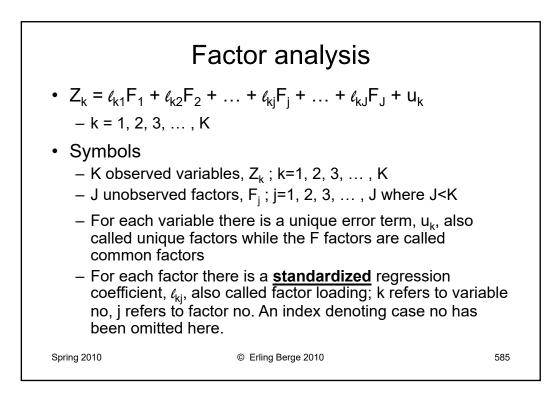


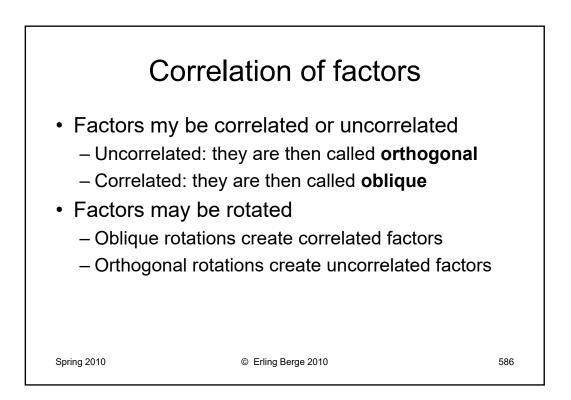


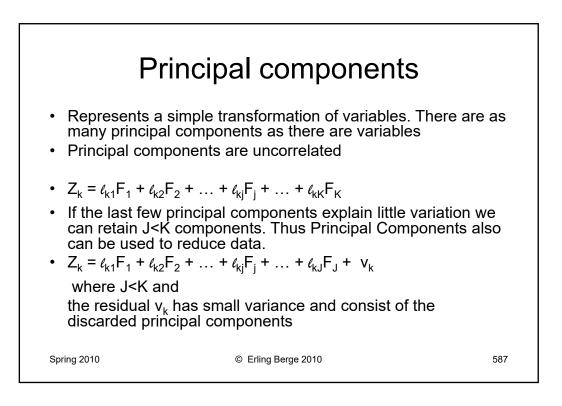


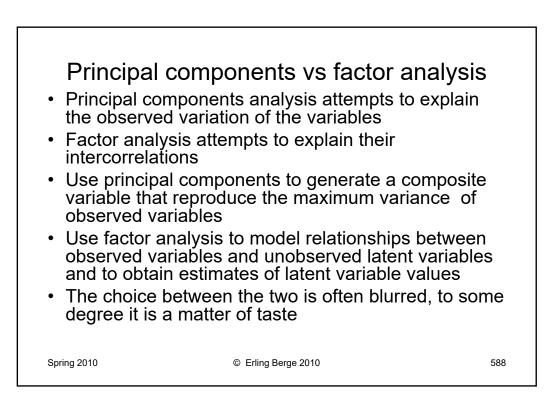


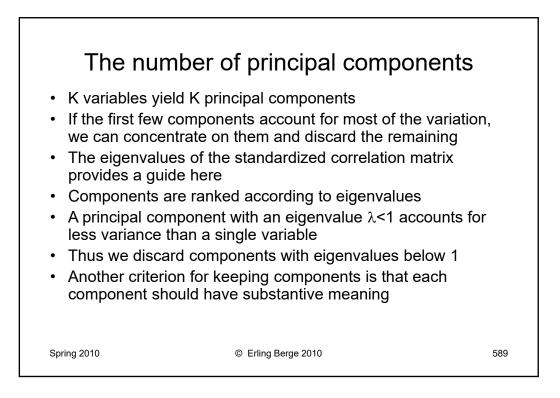


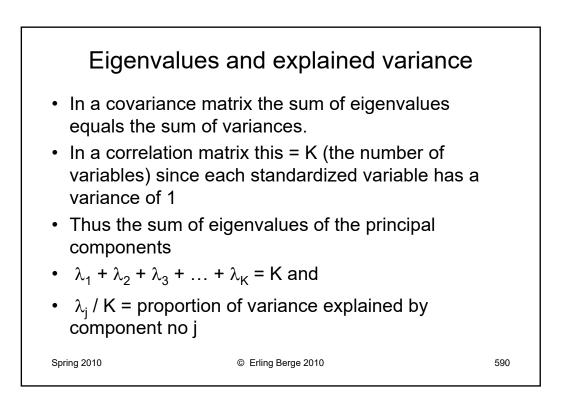


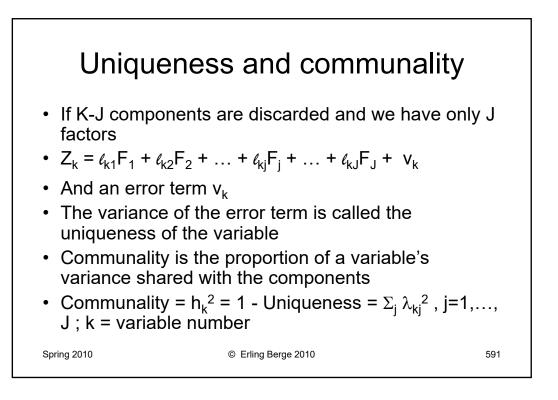


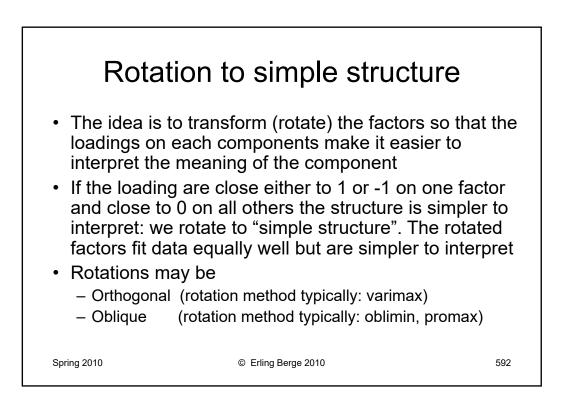


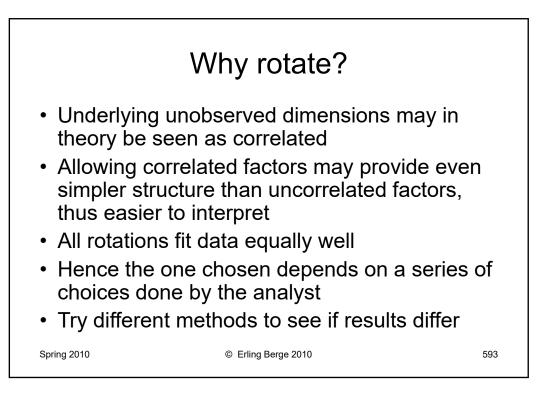


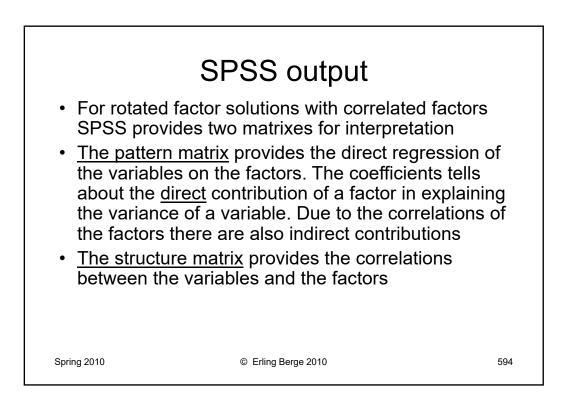


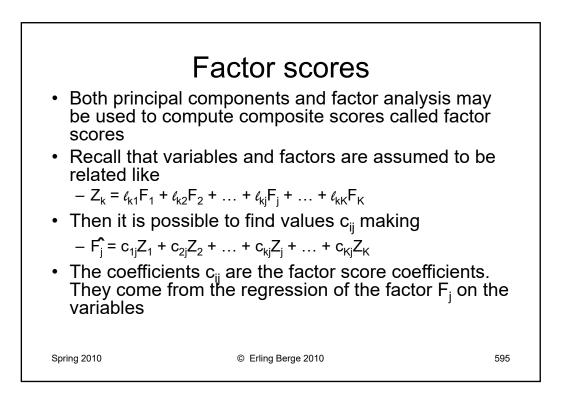


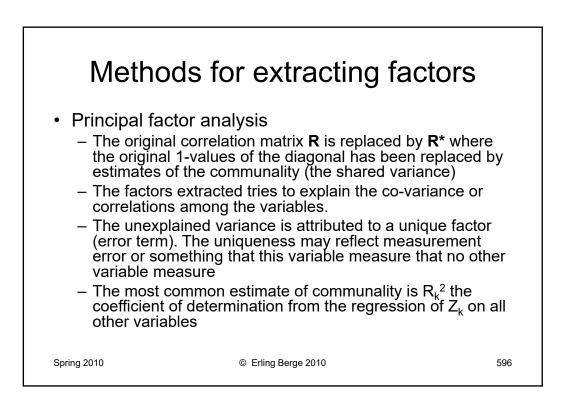


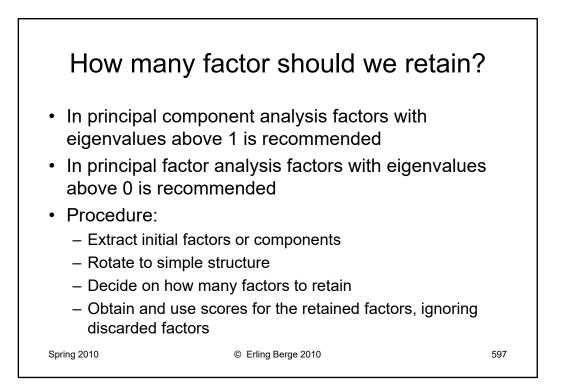


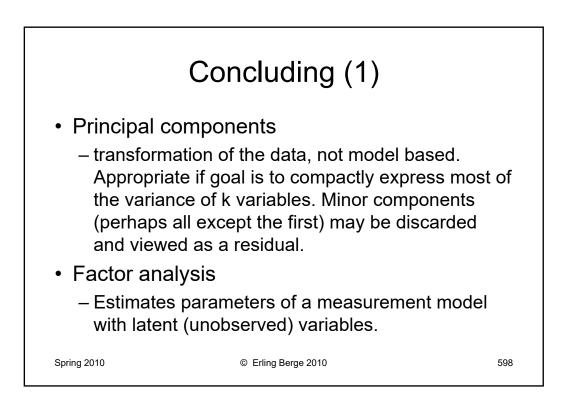


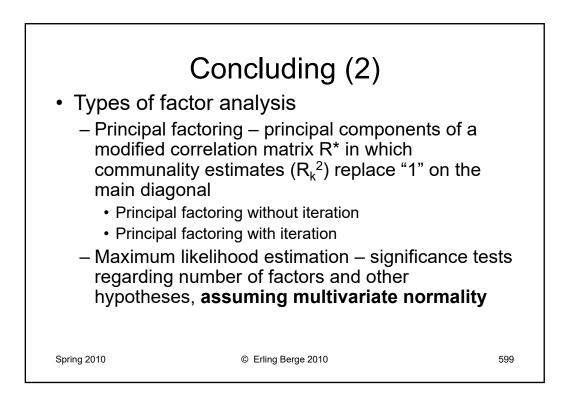


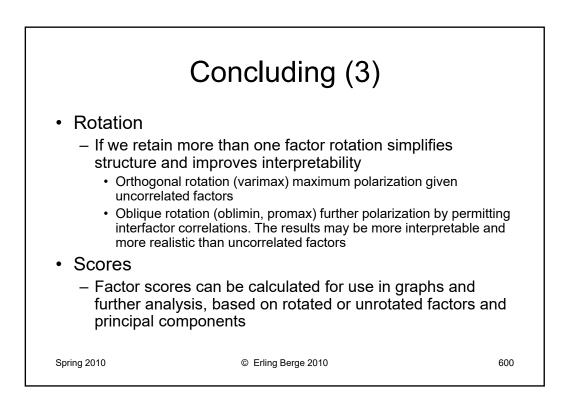


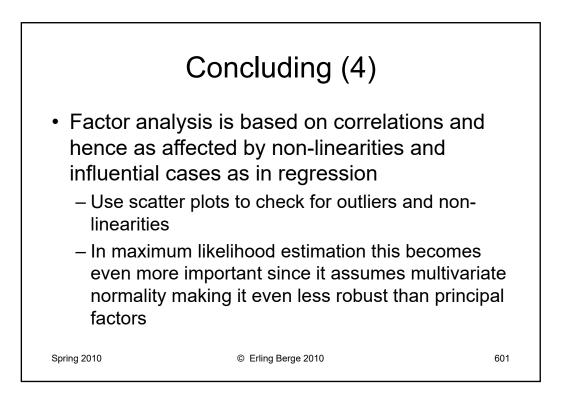


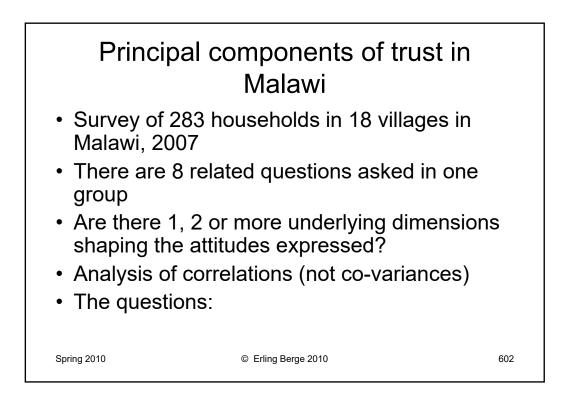








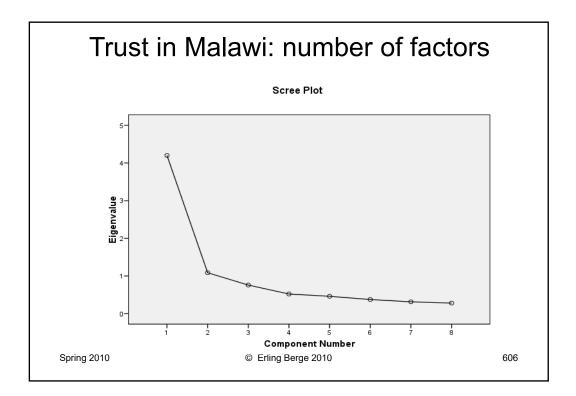




а	Your family members	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
b	Your relatives	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
с	Your village	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
d	People from outside the village	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
е	People of same ethnic group	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
f	People from outside ethnic group		Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
g	People from same church/mosque	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know
h	People <i>not</i> from same church/mosque	All	Most	Some	Only a few	None	Do not know

De	escriptive Statis	stics	
	Mean	Std. Deviation	Analysis N
M3.a. Trust in family members	1.60	.935	266
M3.b. Trust in relatives	2.12	1.136	266
M3.c. Trust in people in own village	2.69	1.090	266
M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	3.28	1.118	266
M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	2.90	1.082	266
M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	3.26	1.098	266
M3.g. Trust in people from same church/mosque	2.39	1.062	266
M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosque	3.02	1.197	266

Trus	st in N	/lalaw	/i: cor	relatio	on of v	variat	oles	
			Correlati	on Matrix				
	M3.a. Trust in family members	M3.b. Trust in relatives	M3.c. Trust in people in own village	M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	in people from same	M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosq ue
M3.a. Trust in family members	1.000	.500	.416	.236	.370	.316	.422	.305
M3.b. Trust in relatives	.500	1.000	.496	.315	.363	.353	.424	.292
M3.c. Trust in people in own village	.416	.496	1.000	.482	.588	.573	.465	.430
M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	.236	.315	.482	1.000	.526	.610	.233	.469
M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	.370	.363	.588	.526	1.000	.702	.504	.643
M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	.316	.353	.573	.610	.702	1.000	.430	.618
M3.g. Trust in people from same church/mosque	.422	.424	.465	.233	.504	.430	1.000	.536
M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosque	.305	.292	.430	.469	.643	.618	.536	1.000
Spring 2010			© Erling E	Berge 2010				605



Compone	nt Matrix ^a		
	Compon		
M3.a. Trust in family members	.588	2 .586	
M3.b. Trust in relatives	.624	.532	
M3.c. Trust in people in own village	.776	.080	
M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	.675	398	
M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	.832	221	
M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	.816	330	
M3.g. Trust in people from same church/mosque	.690	.265	
M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosque	.757	262	
Extraction Method: Principal Component	ent Analysis.		
a. 2 components extracted.			

Rotated component matrix	Un	rotated	Ortho	ogonal	
	components		Va	varimax	
Variables	F1	F2	F1	F2	
M3.a. Trust in family members	.588	.586	.117	.821	
M3.b. Trust in relatives	.624	.532	.178	.800	
M3.c. Trust in people in own village	.776	.080	.572	.531	
M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	.675	398	.779	.089	
M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	.832	221	.798	.324	
M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	.816	330	.850	.228	
M3.g. Trust in people from same church/mosque	.690	.265	.391	.627	
M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosque	.757	262	.762	.246	

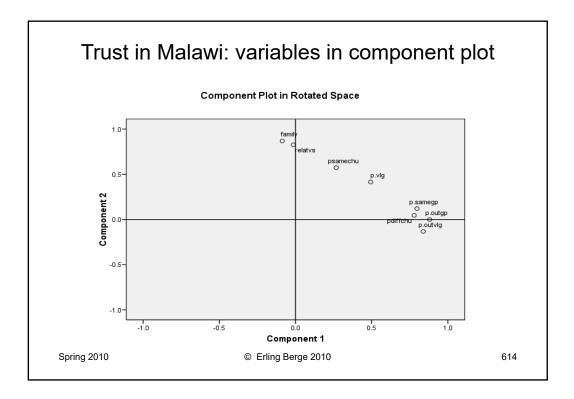
Communalities	5	
	Extraction	
M3.a. Trust in family members	.689	
M3.b. Trust in relatives	.671	
M3.c. Trust in people in own village	.609	
M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	.614	
M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	.741	
M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	.774	
M3.g. Trust in people from same church/mosque	.546	
M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosque	.641	

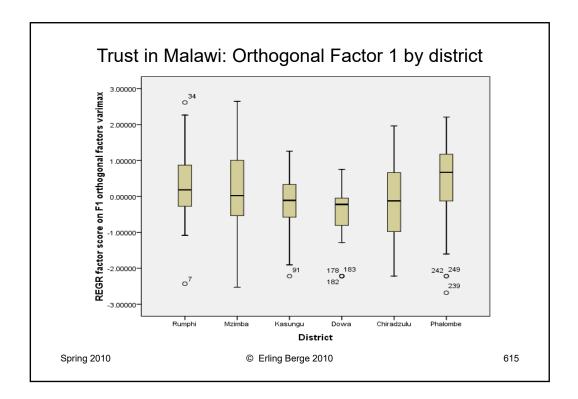
Tr	ust in	Malav	vi: expl	ainec	l variar	nce			
Total Variance Explained									
	traction S	Sums of Squ	ared Loadin	otation S	ums of Squa	red Loading			
Compone	Total	of Variance	cumulative %	Total	of Variance	umulative %			
1	4.199	52.487	52.487	3.071	38.387	38.387			
2	1.087	13.582	66.069	2.215	27.681	66.069			
Extraction	Method:	Principal Cc	omponent An	alysis.	<u>.</u>				
Spring 2010	D		© Erling Berge 201	10		610			

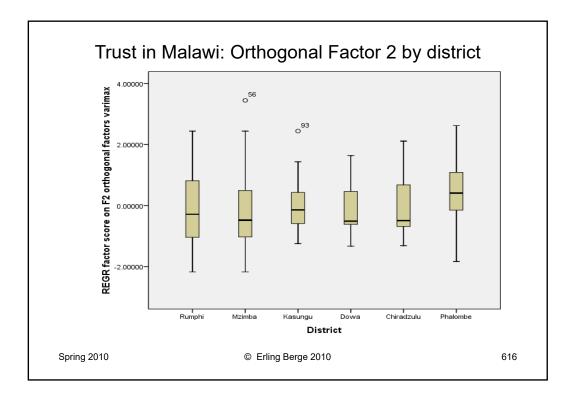
varimax (ortho	gonal)	oblimin		promax	
F1	F2	F1	F2	F1	F2
.117	.821	087	.868	145	.901
.178	.800	014	.826	067	.855
.572	.531	.493	.414	.476	.409
.779	.089	.838	133	.864	170
.798	.324	.797	.120	.806	.093
.850	.228	.881	001	.899	036
.391	.627	.268	.573	.237	.582
.762	.246	.779	.045	.792	.016
	(ortho F1 .117 .178 .572 .779 .798 .850 .391	(orthogonal) F1 F2 .117 .821 .178 .800 .572 .531 .779 .089 .798 .324 .850 .228 .391 .627	(orth-gonal) F1 F2 F1 .117 .821 087 .1178 .800 014 .572 .531 .493 .779 .089 .838 .798 .324 .797 .850 .228 .881 .391 .627 .268	(orthogonal) F1 F2 F1 F2 .117 .821 087 .868 .117 .820 014 .826 .572 .531 .493 .414 .779 .089 .838 133 .798 .324 .797 .120 .850 .228 .881 001 .391 .627 .268 .573	(orthogonal) F1 F2 F1 F2 F1 .117 .821 087 .868 145 .117 .800 014 .826 067 .572 .531 .493 .414 .476 .779 .089 .838 133 .864 .798 .324 .797 .120 .806 .850 .228 .881 001 .899 .391 .627 .268 .573 .237

Rotated component matrix	varimax		oblimin		promax	
Variables	F1	F2	F1	F2	F1	F2
M3.a. Trust in family members	.117	.821	.327	.826	.351	.82
M3.b. Trust in relatives	.178	.800	.380	.819	.403	.817
M3.c. Trust in people in own village	.572	.531	.690	.649	.702	.67
M3.d. Trust in people outside the village	.779	.089	.775	.267	.771	.306
M3.e. Trust in people of same ethnic group	.798	.324	.854	.500	.857	.53
M3.f. Trust in people outside ethnic group	.850	.228	.880	.419	.880	.460
M3.g. Trust in people from same church/mosque	.391	.627	.541	.700	.557	.712
M3.h. Trust in people not from same church/mosque	.762	.246	.800	.416	.801	.452

	Trust in Ma	lawi: correl	ation of co	mponents
	Componei	nt Correlation	Matrix	
	Component	1	2	
	1	1.000	.477	
	2	.477	1.000	
	Extraction Meth Rotation Metho	•	•	
			0040	612
Spi	ring 2010	© Erling Be	rge 2010	613

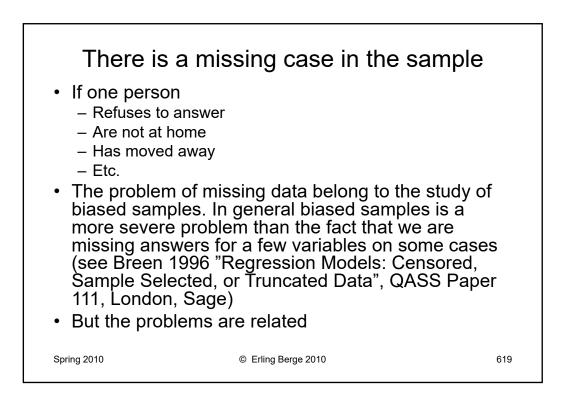


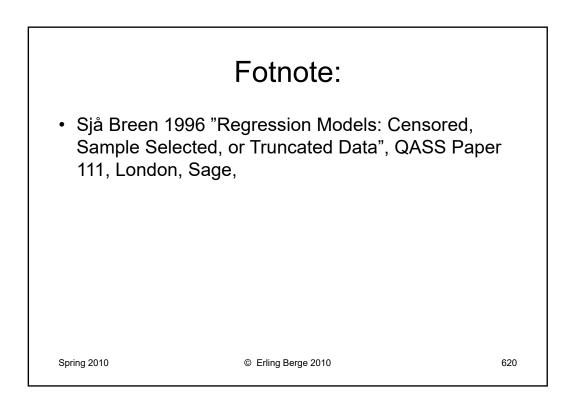


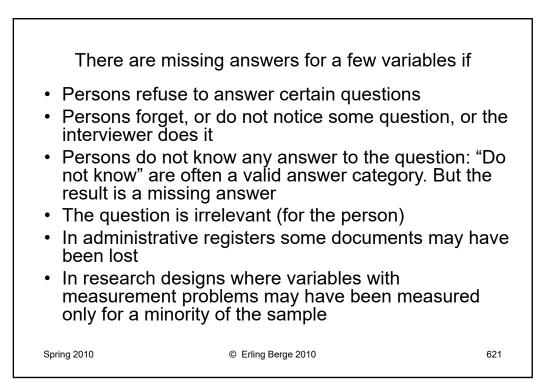


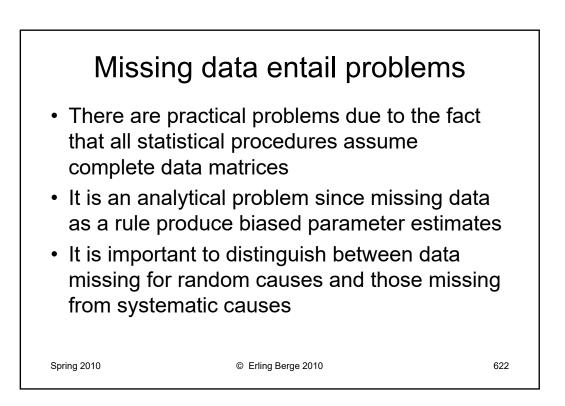
		Case Proce	essing Summ	агу			
				Ca	ses		
		Va	lid	Mis	sing	To	ıtal
	District	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percen
REGR factor score on F1	Rumphi	43	95.6%	2	4.4%	45	100.09
orthogonal factors varimax	Mzimba	37	82.2%	8	17.8%	45	100.09
	Kasungu	47	95.9%	2	4.1%	49	100.09
	Dowa	49	98.0%	1	2.0%	50	100.09
	Chiradzulu	46	93.9%	3	6.1%	49	100.09
	Phalombe	44	97.8%	1	2.2%	45	100.09
			ssing Summa	-			
			ssing Summa	iry Cas Miss	:es	Tot	al
	C District	Case Proce	ssing Summa	Cas	:es	Tot N	al Percent
REGR factor score on F2		C ase Proce Va	ssing Summa	Cas Miss	ing		Percent
REGR factor score on F2 orthogonal factors varimax	District	C ase Proce Va N	ssing Summa lid Percent	Cas Miss N	ing Percent	N	Percent 100.0%
orthogonal factors	District Rumphi	Case Proce Va N 43	iid Percent 95.6%	Cas Miss N 2	ies ing Percent 4.4%	N 45	Percent 100.0% 100.0%
orthogonal factors	– District Rumphi Mzimba	Case Proce Va N 43 37	iid Percent 95.6% 82.2%	Cas Miss N 2 8	ies ing Percent 4.4% 17.8%	N 45 45	
orthogonal factors	– District Rumphi Mzimba Kasungu	Case Proce Va N 43 37 47	ssing Summa lid Percent 95.6% 82.2% 95.9%	Cas Miss N 2 8 2	es ing Percent 4.4% 17.8% 4.1%	N 45 45 49	Percent 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%

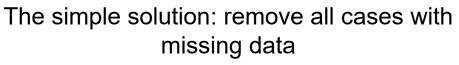












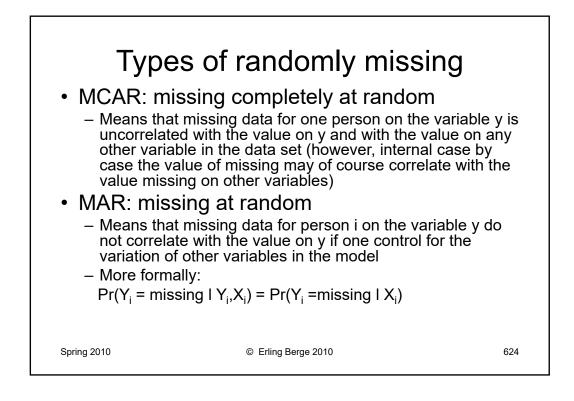
- Listwise/ casewise removal of missing data means to remove all cases missing data on one or more variables included in the model
- The method has good properties, but may in some cases remove most of the cases in the sample
- Alternatives like pairwise removal or replacement with average variable value has proved not to have good properties
- More recently developed methods like "maximum likelihood" and "multiple imputation" have better properties but are more demanding

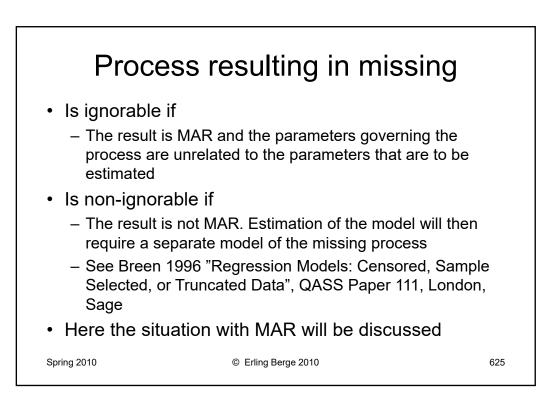
• In general it pays to do good work in the data collection stage

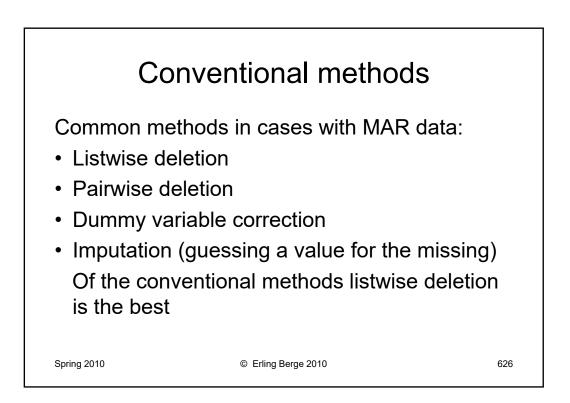
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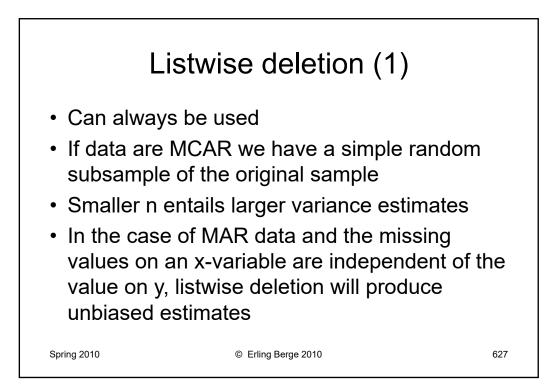
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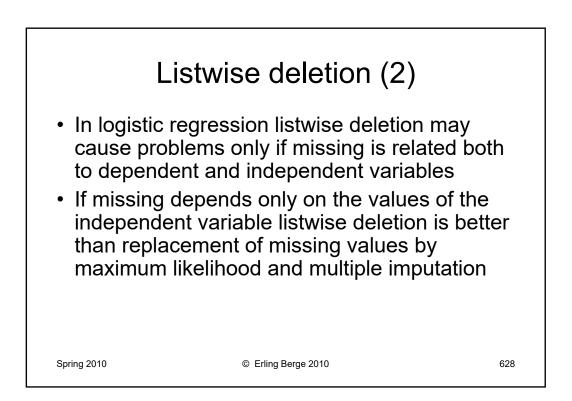
623

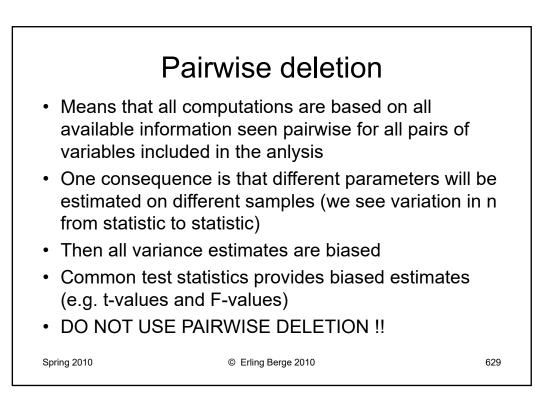


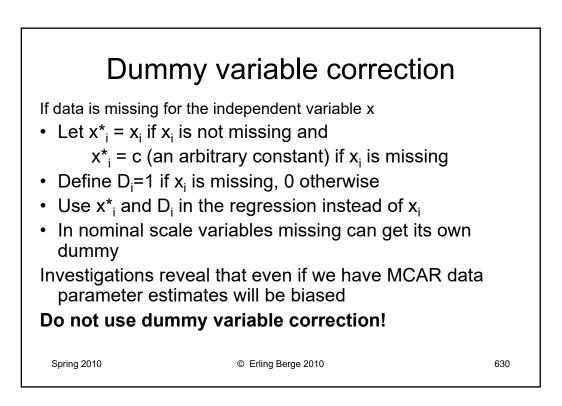


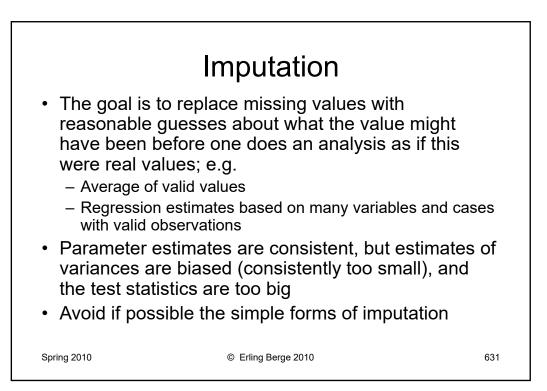


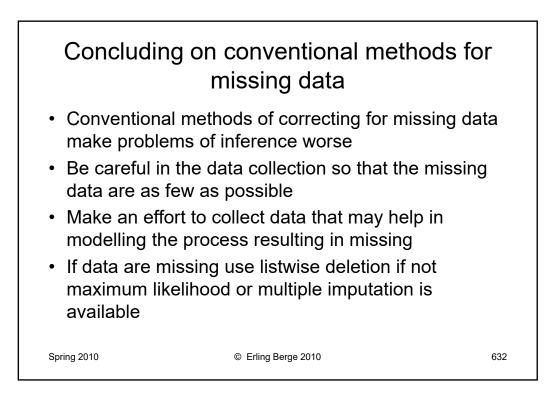


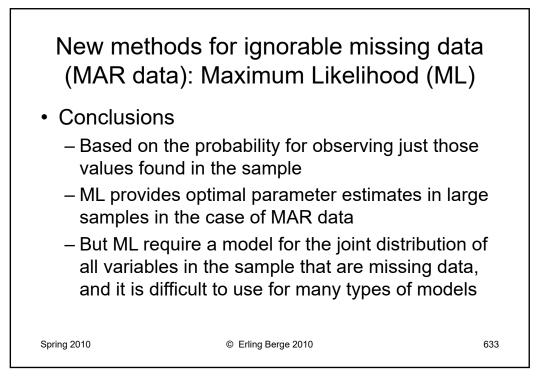


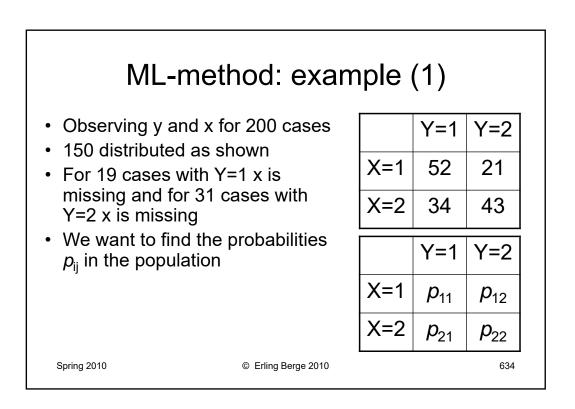


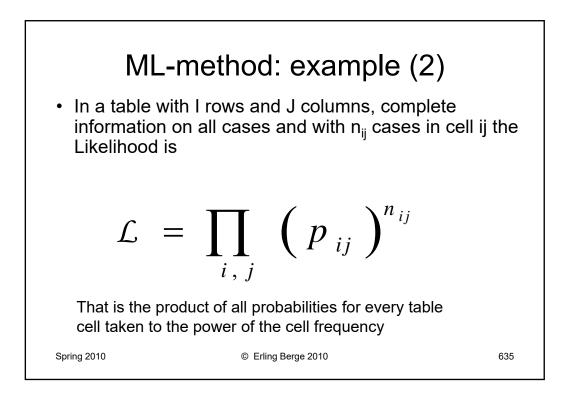


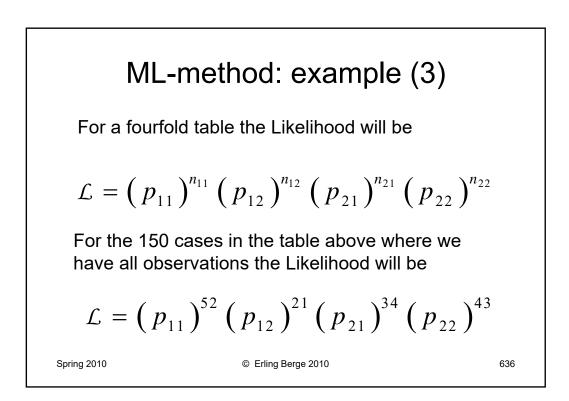


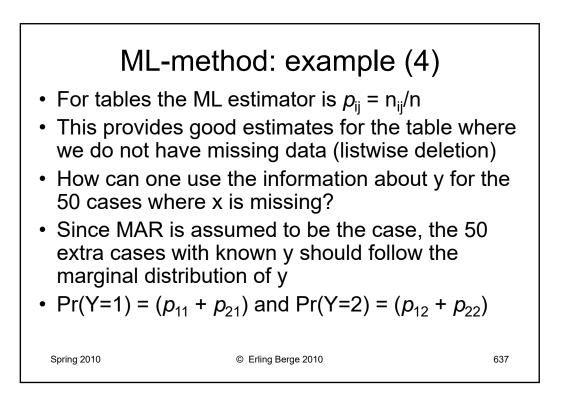


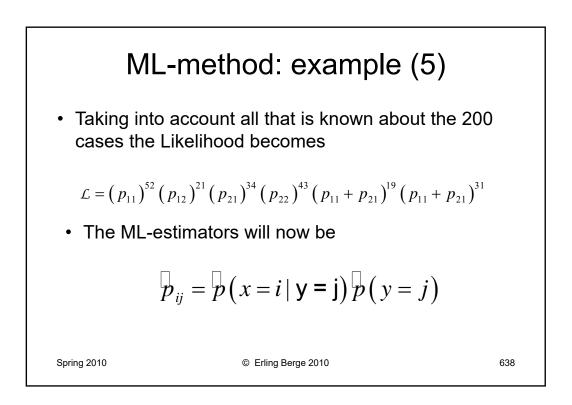












ML	-method: exa	ample (6)
0	account the informa nissing data, paran	ation we have about neter estimates
Estimate of	Missing deleted	Missing included
P ₁₁	0.346	0.317
P ₂₁	0.227	0.208
P ₁₂	0.140	0.156
p ₂₂	0.287	0.319
Spring 2010	© Erling Berge 2010	0 639

